The Courier-Journal.

VOL. XXXIX. LOUISVILLE, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1869. NEW SERIES—NUMBER 380

WASHINGTON.

Spanish Opposition to American Mediation in Cuba.

Constitutionality of the Cotton Tax to be Tested.

Dearth of Revolutions in Mexico.

Organized Raid on Kentucky Officeholders.

Postmaster Speed and Assessors Needham and Spencer on the Black List.

Etc., Etc. Etc.

[Special Telegraphic Correspondence of the Courier-Journal.]

CUBA.

WASHINGTON, September 21.—Dispatches have been received by mail from Minister Sickles, but the only information that the Department will let out regarding them is that nothing definite has resulted from the tender of mediation to Spain on Cuban matters. The Spanish newspapers received at the Department all oppose the proposed mediation.

TREASURY RUMORS.

Among the rumors prevailing in Treasury quarters to-day was one that the Secretary intended next week to buy bonds and pay gold for them instead of selling gold for currency and then buying bonds for currency.

THE COTTON TAX.

The Supreme Court meets here in ten days. One of the most important cases to be brought before it for decision at this term is the question of the constitutionality of the late tax on raw cotton. There are several millions of claims to be preferred against the Government for the refunding of the amount collected, provided the decision is adverse to the Government.

PARAGUAY.

Secretary Fish discredits the report that the war in Paraguay is at an end. He believes that Lopez will again rally his scattered forces and continue the struggle.

MEXICO.

Dispatches just received here from Mexico report quiet in all the States. Everything is favorable to a return of prosperity. Senor Matta, formerly Mexican Minister to this Government, is endeavoring to become the leader of the opposition. President Juarez will not be a candidate for re-election.

VIRGINIA.

A prominent Richmond Radical who arrived here denounces the New York Herald's report that an attempt would be made to prevent a session of the Virginia Legislature. He says the Legislature will no doubt meet and adopt the fifteenth amendment by an almost unanimous vote. His impression is the Conservatives will postpone an election of Senators until after Congress shall have admitted the State.

KENTUCKY OFFICES.

The Republicans in Kentucky known as the extreme wing have decided to make, through their representatives here, a raid on the Kentucky office-holders. They intend to furnish a list to the President of such as are not up to the advanced position of Radicalism, and demand their removal. They say that nearly all of the office-holders refuse to indorse the 14th amendment, and utterly repudiate the 15th amendment, while those who have been in office six years must go anyway, no matter how radical they are. Assurances from the President, they declare, warrant them in hoping for complete success. Postmaster Speed, of Louisville, Assessor Needham, of the same city, and Assessor Spencer, of the Fourth Kentucky District, are on their list already for removal.

SIBERIA.

Return of the Eclipse Party—The Exhibition a Failure.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 21.—The United States steamer Mohican returned from Siberia to-night, with Professors Hall and Rogers, of the United States Naval Observatory, at Washington, who went north to observe the eclipse. The exhibition was a decided failure. The steamer arrived at Plover Bay July 30th, and anchored in Emma harbor. The astronomical party erected an observatory on Wapcum Spit, at which Prof. Rogers took his station, while Prof. Hall proceeded to Bandhead, the place selected by the observatory. The was favorable till the hour before contact, when dense clouds obscured the sun, lasting half an hour after egress, and then cleared off before.

JAPAN.

Unsettled State of the Country—Another War Probable.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 20.—Japan private advices state that the currency is in a bad way. Much spurious money is in circulation. The paper currency is at a discount. Trade is dull and business almost at a stand still.

The Mikado is still at Yeddo. Great jealousies exist among the Daimios. Another outbreak is expected before long. It is said there was a conspiracy at Kiota a few weeks ago to set up another Mikado, and their plan was nearly completed when discovered and put down. It was organized by people opposed to the Mikado's coming to Yeddo. Japan is by no means settled.

Great preparations are being made to receive the Duke of Edinburgh. Extraordinary attention on all sides will be shown him. As much of Japan as can will go to see him.

SYRACUSE.

Assembling of Delegates to the Democratic Convention—The Platform Indicated.

SYRACUSE, Sept. 21.—Nearly all the delegates to the Democratic State Convention are in the city. It is said Horatio Seymour will not take part in the proceedings. Gen. Slocum is mentioned for temporary chairman and Lieut Gov. Beach for permanent President.

The platform will be rather conservative. It will not go as far as the Ohio Democratic platform, nor will it be a copy of the Massachusetts Democracy. Its leading points will be a demand for the restoration of the Southern States; general amnesty, a fulfillment of obligations of contract with regard to the Government bonds, opposition to the proposed 15th amendment, and opposition to the amended State Constitution, excepting the article concerning the judiciary. There is a general good feeling among the delegates.

BOSTON.

Discharged—Great Loss of Life by the Gale.

BOSTON, Sept. 20.—The examination of Louisa W. Minor, charged with poisoning the family of Dr. Seannis, of Lowell, resulted in her discharge.

Twenty-one persons belonging to Rockport were lost during the gale on the 8th inst. Seven bodies have been recovered and brought home and received christian burial. All were engaged in the fishing business.

RICHMOND.

Inauguration of Gov. Walker.

RICHMOND, Sept. 21.—Governor Walker was installed as provisional Governor at the Gubernatorial Mansion to-day at noon, General Canby being present. Governor Wells turned over the office to the new incumbent who took the iron-clad and other oaths of office. There were no ceremonies and no demonstrations except the gathering of a large crowd of white and colored people to congratulate the new Governor, who shook hands with them.

CUBA.

A Voluntary Loan.

HAVANA, Sept. 21.—The Directors of the Abansia Bank have offered aid to the government for the purpose of carrying on the war to the amount of the total profits of the bank while the rebellion lasts. The directors have paid on account of such amount $30,000.

Result of the Maine Election.

AUGUSTA, ME., Sept. 21.—The entire vote of the State has been received except thirty-seven small towns and plantations. Chamberlain 50,901, Smith 38,277 and Hichborn 4,642. The Senate stands 28 Republicans to 3 Democrats, a Democratic gain of one. House 113 Republicans to 34 Democrats, with four districts to hear from. Last year the House stood: Republicans, 121; Democrats, 30.

New York Good Templars.

ROCHESTER, Sept. 21.—The Grand Lodge of Good Templars of this State assembled in Corinthian Hall to-day. About 100 delegates are in attendance. The session will occupy three days. A public meeting will be held this evening and several addresses delivered.

Impeachment.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 21.—In the Jefferson City Common Council last night, articles of impeachment were preferred against Mayor Leech for alleged peculation. The Mayor has been suspended. The trial commences to-morrow.

Base Ball.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.—The base ball match of the Mutuals against the Nationals, of Washington, was won by the Mutuals. Score 43 to 16.

THE TURF.

First Day of the Buckeye Races—Fall Meeting—Herzog and Crossland the Winners.

[Special Dispatch to the Courier-Journal.]

CINCINNATI, Sept. 21.—The first day of the fall meeting opened with two splendid races, Herzog carrying off the sweepstakes purse of $1,000, and Buford's Crossland the club purse of $500. The weather was cloudy, with a slight shower in the afternoon, notwithstanding which the attendance was good, and a large amount of money changed hands. The following is the summary:

FIRST RACE—Sweepstakes for three-year-old colts and fillies. Mile heats. $50 subscription, play or pay. The club to add $1,000. Closed with the following nominations:

Jackson & Co.'s b. c. Herzog	3	1	1
Buford's b. c. Versailles	2	2	2
Richards & Kilgour's ch. c. John Kilgour	5	4	4
J. J. O'Fallon's br. f. Alta Vela	2	3	4
W. R. Babcock's b. c. Pompey Payne	4	3	5

Time: 1:43¾—1:44¾—1:45¾.

SECOND RACE—Club purse, $500—Two-mile heats for all ages.

Matthew Smith's (A. Buford's) br. c. Crossland	1	1
J. L. Keek's (D. Swigert's) b. f. Bonita	5	2
B. G. Bruce's (F. Bisack's) ch. m. Maggie Bunter	3	4
W. F. Anderson's (S. T. Drane's) ch. c. Joe Aikin	4	dis
J. R. Waley's Alsoo Cadwallader's c. f. Emma Mansfield	2	3
J. H. Smith's (J. J. O'Fallon's) ch. b. Plantagenet	[illegible]	[illegible]

Time—3:41—3:37.

NEW YORK.

Financial and Commercial Markets.

Reform in the Management of the State Canals.

Extensive Frauds in the Methodist Book Concern.

A Pious Swindle of $150,000 Per Annum.

Etc., Etc., Etc.

[Special Dispatch to the Courier-Journal.]

MONETARY.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.—Money active at 7 per cent. in gold on call, with brokers paying extra concessions to have stocks carried. Shipments of currency to the West have increased, but small notes bring only half per cent. premium. Discounts are exceedingly difficult at 10@15 per cent. The money market is disturbed. Gold closed strong. The bull party is sufficiently strong with the aid of the Treasury Department to force an advance, but for the depression in Exchange, which is now about low enough to bring gold from Europe.

BONDS.

Government bonds were dull and without important feature.

RAILROAD SHARES, ETC.,

opened feverish and unsettled. New York Central fluctuated between 203¼ and 199¼. Rock Island declined to 108¼ under a report that the next dividend will be only 3½ per cent. Pacific Mail touched 78¼ on confirmation of a rumored change of management. Chicago and Alton unusually active and favorable at the last Board at 148, while at the second Board it sold as low as 141¼. Northwest and Michigan Southern were active, but the money market caused all stocks to close dull and heavy.

THE STATE CANALS.

A convention has been called to meet in this city on the 19th of October to make an effort to secure a better management of the State canals. The corrupt practices of the late Radical State officers are strongly denounced. Leading Republicans unite in the call.

OUR OWN MARKET REPORT.

Specially Telegraphed to the Courier-Journal.

EXPORTS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.—Exports for the past week—Flour 88,000 bbls, wheat 674,000 bushels pork 1,660 bbls, bacon 820,000 pounds, lard 376,000 pounds, hops 1,400 bales.

BREADSTUFFS.

Flour irregular but on the whole there is a more confident tone among holders. Wheat—Speculation forced shippers to pay full prices, but they would not operate freely at over $1 50 for amber Ohio. One load No. 2 spring, good steamer wheat sold at $1 48. Corn and oats nominal; held at the views of buyers. A reported serious break in the canal strengthened holders, but shippers of wheat encounter much difficulty in negotiating exchange. Good bills sold 3 per cent. below par.

PROVISIONS.

The movement in pork was about 2,700 bbls, closing very firm, but other hog products quiet.

GROCERIES.

Coffee quiet; Rio 18¼@23¼c. Sugar active and firmer; fair to prime grocery 12¾@13¼c; best crushed 17¼c; soft white 16@16¾c.

FREIGHTS.

Forty-two thousand bushels wheat, mostly to Liverpool, at 9¼@10¼d by sail and steam.

LIVE STOCK.

Beef Cattle—Receipts 1,214; quality a fair average. A few choice steers brought 16@16¼c; fair to good do, 14@15c, and some poor steers $35 per head, but there was little demand, and a thousand head were left over unsold.

Sheep—Receipts 3,366; dull and unchanged; sheep 4¼@6¼c; lambs 7¼@8¼c.

Hogs—Receipts, 2,665 head; the market is easier at 9¾@10¼c. Sales 119 rough Michigan, 202 lbs, at 9¼c; 63 coarse Ohio, 196 lbs, at 9¼c; 341 prime Illinois, 196 lbs, at 10¼c.

[To the Associated Press.]

FRAUDS IN THE METHODIST BOOK CONCERN.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.—The Times says: "We are creditably informed that the new agent of the Methodist Book Concern, Rev. Dr. Lanahan, has discovered in that establishment great corruption and fraud, involving losses to the amount of several hundred thousand dollars. The subject is now undergoing investigation. As soon as the details can be given to the public without prejudice to any but the culpable parties they will be furnished. These frauds, it is said, have been going on for some eight or nine years, and of course their full extent is not yet ascertained with precision."

EXTENT OF THE SWINDLE.

It appears that the fraud discovered in the Methodist Book Concern consists in the alleged fact that a son of Dr. Porter, one of the agents, has received a commission for the past eight or nine years, averaging 7 per cent. for purchasing printing paper for the institution. That is, the agent permitted his son, who is a paper broker, to charge a heavy commission for doing what it was the agent's duty to do himself. Report says the purchases on which commissions have been allowed, amounted to $150,000 per annum, and also that the son sold paper to the concern at rates which gave him a greater profit. Irregularities are also reported in the boarding department, but no particulars are known. A rigid investigation is progressing, and the implicated parties have been dismissed.

REDDY, THE BLACKSMITH.

Wm. Varley, alias Reddy, the blacksmith, was arraigned for trial this morning in the Court of General Sessions. The court-room was densely thronged. Complainant Lawrence Graham failing to appear, Reddy was remanded to the city prison.

THE STATE CANALS.

The commissioners appointed by the Citizens' Association, Chamber of Commerce, and Produce Exchange have called a convention of the representatives of all boards and associations throughout the State interested in the management and trade of canals to meet in New York on the 19th of October to confer for the purpose of instituting reforms in the management of canals. The commissioners of the Citizens' Association charge that the condition of the canals is deplorable; that the State's money has been fraudulently disposed of, and suggest the reform needed is to put out the officials who have been guilty of neglecting their trusts.

THE ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

It appears the insurance case alluded to yesterday was one where there are two claimants, those of the first wife as heirs of their mother, and the second wife as creditor, to repay money gambled away in stock by a husband, who committed suicide. The Royal Insurance Company is sued by both parties, and simply declines to pay either parties until a decision is given by the court as to which is entitled to the money.

ORDNANCE FOR THE PACIFIC.

The ship La Semilla has cleared for San Francisco with 10,000 tons of ordnance, &c., for Mare Island navy yard. The Semiramis, to sail soon is to take a similar freight.

FRAUDULENT PENSIONER.

Mary Ennis, who has continued to draw a pension as widow of Michael Ennis, a deceased Union soldier, although since married to Jas. King, has been held for trial.

SANITARY.

The cases admitted to the quarantine hospital from the French corvette, D'Estres are not yellow fever, but merely intermittent fever and debility.

A CANADIAN DEFAULTER.

Detectives arrived here in search of Myers, an absconding defaulter of the branch of the Montreal Bank at Quebec, who has been seen in this city. They are confident of recovering a large portion of the abstracted $300,000.

FOREIGN.

The Course of Gen. Sickles in Spain.

No Room for Protestants in the Roman Council.

Contradictory Accounts of the Struggle in Paraguay.

Disappearance of the Chief Justice Clerk of Scotland.

Ismael Pacha Dreads the Bowstring.

Etc., Etc., Etc.

[BY CABLE TELEGRAPH.]

ENGLAND.

GEN. SICKLES AS A DIPLOMAT.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—The Paris correspondent of the Times writes as follows: "The note of the American Minister to the Spanish Government in regard to Cuba varies both in its tone and conclusions from the diplomatic communications between the Spanish Minister at Washington and the Government of the United States. The diplomatic experience of General Sickles is limited, and probably insufficient for him to rightly estimate the value and effect of his words. Doubtless he is much surprised at the excitement they have created, and it will be difficult for his Government to approve of them. No pretext exists for recognizing the Cuban insurrection, which does not hold a single town or position, and owes its prolongation to the action of the climate on its opponents and the facilities afforded to the insurgents in a thinly peopled country. The appointment of General Sickles as Minister to Spain was greatly criticised, and has not been sanctioned by the Senate. That body will do itself credit by refusing to confirm the appointment of a man who has made so bad a first appearance in diplomacy."

A letter from Madrid to the Standard says Gen. Sickles in his note intimates that the Government at Washington might under force of public opinion be compelled to recognize the Cuban insurgents. He reminds the Spanish Government of the good faith which the United States has hitherto preserved, its respect for international law and its unwillingness to embarrass Spain. Altogether the note is not of an alarming nature, but the reticence of the Government allowing the people to remain in ignorance of its contents justifies the violent comments which have appeared in the Spanish papers for the past few days.

THE CHINA TRADE.

The Pall Mall Gazette reviews the idea of a Chinese policy put forth by Mr. Browne, late American Minister to China. It says the sum of his argument is the opening of new markets to Christian traders. In point of fact there is nothing to show that the difficulties between foreigners and the Chinese are merely questions of interpretation. A truer account would be that the former forced the Chinese to grant privileges which the latter not daring to withdraw seek to evade. The extortion of such privileges is a mistake. If intercourse with China is no better than a series of little wars, we must be content to measure the right of trade with China by her willingness to trade with us.

THE ECUMENICAL COUNCIL.

The Pope has sent a communication to Cardinal Manning in reference to the proposal of Dr. Cummings to appear at the Ecumenical Council. The Pope refers Dr. Cummings to the terms of the letter of administration addressed to Protestants, and says he will find it is an invitation not to a discussion, but only to profit by the opportunity to return to the church. The Pope says, in conclusion, that there is no room at the council for the defense of errors which have already been condemned.

The Times in commenting on the above says the conditions of Rome on Dr. Cummings' application is pronounced with unexpected promptitude. The Pope must have acquainted himself with the purport of Dr. Cummings' letter through the newspapers and replied before the receipt. Dr. Cummings is to be congratulated on the authoritative reply elicited. The Pope speaks plainly. If the doctor had considered the claims of the church he would have seen that there could have been no room for him in the Council.

THE BYRON CONTROVERSY.

Cyrus Redding, in a letter on the Byron controversy, expresses the belief that the charge made by Mrs. Stowe never existed out of her own brain. He says Lady Byron steadily refused to state the reason of separation.

WHILPLEY THE DEFRAUDER

has been convicted and sentenced to penal servitude for nine years.

FRANCE.

DEFECTION IN THE CHURCH.

PARIS, Sept. 21.—The papers publish a letter from Father Hyacinth, addressed to the Father of his order at Rome, announcing that he abandons his convent and ceases henceforth to preach in the church of Notre Dame of Paris. As a reason for this step he declares he cannot obey the orders of the Holy See. He protests before the Pope and Council against the doctrines and practices of the Romish church, which are not in accordance with the principles of Christianity.

A PARIS HORROR.

The bodies of six murdered persons, a woman and five children, have been found in a field near Paris. As yet the police have discovered no trace of assassination.

PRINCE METTERNICH

was received by the Emperor yesterday.

BARON BEUST

has not yet arrived at Paris.

MR. BURLINGAME

and the Chinese embassy will set out for Stockholm to-morrow. They propose to return in six weeks, when they go to Berlin.

THE PARTY OF THE LEFT.

PARIS, Sept. 21.—The party of the left will soon send out a manifesto calling for the early convocation of the Senate and Corps Legislatif.

THE EMPRESS' TOUR.

Preparations for the voyage of the Empress to the East have commenced.

A GREAT EVENT.

The French journals regard the letter of Pere Hyacinthe as a great religious and political event.

SPAIN.

UNFRIENDLINESS OF THE UNITED STATES.

MADRID, Sept. 21.—The journals of the city are still violent against the presumed unfriendliness of the American Government. Some of them urge an immediate declaration of war if the Cubans are recognized as belligerents. The ministry, after discussing the propriety of returning Gen. Sickles' note unanswered, have decided to postpone their action until the arrival of Gen. Prim.

SICKLES' NOTE.

The Epoca says Gen Sickles has withdrawn his note. The report is not generally believed.

A PLEBISCITUM.

The Republican journals are agitating in favor of a plebiscitum.

A REPUBLICAN ORATOR.

A great popular demonstration in honor of Senor Castellor, the Republican orator of the Cortes, was made in Saragossa yesterday.

SCOTLAND.

MYSTERIOUS DISAPPEARANCE.

EDINBURGH, Sept. 21.—The Right Hon. Geo. Patton, Chief Justice Clerk, of Scotland, has unaccountably disappeared. Nothing has been heard of him since Monday, A. M., and it is feared he has been foully dealt with.

THE GRIST-MILL RIOTS.

GLASGOW, Sept. 21.—It is officially announced that the committee appointed to investigate the late grist-mill riots have reported in favor of granting amnesty to all implicated.

SOUTH AMERICA.

CONTRADICTORY ACCOUNTS FROM PARAGUAY.

PARIS, September 21.—Reports from Brazilian sources represent that the defeat of Lopez at Ascu was a complete route, and that the struggle was ended. La Patrie, on the other hand, has a different account, which, while acknowledging that the Paraguayans have suffered a reverse, maintain that Lopez is still able and determined to continue the war. The Brazilian Commissioner to Paraguay had returned to Rio Janeiro.

EGYPT.

ISMAEL PACHA DECLINES.

ALEXANDRIA, Sept. 21.—It is reported that Ismael Pacha has countermanded the orders he had given to make preparations for his journey to Constantinople.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, Sept. 21, P. M.—Consols 92¾; account 92¾; 5-20 bonds, '62s, 83¾; '65s 82¾; '67s 81¾; 10-40s 75¾; '62s at Frankfort 87¼; Erie 21; Illinois 94¾; Atlantic and Great Western 25¾. Stocks quiet. French rentes firmer at 70f 90c.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 21.—Cotton heavy; middling uplands 13¼d; Orleans 13½@13¾d. Sales of 8,000 bales. Manchester advices unfavorable. Breadstuffs quiet and nominal. California white wheat 10s 10d; red Western 9s 6d. Western flour 24s 6d. Corn mixed 28s. Oats 3s 6d. Peas 40s. Receipts of wheat for the past three days 50,000 quarters, including 35,000 American. Pork 110s 6d. Beef 90s. Lard 77s. Cheese 61s 6d. Bacon 66s. Produce unchanged.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—Tallow firm at 46s 6d. Sugar 39s 9d@40s 9d.

ANTWERP, Sept. 21.—Petroleum steady and quiet. Cotton at Havre quiet at 155f.

Marine News.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—The steamships Tripoli, from New York, and Bertin, from Baltimore, arrived out.

THE I. O. O. F. FAIR.

Its Termination This Evening—Premium Horse and Buggy and Other Valuable Articles to be Raffled and Sold at Auction.

Another large and very select company of the youth and beauty and intelligence of Louisville attended the Ladies' Fair at Odd Fellows' Hall last evening. The occasion was one of the most interesting of the whole "carnival of pleasure," which has been in such delightful progress for more than a week. All the attractive resources of the fair managers were busily employed to the intense gratification of every visitor.

The stationary features of the entertainment seemed not to have lost their interest in the slightest degree, while the many new objects presented challenged the admiration of the most indifferent. As usual, the ladies in charge of the various departments, and their hosts of sister aids, were unwearying in their personal attentions to the immense throng of patrons. Such indomitable energy, such unremitting care, such long-sustained cheerfulness of labor, are rarely manifested even in behalf of an enterprise so preeminently worthy as that in which these Daughters of Rebecca are enlisted. They each and all deserve the warmest praise of the whole community, but especially of members of the order for which they have so zealously exerted themselves. In the establishment of the noble charity in view, a home for the widows and orphans of deceased Odd Fellows, and which, by the untiring and tireless action of these ladies, has been rendered inevitable, honor will be reflected not only upon Kentucky but upon the order throughout the broad realm of the Union.

This is the last evening of the fair. It will be decidedly more attractive than heretofore from a series of culminating incidents. The elegant buggy and fine, young horse will be raffled. This alone is exciting a perfect furore among the lovers of fast and sumptuous driving. It is hoped by the ladies to realize at least $1,200 for the horse and buggy, in which they surely ought not to be disappointed, for the chances are but five dollars each. Chance tickets may be had at the hall during the day. It is proposed to send the horse and buggy on a jaunt round town to-day for the inspection of the public. Take a good look, all of you, and then take a chance. The splendid cooking-range donated by J. S. Lithgow & Co., a fine cabinet organ, a huge trunk, two sewing machines, and some other valuable articles will also be disposed of by raffle. The auction sale, favorably inaugurated last night, will be continued this evening until everything salable shall have been knocked down to the highest bidder. From this brief insight into the closing programme, it can be readily judged that the fair will reach its finality through one of the busiest and most enjoyable scenes known to the oldest inhabitant. It is important to bear in mind that the refreshment and other tables will continue in full blast until the last moment, and that the good ladies and their coadjutors have resolved to abate none of their activity as long as there is a guest to serve.

GEN. RUNKLE'S.

Parade of the Grant Guards Yesterday—A Stray One Caught and Interviewed.

The following paragraph, which appeared in the Evening Express of yesterday, caused no little comment among the citizens generally:

About eight o'clock last night, a company of thirty or forty negroes, armed with muskets, behind a fife and drum, marched out Jackson street to the commons south of Broadway, where they were drilled for about two hours in the manual. What does it mean? Is war to be declared?

Desirous of finding out the truth or falsity of the report, and, if true, to what extent, and by what authority the negroes were armed and ready to do battle, a reporter of the COURIER-JOURNAL started yesterday afternoon for the locality named, to strike, if possible, some trail of the grand army. He had gone no further than Second street, when he ran afoul of a warlike darky circumvested with all the panoply of grim-visaged war. Down Second street he strode with martial strut and sable frown. The people all ran out of their houses to look at him, and men and women turned round and gazed as he passed.

This smelt like a mighty strong trail, and, believing that we had struck the right one, we followed him at a respectful distance. As he goes we describe him. On his feet are brogans, which bear the indisputable stamp of Uncle Sam's own. Next is a pair of dark-gray jeans breeches, with a red stripe on the side, which, in its upward journey, disappears under a bright scarlet jacket *en militaire*. On his shoulder is a rusty musket, while all is topped off with a cap which betokens a decent akin to the brogans.

Coming to Main he took down that populous thoroughfare to Third and thence to the river at a semi-run. Arriving at the river he seemed to be disconcerted and flew around like a bee in a tar barrel. We made haste to capture him, which we did after a hard chase, and at once commenced to interview him.

Reporter—"Which way?"
Soldier—"Up de ribber."
Reporter—"How far?"
Soldier—"To Maddysun."
Reporter—"After regulators?"
Soldier—"No, sir; to drill."
Reporter—"Do you belong to the military?"
Soldier—"To de regiment ob de Graunt Guards."
Reporter—"Who organized you?"
Soldier—"We's Gen. Runkle's sojers."
Reporter—"What does he propose to do with you?"
Soldier—"Don't know; only said he'd need us, and we jined."
Reporter—"Are you the same that were marching out Jackson street last night?"
Soldier—"Yes sur."

This was enough. The report was true, and they are General Runkle's soldiers. That's all the information we started for, and so we returned. On the way back we met a huge company of these red coats parading the streets. They marched to the river, and were taken on board a boat with a barge, which moved off and paddled away, we suppose, to "Maddysun." They go there to meet an Indianapolis company for a match drill.

METHODISM.

List of Appointments for the Southwestern Indiana Conference for the Ensuing Year.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 20.—The Southwestern Indiana Conference concluded its session this evening. The appointments do not differ materially from those of last year. The following are the appointments:

Indianapolis District—R. D. Robinson, P. E., Indianapolis; Roberts Chapel, T. C. Holliday; Asbury Chapel, S. T. Gillett; Trinity Chapel, J. M. Crawford; Grace Church, H. M. Mendenhall; Third Street, M. L. Wells; Castleton, J. C. White, Asa Sleeth; Lawrence, Samuel Pinkerton; Southport, Samuel C. Noble; Greenwood, T. W. Jones; Sugar Creek, D. C. Benjamin; Fairland, A. H. Reat; Nineveh, D. C. Tinker and J. H. Martin; Shelbyville, E. L. Dolph; Marietta, B. F. Cooper; Franklin, J. H. Lozier; Honston, to be supplied by E. H. Fair; and John W. Locke Professor in the Indiana Asbury University and member of the Asbury Quarterly Conference.

Connersville District—F. A. Hester, P. E., Connersville, J. S. Tevis; Laurel, George W. Fye; Columbia, James McCan (one to be supplied); Milton, Wm. Mauphia; Liberty, M. Mitchel; Blooming Grove, M. H. Mullen; Fairfield E. W. Burris; Brookville, T. H. Lynch; Mt. Carmel, F. S. Tank; New Trenton to be supplied by S. H. Whitmore; Milroy, L. Havens, and one to be supplied; Rushville, A. L. Marlatt; Carthage, G. W. Winchester, J. A. Sargent, J. P. D. John, President of Brookville College, and member of the Brookville Quarterly Conference.

Lawrenceburg District—J. B. Lathrop, P. E. Lawrenceburg, G. P. Jenkins; Aurora, C. Linsley; Wilmington, D. A. Robertson; Dillsboro, S. B. Falkenburg; Moore's Hill, S. Tincher; Manchester, R. Roberts; Guilford, John A. Maxwell; Belleview, to be supplied by Benjamin Plummer; New Pennington, R. A. Lemaster; Greensburg, First Church, R. M. Barnes, Centenary, G. L. Curtis; Milford, F. S. Woodstock; St. Paul, John S. Winchester; Waldron, Jesse Miller; Hope, S. Longdon. Joseph Cotton, agent of the Moore's Hill College, and member of Moore's Hill Quarterly Conference; T. G. Beharrell, agent of the Preachers' Aid Society and member of Moore's Hill Quarterly Conference.

Madison District—W. Terrell, Presiding Elder; Madison, Trinity Church, W. T. Saunders; Wesley Chapel, S. S. McMahan; Vevay, F. S. Potts; Mooresfield, A. L. Roogg Mt. Sterling, E. R. Baldwin, H. Morrow; Patriot, H. Harris; Rising Sun, W. W. Snyder; Hartford, Isaac Turner; Versailles, L. M. Reeves, O. S. Harrison; Canaan, Gideon M. Barber, W. H. Burton; Paris, to be supplied; Vernon, J. P. Fell, W. O. Pierce; North Vernon, L. H. Wood; Sardinia, W. S. Madison (one to be supplied); Dehnward, J. R. Sparks.

Jeffersonville District—S. C. Wood, P. E. Jeffersonville, Wall street, J. G. Chafee; Port Fulton, W. A. Thompson; Utica, J. W. Mellender; Charlestown, A. B. Hester; New Washington, T. S. Brooks; Kent, G. W. Bowman; Vienna, Wm. Fraser and Wm. Hall; Wooster, R. E. Obyrne; Seymour, W. Harrison; Brownstown, T. B. McClain; Scottsville, M. Black, T. B. Gerard; Columbus, S. E. Adkinson; Taylorsville, A. R. Tevis; Edinburg, John E. Pye; Belleville, to be supplied by [illegible]; Brownsville, J. W. Sullivan; Chaplain to Southern State Prison, and member of Wall Street Quarterly Conference.

The Opera House.

"Satan in Paris" went off quite creditably last night at the Opera House. It is to be succeeded to-night by a sensational drama of the most sensational school. We are to have Mrs. Southworth's "Hidden Hand." Mrs. Albaugh makes a specialty of the part of Capitola, which she plays with spirit. It is of course a fine-like production, but it has many points of absorbing interest which justify the pains that Mr. Albaugh bestows upon it. The dramatization of the "Hidden Hand" is good, and it seldom fails to draw largely.

THE SPEAKER OF THE SENATE.

A Word About Judge Alexander, of Fleming.

[Correspondence of the Courier-Journal.]

O'BANNON'S STATION, Sept. 20, 1869.

Some of the papers are recommending Judge Alexander, of Fleming, for Speaker of the Senate.

He is an old and tried Democrat, a gentleman and a scholar. I have known him long. A better choice could not be made. It is well known that prominent men in Eastern Kentucky, under the cloak of Democracy, led by W. H. Wadsworth, tried to run the people into the Radical ranks. Judge Alexander opposed this faction, and met them fairly and squarely on the great issues then before the country.

He ran for County Judge of Fleming against Col. Cox, who was the candidate of this Wadsworth move, in 1863. The administration had to resort to bayonets and homeguards to beat him. Col. Cox has since abandoned the clique, and is now a true Democrat.

After the war Judge Alexander was nominated for the Senate in his district. It was thought and said he was called on to lead a forlorn hope, the district being nearly 1,000 Radical and comprises a large territory, much of which is mountainous. The Radicals put in nomination their next ablest man to Wadsworth in that portion of the State, Dr. Samuel Maguire, who combined with the politician the reformed preacher, and was a very formidable man. The race was long and sharp. The debates were able and largely attended. The Judge came off winner, was elected by a handsome majority. There is no doubt that Judge Alexander was the choice of the Democracy of the Ninth district, when Judge Young got the nomination and beat the notorious Sam McKee. The Convention was for him; but some of those Wadsworth Democrats from Fleming were delegates and threw Alexander off. Judge Alexander is qualified to preside over the Senate, and is popular with the masses. The Senate ought to elect him Speaker. It is a notorious fact that Gov. Stevenson has passed all applications for office from Eastern Kentucky by, and given them to Middle and Southern Kentucky. It is due to that portion of the State that they should have the Speaker, and Judge Alexander ought to have it. He has devoted his whole life to the Democratic party, and instead of laying up money as he could have done, he has given his time to the interests of his party and friends, and is now qualified and fit to discharge the duties of any office in the State or nation, and I hope the Senate will consider his claims and the claims of this portion of the State, and give him the office. He is worthy and well qualified. I have met him in times of old when I was a Clay Whig and he a Democrat and often broke a lance with him in debate and can well attest his ability.

L.

THE GALT HOUSE.

WHAT THE NEWSPAPERS SAY.

From the Cincinnati Enquirer.

The Galt House, Louisville.

Our exchanges are full of the praises of this great establishment, and we do not think they have said a word too much. If Cincinnati had a hotel like it, it would prove greatly to her interest, and we often feel like advising our merchants to club together, buy it out and bring it here on wheels. People go to Louisville for the especial purpose of stopping at the Galt House, and it is really worth their while. Captain Miller has retired from the management, and sold his interest to his successor, Colonel Jilson P. Johnson, a distinguished Confederate officer, who served on the staff of General Breckinridge during the war, and is well and favorably known throughout the entire South. Under his administration the Galt cannot fail to be even more popular than it has been heretofore. We certainly wish it all possible success.

From the Boston Post.

Galt House, Louisville, Ky.

The telegraph announces that Col. Jilson P. Johnson, of Arkansas, has become proprietor of this celebrated hotel. Col. Johnson was chief of staff of Gen. John C. Breckinridge, and is widely and favorably known. The Galt House cost a million dollars, and is considered among the finest specimens of hotel architecture in the world. The Louisvillians are proud of their great hotel and its accomplished manager.

From the Augusta (Ga.) Constitutionalist.

The Galt House.

This great hotel, at Louisville, Kentucky, has passed under the control of Colonel Jilson P. Johnson, a gallant soldier, a true gentleman, a man of elegant and courteous manners—*the* man to keep a hotel. Under his directions the Galt House will rank as one among the principal hotels of the country, famous for its fare, for its clean, comfortable rooms, its polite waiters and attendants and the promptness towards guests of its principal officers. Remember the Galt House, and, when in Louisville, be sure to stay there.

From the N. Y. Express.

A Great Hotel.

The magnificent Galt House in Louisville, which is justly claimed to be among the great hotels of the world, has lately changed hands, and is now under the management of Col. Jilson P. Johnson, a Southern gentleman. Its success is secured undoubtedly by his accession to the proprietorship.

From the Frankfort Yeoman.

The Galt House.

We see by the Louisville papers that this splendid hotel has changed proprietors, and that Colonel Jilson P. Johnson supplants Silas F. Miller in the management. With the wide acquaintance and great popularity which Colonel Johnson enjoys, not only in Kentucky but throughout the whole Southwest, we shall expect to see the Galt House take the position in the favor of the traveling public to which its superior accommodations entitle it. Added to this the new proprietor is a thorough business man, and possesses that peculiar administrative tact and capacity which the modern system of hotel keeping demand.

DANVILLE SEMINARY.

Report of the General Assembly Investigating Committee.

[From the Lexington Statesman, 21.]

The committee appointed by the General Assembly which met in New York last spring, to investigate the affairs of the Theological Seminary at Danville, Kentucky, met in that city on last Thursday. Their examination into the affairs of it have been most thorough. A great amount of testimony, written and oral, was taken, and the committee announced that it was surprised at the unanimity of sentiment in regard to the condition of that institution and the remedy for it expressed by its friends all over the State. The trustees, the directors, the leading men of the church from all portions of the State, seemed to agree in regard both to facts as they exist and as to what is needed for the future usefulness of the school. The committee will recommend a most thorough reorganization of the faculty. Dr. Robert J. Breckinridge tendered his resignation as Professor of Theology to the Board of Directors, which was accepted, to take effect at the end of the present session—the last of October. Drs. Yerkes and West placed their chairs at the disposal of the committee, not being willing to stand in the way of a most complete reorganization of the faculty. It is believed that Dr. Landis will also resign, if he has not already done so. The Presbyterian churches in the State which adhere to the General Assembly are very much aroused to the welfare of that institution, believing that in a large degree the interest of the church depends upon that of the institution, and the church will expect the General Assembly to put the seminary in the way of great usefulness in the future.

E. D. KENNEDY.

He Defends Himself from Recent Attacks.

[To the Editor of the Cincinnati Gazette.]

Recent dispatches to you from Washington reflected on me in very severe terms, and on two other gentlemen, for defrauding colored people out of Government bounties, &c. The reflections were not one whit too severe if the premises were true. I beg leave to say that the whole statements, so far as I am concerned or know, are untrue. The parties who misled your Washington correspondent are guilty of a grave breach of confidence. The ostensible author of part of the untruths is and has been for ten years utterly unworthy of credit even on oath, as I am informed and believe from an affidavit now put in my possession. If a certain military personage, whose name I seldom or never use (such is my abhorrence of his character and private conduct), has been accessory to concocting these shameful calumnies, he did so to endeavor to hide or divert attention from his own dark deeds, which are now being scrutinized by his superiors in Washington. I am prepared to substantiate the painful allegations as to him by affidavits and by the testimony of gentlemen now visiting here from Louisville, Ky. People who live in glass houses should avoid throwing even small stones.

I am yours faithfully,

E. D. KENNEDY.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 15.

MAXWELL HOUSE.

The New Hotel at Nashville.

The Nashville Union and American of Sunday says:

This magnificent hotel was lighted up last night for the first time, and presented a handsome and showy appearance. The spacious rotunda, with its elegant Corinthian columns, and rich chandeliers, the palatial dining-room, with its ceiling of brilliancy, the gorgeous parlors, the attractive halls, and the elegantly-furnished rooms, were the subjects of admiration by all who entered, and they seemed to be not one exception [illegible] in outfit generally, [illegible] finest house in America. This may be considered an extravagant remark, but those who have visited every hotel of prominence in the country are of this way of thinking.

An immense crowd assembled in front of the building, and a large number of ladies and gentlemen were admitted to the house, and the occasioned a stir in this particular locality not often seen.

"We understand that the Maxwell will be opened on Wednesday next, and we doubt not it will be filled from the first."

THE COURTS.

LOUISVILLE CITY COURT.

HON. R. S. CRAIG, JUDGE.

TUESDAY, Sept. 21, 1869.

The following named parties were arraigned for drunkenness and disorderly conduct: Jack Hartman and J. M. Schwartz, $5 fine each by confession; John Armstrong, $5 fine and $100 bond for two months; Ed Taylor, $5 fine; Dan Hamm, $5 fine and $100 bond for two months; Pat Brennan, $5 fine and $100 bond for thirty days; Terry Frier, $5 fine and $100 bond for one month; Locher Frieir, $5 fine; Phil Burton, Fred Panton, and Ann Johnson, discharged.

Wm. Rathwell and Thomas Barry, disinterring the dead bodies of a man, woman and child from the St. Louis cemetery, on the Newberg road; each held in $500 bond in three cases to answer; also, held in $500 to answer the charge of stealing clothes from Eugene Wilkins.

Mary Harris vs. Mary Conklin, Bridget Dolan vs. Mrs. Mrs. Sullivan and Mary Given vs. Anna Callaher, peace warrants; each suspended and rule ordered against Conn Callaher and James Given to show cause why they do not defend for their wives.

Robt. Hopkins, shooting and wounding Paul Becker with intent to kill; continued until Tuesday by agreement.

John Lynn, obtaining $16 under false pretenses from Mary Dugan; discharged.

JEFFERSON COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

HON. R. J. STITES, JUDGE.

The court met yesterday morning at the usual hour. The docket was called, and all of the cases were re-assigned, and then the court adjourned till this morning at 10 o'clock.

TO-DAY'S DOCKET.

Anna Vesey vs. James Kilpatrick.
John P. Fairfax vs. R. Richardson.
John Dunn vs. Geo. Dunn.
Geo. Dunn vs. John Dunn.
Geo. D. Allen vs. J. F. Vaughan.
A. Hamilton vs. J. C. Dale, &c.
L. P. Weatherby vs. C. C. Hohs.
B. G. Levi vs. A. H. Funk.

For the benefit of the legal profession, we publish the cases set for hearing on Saturday next. The docket is the largest on record in this court:

SATURDAY'S DOCKET.

323. Henry Duncan vs. Miller & Leonard.
1332. Newcomb, Buchanan, & Co. vs. J. H. Smith.
[illegible]. Henry Duncan vs. Miller & Leonard.
[illegible]. David Cole vs. D. S. Mills.
[illegible]. H. C. Bowman vs. Jno. Raffo.
[illegible]. Bennett, Pope, & Co. vs. John Curran.
[illegible]. R. W. Ronald vs. W. M. Rice.
5442. J. M. Shaffer & Co. vs. James Bate.
5444. A. Highfield vs. N. Q. Pope.
[illegible]. Samuel Weisbart vs. Wm. Art, &c.
[illegible]. C. B. Sheppard vs. W. R. Meeker.
[illegible]. L. & G. Bromner vs. F. Kreamer.
[illegible]. Ross Wilkes vs. J. W. Benson.
[illegible]. R. F. Vernon vs. R. J. Caffrey.
[illegible]. W. T. Samuels vs. R. McCallum & Co.
[illegible]. Same vs. same.
[illegible]. Wm. Roberts vs. J. D. Hamilton, &c.
[illegible]. John Coon vs. Chas. Tienendorf.
[illegible]. W. C. Culbertson vs. J. M. Moore, &c.
[illegible]. L. Sesh vs. C. W. Kahlert.
[illegible]. Daniel & Porter vs. R. G. Goodall.
[illegible]. R. Wright, &c., vs. J. H. Colston, &c.
[illegible]. P. J. O'Reilly vs. C. J. Prentice.
[illegible]. Adolph Levi vs. Nicholas Smith.
[illegible]. John Bartman vs. B. L. Gaar.
[illegible]. Adam Bruecher vs. Jacob Bald.
[illegible]. Chris. Daubert vs. Funk & Doerr.
[illegible]. J. T. Norwood vs. Downs & Dulaney.
6345. Edw. Holbrook vs. Jas. A. Miller, &c.
6350. H. Deppen vs. Thorne & Thelman.
[illegible]. Jas. D. Allen vs. John Buff.
[illegible]. T. W. Gibson, &c., vs. Elizabeth Bolsch.
[illegible]. Lou. Trans. Co. vs. John Gillespie.
[illegible]. S. Ghiman & Co. vs. Zoeller & Bro.
[illegible]. M. Chambers & Co. vs. J. A. McClelland, &c.
6377. Ed. Holbrook vs. Gabm Henderson, &c.
[illegible]. Fielding & Desendorf, vs. Heeter & Gaines.
6391. J. G. Coke vs. Patton & Bates, &c.
[illegible]. Kate Kelley vs. J. B. Phillips.
[illegible]. J. S. Nadal vs. M. W. Ferguson, &c.
[illegible]. L. Dennis vs. J. F. Miller.
[illegible]. G. W. Robertson vs. Jeff. Brown.
6400. B. Burkenfield vs. C. Lenhard.
[illegible]. Dickman & Hurbert vs. J. W. Heeter, &c.
[illegible]. Ryan, Carpenter & Co. vs. J. B. Alexander.
[illegible]. Ed. Holbrook vs. James A. Miller, &c.
6415. A. T. Pope, assignee, vs. Dave Humphreys.
[illegible]. Urban Engele vs. John Yann.
[illegible]. Mary G. Krms vs. Courier-Journal Co.
6418. Frank Runig vs. P. A. W. Pfeiffer.
6420. O. W. Harding vs. Tuck & Womack.
6430. Same vs. same.
6431. Saml. S. McGibbons vs. Jas. M. Murphy.
[illegible]. Willis Clagett vs. same.
[illegible]. Morgan & McGibbons vs. same.
[illegible]. E. C. Haskell vs. J. Lyle, &c.
6439. George Grant vs. Colston and Grapp.
[illegible]. J. R. Gheers & Co. vs. Andrew Finnegan.
6442. L. A. Bachus vs. Frank Walcott.
[illegible]. Frederica Davis &c. vs. Sherman P. Whaley.
[illegible]. Guy, Douglas & Co. vs. Chas. Klapper.
[illegible]. M. Friedman vs. Jno. Gay.
[illegible]. Henry Phillips vs. Henry Lyter.
[illegible]. A. T. Fullerton vs. Jno. S. Gallagher.
[illegible]. Bank of Kentucky vs. D. G. Venable &c.
[illegible]. Same vs. S. M. Major &c.
[illegible]. J. N. Owens vs. C. M. Walford.
[illegible]. R. H. Crump vs. O'Bannon & Bashaw.
[illegible]. Mary Fillion vs. M. E. Cooper.
[illegible]. C. C. Atkins & Co. vs. Sam. E. Keyt &c.
[illegible]. Hesmar & Co. vs. Jno. Haas.
[illegible]. H. G. Van Seggern vs. James A. Miller.
[illegible]. C. B. Lasell vs. J. W. Heeter &c.
[illegible]. J. W. Hawes vs. John McCarthy.
[illegible]. John Rebl vs. Cohen & Levin.
[illegible]. J. M. Brown vs. J. H. Colston &c.
[illegible]. Margaret Olvaney vs. Chas. Arbegust.
[illegible]. J. M. Hullings & Co. vs. John Gay.
[illegible]. J. M. Davis & Co. vs. Joseph Wahl.
[illegible]. C. Bulle vs. Robert Crutchfield, &c.
[illegible]. J. W. Pugh vs. F. C. Wetman.
[illegible]. R. Leitter vs. P. Butler.
[illegible]. R. S. Owens vs. R. H. Reid.
6490. Reinhardt and wife vs. P. S. Barber.
[illegible]. H. G. Van Seggern vs. Thos. Slevin.
6495. Linden & Little vs. John Haley.
[illegible]. Wilson & Bradbury vs. J. H. Colston, &c.
[illegible]. U. Brown vs. J. J. Pilcher.
[illegible]. H. Thurman vs. M. Dickel.
[illegible]. Same vs. E. Donohue.
[illegible]. Schiefedants & Sewell vs. R. & W. Sauer, &c.
6510. S. Grant, guardian, vs. Theresa Sanders.
6511. Same vs. same.
[illegible]. J. P. Nell, guard., vs. same.
6517. C. N. Warren & Co. vs. J. H. Colston & Co.
[illegible]. R. D. Stone vs. J. M. Woodsmall.
[illegible]. John E. Carpenter vs. Geo. Brobston.
[illegible]. R. M. Brown vs. J. H. Carrico, &c.
6527. Poplar Level T. P. Company vs. H. M. Bullitt, &c.
[illegible]. Same vs. C. H. Meriwether.
[illegible]. Geo. Doell vs. Chas. Trowbridge.
[illegible]. H. Campbell & Co. vs. R. H. Gresham.
6535. Johnson, Satler & Co. vs. John Cross.
6538. C. Y. Duncan vs. D. G. Venable, &c.
6539. John Shanks vs. Willard & Whipps.
[illegible]. Vanderhoff, Beatty & Co. vs. J. W. Heeter, &c.
6545. L. C. Tappey vs. J. N. Kellogg, &c.
[illegible]. Same vs. C. L. Reed, &c.
[illegible]. Kate Berger vs. H. Jackson, &c.
[illegible]. Geo. Dickinson vs. J. W. Heeter.
[illegible]. Robinson & Fairbanks vs. E. S. Gaillard.
[illegible]. Schrodt & Coldeway vs. James Gannon.
6558. Wm. McMeans vs. John M. Myers.
[illegible]. J. A. & J. Gumper vs. J. H. Colston, &c.
[illegible]. J. W. Leitzle, &c., vs. J. B. Long, &c.
[illegible]. Jas. Anderson vs. R. Ten Broek.
[illegible]. John Smith vs. L. Long & Co.
[illegible]. Same vs. same.
[illegible]. G. R. Kelly vs. John Haley.
[illegible]. R. B. Kean, &c., vs. Boes & Lucking, &c.
[illegible]. T. Yeskins vs. H. Wibben.
6572. John Pearce vs. Z. M. Sherley.
6573. Same vs. same.
6574. Galt & Fulton vs. N. P. Pfeiffer.
6575. John W. Herron, assignee, vs. F. Kusler.
6577. Z. Coblins vs. D. Kern, &c.
6578. Ellis Speigleberg vs. Z. M. Sherley.
6579. Lou. Pilots' B. and R. A. vs. Wm. Varble.
6581. Fielding Desendorf vs. J. W. Heeter.
[illegible]. Forbitz & Castleman vs. Dow & Esten.
6584. Graff, Byers & Co. vs. J. M. Carson.
6585. Milorum, Sage & Co. vs. D. G. Venable.
6589. August Antoni vs. Z. M. Sherley, &c.
6592. O. Truman vs. J. W. Heeter, &c.
[illegible]. Ed. Holbrook vs. Jas. A. Miller, &c.
[illegible]. B. K. Bailey vs. D. G. Venable.
[illegible]. Geo. Wolf vs. John Cross.
[illegible]. Allen, Coop & Nesbit vs. J. H. Tylor.
[illegible]. Geo. T. Edwards vs. Sieven & Massey.
[illegible]. Geo. Merkle vs. Dohn & Marks.
[illegible]. Samuel Cassady, &c., vs. Wm. Halliday.
[illegible]. Jno. Dawson vs. Geo. F. Brown.
[illegible]. Moore, Bremaker & Co. vs. Dow & Esten.
6612. W. H. Church vs. J. S. Williams.
[illegible]. N. H. Bryan & Co. vs. H. C. Alford.
6614. J. A. Holt vs. G. H. Rice.
[illegible]. F. A. Bartels vs. Jos. Wahl.
[illegible]. Emma Bartlett vs. Jno. M. Myers.
[illegible]. R. Patton vs. Alex. Barker.
[illegible]. Theis, Gottlib & Co. vs. August Loschner.
[illegible]. T. J. Hiatt vs. J. M. Caldwell, &c.
[illegible]. Phil. Rholer vs. Geo. Dohl.
[illegible]. L. Seligman vs. A. Mayer.

DECISIONS OF THE COURT OF APPEALS

Reported for the Courier-Journal by DANIEL JAMES, *Attorney at Law, Frankfort.*

FRANKFORT, Sept. 20, 1869.

CAUSES DECIDED.

McKinney et al. vs. Wheeler, Madison; affirmed.
Braswell vs. Commonwealth, Lyon; reversed.
Forsythe vs. Bonta, Boyle; affirmed.

ORDERS.

Cravens vs. Cravens, Fayette; dismissed on motion of appellant.

Bacon, &c. vs. Downing, Louisville Chancery; agreement filed, and cause set for hearing on the 25th September.

Curd vs. Cole's administrator, Louisville Chancery; death of administratrix of appellant suggested.

Security New York Insurance Company, vs. Kentucky Marine Fire Insurance Company, Louisville Chancery; by agreement of parties cause set for hearing on the 13th October, 1869.

Troutman vs. Oerhart et al., Louisville Chancery;

Matthews and wife vs. White et al., Louisville Chancery; stricken from docket.

Lewis vs. Hawkins et al., Washington; continued until next term.

Hurst vs. Kellar, &c., Jefferson;
Jones vs. Haseirigg's administrator, Bath;
Bates et al. vs. Bates, Henry;
Bates, Sr., vs. Bates, Henry;
Burk vs. Kinner, Boyd;
Fannin vs. Belloway, Boyd;
Moriarity vs. Vessey, Boyd;
Green vs. Meriwether's administrator, Shelby;
Cornwall et al. vs. Cornwall et al., Louisville Chancery;
Long et al. vs. Phillips, guardian, etc., Louisville Chancery;
Guthrie, assignee, etc., vs. Pindell, assignee, etc., Louisville Chancery;
Nesman et al. vs. Morgan, Louisville Chancery;
Oppenheimer et al. vs. Riley, Louisville Chancery;
Mulholland vs. Grissman, Louisville Chancery;
Rogers vs. Pfeifer, Louisville Chancery;
Marshall & Kilpatrick vs. Curtis, Louisville Chancery;
White vs. Morehead & Co., Louisville Chancery;
Jeffersonville Railroad Company vs. Morehead & Co., Louisville Chancery;
Wood vs. Anderson, etc., Louisville Chancery; submitted on briefs.

Kenton Insurance Company vs. Shea & O'Connell, Jefferson; argued by J. Shea, Esq., for appellees and Wm. Atwood, Esq., for appellant and submitted.

FRANKFORT, Sept. 21, 1869.

CAUSES DECIDED.

Cox vs. Holloway, &c., Whitley; affirmed.
Glave vs. Kinz, Owen; reversed.
Suser vs. Briscoe, Owen; reversed.
Stewart and wife vs. Lynch and wife, Grant; reversed.
Deadale vs. Lyon and wife, Grant; reversed.
Donnelly vs. Hall and Long, Hamilton; affirmed.
Harris vs. Moberly, Madison; reversed.

ORDERS.

[illegible]

warning order against non-resident appellee, and F. M. Webster appointed attorney to defend, and cause continued.

Brown vs. Brown, Campbell; abated by death of appellant.

Metcalfe vs. Stubbs, &c., Campbell; agreement, and bank-book filed.

Grider vs. Rhodes, Warren; response to petition for rehearing filed.

Barker & Co. vs. Mann, Bennett & Co., Jefferson; order continuance set aside.

Metcalfe vs. Stubbs et al., Campbell;

Weitzer vs. Von Gundy et al., Campbell; cross-appeal granted appellees.

Jones vs. Reed's heirs, Louisville Chancery; stricken from docket.

Buckner's executors vs. Cromie's executors, Louisville Chancery;

Horsfall, Jr., &c., vs. Ford et al., Campbell;

Trustees District of Highlands vs. Bethosa, &c., Campbell;

Terrell et al. vs. Spence et al., Campbell;

Kilday vs. Lytle, Kenton; submitted on briefs.

Powell, by &c., by Powell, Campbell;

Gosney vs. Downton, Campbell; continued until next term.

Myles' executors and devisees vs. Myles, Shelby; Myles' executors vs. Miles, Shelby; argued by Hon. W. P. Bullock for appellee.

Where a Defendant in an Execution Dies After its Levy there can be no Sale until a Revivor.

Burge, Adm'r, vs. Brown, et al. } From Warren.

REVERSED SEPT. 17, 1869—WILLIAMS, C. J.

Executions issued on judgments against Wm. Brown were levied on his house and lot and personalty. After the levy and before the sale Brown died, and afterwards the plaintiffs in the executions sued out a venditioni exponas on each, under which the sheriff sold the property, and the execution creditors having purchased it by their order the title was made to Mrs. Brown, the appellee. Burge, administrator of Wm. Brown, representing his creditors, brought this suit to set aside the sale as invalid, and the court sustained a demurrer to his petition.

Held, That the execution creditors by their levy in the decedent's life time obtained a legal lien on the house and lot, which was not destroyed by his death, and, therefore, have priority on it, but nothing more. They could not sell it without a revivor against the decedent's heirs, and the sale without a revivor did not convey the legal title which is yet in them. It is not only the privilege but the duty of the administrator to have this cloud cleared away that the property may sell for its value unencumbered by this sheriff's sale. (3 Bush 515, sec. 34, art. 2, chap. 37, Rev. Stat., sections 435 and 437 Civ. Code).

Fraudulent Conveyances—The Statute of 1856.

Sawyers, vs. Langford, et. al., } From Rockcastle.

REVERSED SEPT. 17, 1869—WILLIAMS, C. J.

Langford having encumbered his land with two mortgages, executed at different times, this suit was brought by Miller & Williams within six months from the date of the last mortgage, charging fraud, and seeking a sale of the land under the act of 1856, for the benefit of all the creditors of Langford. Sawyers afterwards filed a separate petition, also seeking to bring the mortgages within the act of 1856, but not until six months from the last mortgage had elapsed. Afterwards Miller & Williams dismissed their petition, but afterwards judgment was rendered in their favor for their debt, and also in favor of Sawyers for his debt, and the case was referred to a commissioner to ascertain the value of Langford's property and the amount of his indebtedness. And afterwards Langford moved to set aside the judgment as to Miller & Williams, because their petition had been previously dismissed, and thereupon the court ordered that the papers be filed away, "never to be docketed again."

Held—That as to Sawyers the order filing away was erroneous. The filing of Miller & Williams' petition within six months of the latter and more important mortgage, gave the chancellor control of the whole case. If the latter mortgage fall within the denunciations of the statute, and as the mortgage "operated as an assignment and transfer of the property and effects of such debtor, and inured to the benefit of all his creditors," every creditor who came in subsequently to the filing of Miller & Williams' petition, though after six months from the latter mortgage, was entitled to share pro rata with them, and, having made themselves parties to these proceedings whilst pending, derived an equal benefit with them, of which they could not destroy by a dismissal of their petition.

Tavern Keepers are not Required to Obtain License except for Selling Liquor.

Braswell vs. Commonwealth. } From Lyon.

REVERSED, SEPT. 20, 1869. WILLIAMS, C. J.

Braswell was indicted and found guilty of "keeping a tavern without license." The evidence showed that he kept a house of entertainment in Eddyville, at which he entertained travelers and transient guests for compensation, but sold no liquor.

Held—That the Revised Statutes, unlike the statutes previous to its adoption, does not require a license to keep a "house of entertainment." None are taverns now but licensed houses, whether within or without cities and towns, but are houses of entertainment. But licensed houses only are permitted to sell liquors. There is therefore now no statute denouncing a penalty against the keeper of a house of entertainment without license, unless liquor is sold therein.

Estoppel and Agency, Non Est Factum.

Forsythe vs. Bonta. } From Boyle.

AFFIRMED SEPT. 20, 1869. ROBERTSON, JUDGE.

This is a suit on a note executed by Forsythe and one Irwin to Bonta. Irwin failing to answer, Forsythe pleaded *non est factum*, and the jury returned a verdict against Forsythe. The court instructed the jury in substance, that though Forsythe did not execute the note, still if they believed from the evidence that after its execution and delivery to Bonta, and after Forsythe was informed of its amount and character, he acknowledged and ratified its execution, the jury should find for Bonta.

Held—If Irwin assumed to act as agent in signing Forsythe's name without previous authority, which would have bound him, the subsequent recognitions retroactively operate so as to ratify the act as if authorized (3 Greenleaf, 297; 1 Bouvier's Institutes, 25). This principle is abundantly sustained on two grounds—first, estoppel in most cases as in this of superinduced forbearance, and, second, admission of agency, however or whenever derived.

The Old Louisville Legion.

At a meeting of the surviving officers and members of the Old Louisville Legion, held at the County Court room, September 21st, 1869, it being the 23d anniversary of the storming of Monterey, Capt. Forbes Kern, of Co. F, was appointed chairman, and Jno. D. Pope, secretary. The chairman having explained the object of the meeting, a committee was appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the objects of the meeting, consisting of J. Randolph Bull, George Kaye, E. G. Wigginton, Sergeant Hiker, and Thomas M. Cary, who reported the following:

[illegible]

1. That it is an imperative duty and mournful pleasure of those of us who have survived the long years which have occurred upon the recurrence of each anniversary of this memorable period, to unite in celebrating the noble deeds and glorious victory of those whom the hand of time [illegible].

2. That we will meet on Friday evening, the 24th inst., at 8 o'clock at Linn Chapel, for the purpose above indicated, at which time and place suitable arrangements will be provided, and arrangements made for a pleasant reunion of the living of the Legion.

3. Members of other Kentucky regiments who were in the battles of Mexico with the Legion are cordially invited to join us in this ceremonial of respect to our honored comrades.

4. Members of the Hays' and McCulloch's "Texas Rangers," or members of other regiments are also invited to join us.

5. A committee of five members shall be appointed by the Chair to carry out the provisions of these various resolutions, as may seem best to them.

6. The members of the Legion, with all others who may attend, meet at the County Court room, Friday, the 24th, at 8 o'clock P. M., from which point they will proceed in a body to the place of reunion.

Which were unanimously adopted.

Gen. George W. Chilton, of Hays' Texas Rangers, who participated with the Legion in the storming of Monterey, being present, was introduced to the members and addressed them cordially, expressing his sympathy in the objects of the meeting. On motion, he was unanimously elected an honorary member of the Legion.

Under the fifth resolution, the chairman appointed as a Committee of Finance and Arrangement, the following members: Sergeant A. Hiker, Sergeant Thompson, Preston Rogers, E. G. Wigginton and George Kaye. On motion, the chairman was added to the committee.

All members of the Legion intending to participate in the celebration are requested to notify by letter or otherwise some member of the committee by Thursday, the 23d.

F. KERN, Chairman.

JOHN D. POPE, Secretary. Sept. 22-2t

Col. Bayles and the Louisville Postoffice—Fair Play.

[To the Editor of the Courier-Journal.]

While we cannot, nor would not if we could, say anything disparaging of Dr. John Speed, for he is a gentleman in every sense of the word, and a good postmaster, yet it has ever been the pride of our lives to see "fair play." And with this view, and with a personal knowledge of the qualifications and merits of Col. Bayles, we, as citizens of Louisville, embrace this occasion and this means to give an expression to our feelings and views in regard to the troubles that now environ the Louisville postoffice and its appointee. But a very few years ago, when the clarion notes of war were sounded, and the peace and tranquillity of our homes and firesides were imperiled, and in the dark hours when many of our citizens were halting between two opinions, Colonel Jesse Bayles was found in the ranks, ready to do battle as a soldier, even unto death, for the salvation of his country. While he was thus engaged assisting to maintain a great national cause, he was compelled to forego the pleasures and comforts of home and family and to encounter every conceivable hardship and endure every privation that falls to the lot of the soldier. But while Col. Bayles was enduring every trial and hazarding everything even life to sustain the supremacy of the laws and the dignity of his Government, Dr. Speed was at home, sharing in the enjoyment of peace and plenty, and the emoluments of this fat office, secured by the untiring vigilance, toil, and danger of Col. Bayles and his fellow-soldiers. Then if there are any distinctions to be made, or privileges to be enjoyed, by the soldier above the citizen we think it due in this instance to him who risked his health, life, and all to secure the peace we now enjoy. [illegible]

[illegible]

MANY CITIZENS.

Railway News.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

LOUISVILLE AND CINCINNATI SHORT LINE.

DEPARTS.		ARRIVES.
9:30 A. M.	No. 5, Cin. & Eastern Mail, (Daily except Sunday.)	11:45 A. M.
3:55 P. M.	No. 7, Cin. & East'n Ex., (Daily.)	10:40 P. M.
11:10 P. M.	No. 9, Cin. & East'n night Ex., (Daily except Saturday.) Sleeping cars on this train, and are open at 9 P. M.	6:25 A. M.
5:40 A. M.	No. 1, Lexington Mail, (Daily except Sunday.)	10:40 A. M.
2:50 P. M.	No. 3, Lexington Express, (Daily except Sunday.)	6:55 P. M.
5:00 P. M.	No. 13, Lagrange Accom., (Daily except Sunday.)	8:10 A. M.

No. 7 (3:55 P. M. Sunday) is the only train by any route from Louisville that makes connection with trunk lines which leave Cincinnati Sunday night.

LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE RAILROAD.

7:30 A. M.	No. 1 Memp. & Nash. Mail, (Daily except Sunday.)	10:25 P. M.
3:00 P. M.	No. 3 New Orleans Exp., (Daily.)	9:05 A. M.
11:15 P. M.	No. 17 Nashville Expr., (Daily.)	1:30 P. M.
7:55 A. M.	No. 7 Mt. Vernon Exp., (Daily except Sunday.)	3:00 P. M.
2:45 P. M.	No. 13 Bardstown Ac., (Daily except Sunday.)	9:35 A. M.

JEFFERSONVILLE, MADISON & INDIANAPOLIS R. R.

5:50 A. M.	No. 3 Mail, (Daily except Sunday.)	6:30 P. M.
10:20 A. M.	No. 9 New York Exp., (Daily except Sunday.)	11:10 A. M.
2:20 P. M.	No. 5, Express, (Daily.)	1:15 A. M.
11:30 P. M.	No. 7, Night Express, (Daily except Saturday.) Sunday special from Indianapolis.	12:30 P. M.

LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY AND CHICAGO R. R.

9:30 A. M.	No. 3, Chic. Mail & Exp., (Daily except Sunday.)	7:00 P. M.

The New Orleans Express brought 56 through passengers yesterday.

Two trains run daily between Brenham and Hempstead on the Texas Air-line railroad.

A passenger depot, commenced in Columbus, Georgia, in 1860, has just been completed.

The 10:40 P. M. train from Cincinnati yesterday brought seventy-five through passengers.

Ninety-three cars loaded with freight were forwarded by the Louisville & Nashville railroad on Monday night.

The 5 P. M. train on the L. & N. R. R. Monday had 81 and the 11:15 P. M. train 55 through passengers for the South.

The Buffalo Bayou, Brazos and Colorado Railroad Company have erected and are now putting the finishing touches to a new depot building at Columbus.

The General Ticket Agents' Association will hold its regular fall meeting at the Galt House, in this city, on Wednesday, Oct. 6th, at 11 o'clock A. M.

C. H. Wood, Esq., General Passenger Agent of the Pennsylvania Central and Pan Handle Route and W. H. Siller, General Agent of the Marietta and Cincinnati railroad, were in the city yesterday.

The Louisville and Nashville railroad will not be able to receive freight to-day, owing to the accident on the Memphis and Louisville railroad on Monday, which caused an unlooked for detention of trains.

The Lafayette Dispatch says that legal proceedings are about to be instituted to set aside the recent sale of the Louisville, New Albany and Chicago railroad to the party who are now running the road. From the character and ability of the attorneys engaged on each side a lively time is anticipated.

The Galveston (Texas) News says: "In a few months the Texas Central railroad and the railroads coming from Kansas will be 375 miles apart. There are now about 400 miles between them. But a few months ago the distance between them was upward of 500 miles, and now we have the pleasure that the work of construction is so forward with every railroad. Doubtless there will be delays; but, if the reduction of the distance to the extent of sixty miles in a year at each end is accomplished, a little over three years would effect the meeting. That it will go forward with great rapidity we have very little doubt. As the distance grows less the work will be quickened."

A new steam omnibus has been tried in Edinburgh. The engine, with an omnibus attached, was run up and down an incline to exhibit the speed and the ease with which it could be controlled. It went up the hill at a speed of seven miles an hour, and came down at the rate of nine. It turned in the road with far greater ease than if drawn by horses, was pulled up instantaneously at the word of command, and even backed up hill. The dexterity with which it picked its way between strings of cart-horses, omnibuses, and cabs, and the facility with which it stopped or turned whenever it was required, were marvelous. It ran from one end of Prince street to the other without stopping, then turned down South Charlotte street, and on through North Charlotte to Forrest street, where at the steepest point, when the descent looked really dangerous, it was brought to a sudden standstill, to show how completely it was under command, and how entirely it could dispense with any kind of brake.

A New Yorker has invented, patented and is now manufacturing a novel style of railroad fasteners, as well as spikes, nails, &c., for general purposes, which are attracting attention and finding ready sale wherever their merits are sufficiently known. The principle involved in their construction is that of grooved and flanged on the two opposite sides, so as to hold them firmly in place that no amount of wear or concussion can dislodge or weaken their tenacious hold. The railroad fasteners have flanges on the sides, wider apart at the head than at the point, and side holdings so that they will be kept in by shrinkage and pressure of the wood. The spikes now used are straight bar about three-quarter inch. When the tie shrinks from the sides against the bar, the tie opens and splits in almost every case. The ties are bored to take up the shrinkage and if bored the shrinkage will be to the sides instead of the center. The holding face of the railroad fastener of spikes and nails of these patterns will be opposite the center of the fastener. These fasteners, with or without heads, are made of all sizes of wrought iron or copper, and are equally well adapted for vessels, bridges, docks or for holding metal of any kind to wood.

A St. Louis dispatch of yesterday says: A party of prominent railroad men, embracing many of the officers and heavy stockholders of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern and the Toledo, Wabash and Western road, arrived here on a special train from Springfield, Illinois, last night. Daniel Drew, Wm. H. Vanderbilt, and other prominent gentlemen of New York were with the party. These gentlemen are on a tour of inspection over the Toledo, Wabash and Western railroad, with the view of consolidating it with the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern road, and will report the result of their examination to the stockholders of the latter road. In case the consolidation is effected, the Decatur and East St. Louis road, which is virtually a branch of the Toledo and Wabash road, will be pushed to a speedy completion, and will open a new and short route from this city to the East. The consolidated lines will be about eighteen hundred miles long, and will be called the Lake Shore, Chicago and Wabash railroad. The party took a survey of the harbor this morning, on a ferry boat, provided for the occasion, and examined the proposed site for the Decatur and East St. Louis road, on the Island opposite the city, and subsequently took a drive around the city and the suburbs. They left for Springfield, Illinois, at 4 P. M., on a special train, and will, to-morrow, inspect that portion of the Toledo, Wabash and Western road lying between Springfield and Quincy.

The New York Times says: "The State of New York, we need hardly remind our readers, is one of the largest States of this Union, and possesses the commercial Metropolis of the continent, and yet it has fewer miles of railroad than either Pennsylvania or Ohio. New York has 3,052 miles, Ohio, 3,398 miles; Pennsylvania 4,311 miles. In proportion to her territory, New York has less than New Jersey, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, and Ohio. New York has 1 mile of railroad to 15.4 miles of territory; New Jersey, 1 to 8.8; Massachusetts, 1 to 5.8; Rhode Island, 1 to 10.8; Connecticut, 1 to 6.64; Pennsylvania, 1 to 10.2; Delaware, 1 to 19.1; Ohio, 1 to 11.7. In proportion to her population, New York has fewer miles of railroad than New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Connecticut, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Tennessee and California. Here are their respective ratios: New York has one mile of railroad to 1,273.7 of population; New Vermont, one to [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] If New England or Western roads only had proved profitable, or if they were more profitable than New York roads, there might be some sense in this discrimination against our own State; but such is not the case. On the contrary, there is scarcely any State in which, at this present speaking, railway property is more of a favorite than in the one so strangely neglected. We are not prepared to give the precise ratio of profit on our roads for the last year or two, but in 1866 and 1867 the earnings of the New York roads, upon a cost of $154,000,000, were sixty-nine, twenty-nine per cent., while the earnings of the Massachusetts roads were only 28.13 on their cost, and the Pennsylvania roads only 23.7.

River News.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

Cincinnati	MAJ. ANDERSON	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	ARMADILLO	[illegible]
St. Louis	[illegible]	[illegible]

ARRIVALS—Sept. 21.

[illegible]

DEPARTURES—Sept. 21.

[illegible]

BOATS IN PORT.

[illegible]

The river is falling very slowly, at [illegible]

The Fisk Verble from Cairo arrived [illegible]

The Liberty No. 4 [illegible]

Dress Goods!

WE will Exhibit on MONDAY, Sept. 20—

Beautiful line Irish Poplins,
Beautiful line French Poplins,
Beautiful line Silk & Wool Poplins, for Suits,
Beautiful line Plaid Poplins,
Beautiful line Empress Cloths,
Black and Colored Alpacas.

JAS. F. WHITE & CO.,

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MERCHANTS!

BUSINESS CARDS,

Good Article, $3 per 1,000.

BILL HEADS,

No. 1 article of paper—13 lb. and 14 lb. paper—only $6 per ream.

Every Other Variety of Job Printing

AT THE LOWEST RATES.

Call and see specimens.

Courier-Journal Job Rooms.

J. H. STACKHOUSE.

Office in second story Courier-Journal Building.

loaded with pig iron from St. Louis to Wheeling passed up Monday night.

Captain J. B. Archer left for New York last night by rail.

The Madison packet, Leonora No. 2, had a splendid down trip yesterday.

The Virginia departed for New Orleans last night full of people and stock and a fair freight list, and engagements below sufficient to fill her out.

The Peytons will have a barge at the wharf this morning to receive for New Orleans. She has nearly enough to fill out, and will leave to-morrow.

The Raven, from Pomeroy to St. Louis, with fifteen barges of salt, passed down last night.

A St. Louis dispatch of yesterday says: "At a meeting of the Board of Trade this morning a committee was appointed to confer with the merchants and get their support for a line of steamers to Arkansas river, with a view to securing the trade of that region."

Boats in Red river are losing much time on the bars, and often have to lighten over.

Stuart & Co., of the Madison Ship Yard, have contracted to build a steamboat two hundred and thirty-five feet long, for the Northwestern Packet Boat Company. The work on it has been commenced.

The Dexter has not arrived from Cairo. We doubt if she is coming, as the river is falling rapidly.

The following was the ownership of the ill fated Phantom: A. C. Jones, $1,500; [illegible] Sleath, $750; [illegible]

The Alabama river is getting so low that navigation is extremely difficult, and the packets are often delayed far beyond their regular times of arrival.

The Linton went on the dock at Memphis Saturday for repairs. Captain John D. Adams has chartered her and the Ida Stockdale for sixty days.

An Evansville dispatch of yesterday says: "The Norman, posted for Cairo to-day, took down her sign and transferred her freight to the Fanny Brandeis, in consequence of negotiations for her sale."

It is said that the celebrated "Capstan case," in which Capts. McMillan and Campbell are plaintiffs, and Capt. Rhodes, defendant, will come up again at Pittsburg. As this is considered a test case, considerable interest is taken in it by steamboatmen.

John Weare, chief engineer of the steamer Creole, was run over by a train on the Pontchartrain railroad on Saturday morning, at Milneburg, which cut both of his legs from his body. The unfortunate man was then immediately taken to New Orleans for aid, but it is hardly probable he will recover.

Capt. Joshua Wiley has purchased the small hull built by Mr. Joel Cogswell, of New Albany, for which he paid Messrs. John Noshauer and Charles Roose, the owners, the sum of $900, the boat to be delivered at Vicksburg. The hull is 88 feet long, and has 18 feet beam.

The Pioneer and Lotawanna, from Red river, have laid up at New Orleans for repairs. Trebie card rates prevail in New Orleans for Red river freights.

Our Correspondence.

[To the Editor of the Courier-Journal.]

STEAMER ROSE HITE, Sept. 15, 1869.

At a meeting of the ministers of the Louisville Annual Conference of the M. E. Church South, en route to the session of the Conference to convene at Henderson, Ky., on the 15th inst., the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That we express our grateful appreciation and acknowledgment of the marked kindness and courtesy of Capt. Holcroft and other officers of the Rose Hite.

Resolved, That the Rose Hite needs no endorsement from us, it is a pleasure hereby to notice the elegant, excellent fare and accommodations of the steamer, and of the gentlemanly deportment of her officers to the patrons of the boat.

Resolved, That we warmly commend the Rose Hite to the traveling community.

A. H. REDFORD, Chairman.

W. H. ANDERSON, Secretary.

OFFICE LOCAL INSPECTORS, LOUISVILLE, Sept. 21, 1869.

[To the Editor of the Courier-Journal.]

GENTLEMEN—In your morning paper I have read an article over the signature "W. M. Guthrie," addressed to the editor of the New Albany Ledger, [illegible]

[illegible]

G. O. A. HOUGHTON, Local Inspector.

OFFICE U. S. LOCAL INSPECTORS, LOUISVILLE, Aug. 28, 1869.

WM. M. COFFIN, New Albany, Ind.:

SIR—Yours under date September 2, inst., is at hand, and contents noted. [illegible]

Yours, truly, G. O. A. HOUGHTON.

From Our Exchanges.

The Cincinnati Gazette of yesterday says:

The steamer United States, last Saturday, [illegible]

[illegible]

The St. Louis Democrat of Monday says:

[illegible]

The Memphis Appeal of Monday says:

[illegible]

River Telegrams.

[Special Dispatches to the Courier-Journal.]

CAIRO, Sept. 21.—River [illegible] [illegible]

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 21.—Departed, Cincinnati [illegible]

[illegible]

Courier-Journal.

LOUISVILLE.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 22, 1869.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

THE DAILY.

One year... $12 00
Six months... 6 00
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PAYMENTS ALWAYS TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

Money may be sent by postoffice orders or drafts; and when these can not be procured by mail or otherwise, in the latter instance the money to be inclosed in the presence of the Postmaster, whose certificate will be required in case of its loss.

SPECIMEN COPIES SENT GRATIS ON APPLICATION.

KENTUCKY NEWS.

The Simpson County Fair was pecuniarily successful, the sale of tickets alone amounting to $4,500.

Mr. Charles Lindsay, a much respected citizen of Fayette county, died on Sunday in his seventy-fourth year.

The post-office at Hinkleville, Ballard county, has been re-established, with W. L. Jenkins as postmaster.

The Rev. Walter Tearne, of Covington, has finally accepted the call of the Episcopal Church at Cynthiana, and has located at that place.

The Campbell county fair commenced yesterday at Alexandria. The indications are that it will surpass any former exhibition at that place.

George Stager, a brewer, went into one of the vats in a brewery in Paducah on Friday last, and was so overpowered by the foul air that he died before he could be rescued.

The shoe house of Lundin Brothers, in Lexington, was entered on Friday last by burglars, who chopped their way in through a brick wall with a hatchet, and robbed only of a couple of watches.

A new union benevolent society was organized in Fayette county, near Lexington, on the 1st ult., the object of which is to relieve the wants of the sick and give the dead a decent burial. Dudley Dancer is President.

The first bale of new cotton received at Paducah was sold on Friday last by Hale, Buckner & Tenell, and brought 34 cents per pound. It was from the plantation of Joseph Yarborough, Esq., of Decatur county, Tenn.

Captain J. W. H. Reynolds, of Franklin, purchased at the Louisville fair the fine pair of premium horses, composed of Captain Lewis Castleman's horse Charlie and Bart Jenkins' premium gelding. The price paid was $1,000.

In the special election at Covington on Monday, although a small vote was polled, it was almost unanimous in favor of the water-works project, being 1,523 for, and only 161 against. For city assessor Whitney's majority over all competitors was 261.

At a called session of the Magistrates' Court in Frankfort on Monday to take into consideration the propriety of making additional appropriations for building bridges and turnpikes, no definite action was taken. The subject was postponed until the November term of the County Court.

Bills have been issued calling the men who served in the Mexican War from Central Kentucky to meet in Danville on Saturday, the 16th of October, to form a reunion. Generals Breckinridge, Ward, Fry, Wolford, and Captains E. A. Graves of Lebanon and P. B. Thompson of Harrodsburg have been invited to address them. A large turn-out is expected.

Since the close of the religious debate at Winchester, between Rev. Mr. Fitch, of the Methodist Church, and the Rev. Mr. Brooks, of the Christian Church, the Methodists are claiming a great victory for their champion. The Lexington Statesman remarks: "How unprofitable are such discussions—how barren of good results. Almost as well named a couple of horses, one after each church, and let them run a mile race around a track. Doubtless both of these gentlemen who participated in the discussion were able men and scholars, but nobody was converted."

SOUTHERN NEWS.

An Episcopal church is to be erected in Calvert, Texas.

There is a goat farm of 700 head in Autauga county, Ga.

Memphis was without its customary murder last week, and no serious disturbance to speak of.

Thomas P. Morand, postmaster of Baldwin county, Ala., was picked up drunk in Mobile the other day and fined $5.

W. A. Reed, an old and respected citizen of Iberville parish, La., died at the White Sulphur Springs, Va., on the 20th ult.

The pecan and acorn mast in Texas is light in some districts, and very heavy in others—abundant, it is said, to fatten the hogs this fall.

The trial of Dr. Collins, the reputed murderer of ex-Congressman Hawkey, has just terminated at Courtland, Alabama. The accused is committed without bail.

Mrs. Ann Dolby, the most aged inhabitant of Winchester, Va., or perhaps of the lower valley, died on the 11th instant in Winchester, in the 94th year of her age.

Mayor Leftwich, of Memphis, who has been sojourning in the mountains of Virginia for some months, is fast recovering his health, and is expected home in a few days.

Slate has been found on the farm of J. P. Renfroe, in Calhoun county, Ala., which is said to be equal to any in the world, and to be found in exhaustless quantities in that county.

A fine new steam mill, belonging to Mr. A. C. Mitchell, of Glenville, Barbour county, Ala., was destroyed by fire last week, besides thirty bales of new cotton belonging to the same gentleman.

A date tree, near the middle of the square bounded by Julia, St. Charles, Girod, and Carondelet streets, New Orleans, is now loaded with bushels upon bushels of its rapidly ripening fruit.

Lilly Renner, daughter of Alderman Renner, of Memphis, a young girl just blooming into womanhood, died on Saturday from the effect of an overdose of laudanum. Whether she took it intentionally or not has not been made public.

During the first week of the present session of the Louisiana State Seminary about 130 cadets matriculated, being much the largest number that ever entered so early in the session. There will be considerably more students this session than at any previous session.

A terrible storm prevailed at New Braunfels, Texas, on Sunday, the 12th. Terry's and Canton's mills and twenty-five other houses were destroyed, three persons were killed and several others seriously injured. The loss in property is estimated at $100,000.

A German named Johannes Scheffer was arraigned before a justice of the peace in Ironton, Mo., a few days since and held in $263, on a charge of stealing a pipe. A whole day was consumed in the investigation of the case. A two hours' speech was made in his defense.

On the evening of the 11th instant a young man named Turley, residing at Farmington, St. Francois county, Mo., eloped with his cousin. It appears that they are doubly cousins, their fathers being brothers and their mothers sisters. A brother of young Turley is married to a sister of the runaway lady.

Mr. Wm. Ogden, of Long Branch, in the Barnwell District, S. C., a few days since was descending a well on his place for the purpose of making an examination, when the rope broke after he had proceeded but a short distance, precipitating him to the bottom of the well and breaking his neck and back.

The military commission which has been sitting in Jefferson, Texas, for some time, has concluded its labors, and the result has been forwarded to New Orleans. It is understood that the forty odd citizens of Jefferson who have been so long prosecuted and persecuted with so much malignity will be discharged.

An old gentleman of Savannah, Ga., sixty years of age and a widower three months, married a bride of twenty recently, and was serenaded with cowbells, tin pans, horns and numerous other unique instruments in the service of a festive band of young callithumpians. The police enjoyed the harassment too much for vigorous interference.

John Reno and a young man named Farnse had a difficulty at the house of the father of the latter, near Calvert, Texas, in which Farnse struck Reno in the temple with a wagon spoke, inflicting a wound from which he died in about twelve hours. He and his father, who it seems urged on the difficulty, were arrested by the neighbors and turned over to the military.

The death of Robert L. Knox, a prominent citizen of the parish of Baton Rouge, La., is announced. Mr. Knox represented that parish one term in the Legislature, and has been for many years one of the leading men in his section of country. He was noted for his kind-hearted disposition, and during the war his services to those in distress were repeated and opportune. He died on Friday, September 10, aged fifty-nine years.

A desirable class of immigrants are the Swiss, who are flocking to Tennessee. Says the Knoxville Press and Herald: "Among the most hardy, industrious, moral and intelligent immigrants who flock monthly and daily to American shores are the Swiss. Educated in the arts of industry in their own healthful country, they come among us, not as loungers and mendicants to devour our substance, but to add to our material wealth and advance our civilization."

The editor of the Atlanta (Ga.) New Era having complimented Judge Durming, the postmaster, on his efficiency, the Judge advertises in the Constitution a disclaimer of such back-handed flattery, and charges upon the Era editor flagrant violations of the postoffice law, such as sending through the mails large numbers of papers to parties who are not subscribers, and writing business notes on the margin. The Judge concludes his advertisement as follows: "Dr. Bard, knowing his own price to be very low, indeed, has undertaken to buy his peace with ring-boned flattery, and proposes to throw himself in, just to make good measure. The offer is declined."

A destructive storm visited Plaquemines, La., on the 1st, and continued for several days. All that portion of the parish on the left bank from Frederic's to Fort St. Philip was submerged. The salt water at the court-house and jail attained a hight of two feet, and below, at the Quarantine Station, of four feet. All the rice in stacks was of course partially submerged, especially in the back lands, where the salt water must have attained a hight of at least four feet.

...the country below, where the gale seemed to have raged with greater force and violence and where, from its closer neighborhood, the salt water has greater power, much rice cut and remaining unstacked in the fields was washed away, and many rice stacks were carried off, but may be recovered in a damaged condition.

A novel proceeding, growing out of the mysterious disappearance of Miss Beach several weeks ago, is thus related by the Pleasant Hill (Mo.) Leader. It says: "A young lady living near Harrisonville was one morning missed at home, and Mr. Bowers was charged with abducting and murdering her. He was apprehended and taken before a justice of the peace, and whilst the trial was progressing the young lady was found at the residence of a friend alive and well, and brought before the justice; but his honor refusing to take her evidence as to whether she had been killed or not (supposing, no doubt, she was not a competent witness to so interesting a fact), committed the young man to jail to answer for the alleged crime at the next circuit court. Bowers was discharged from jail, however, by Judge Copeland, by a writ of habeas corpus."

A correspondent, writing from Fort Davis, Texas, under date of August 27th, says that Capt. Scott and party, from Fort Mason, Texas, en route for California with a large drove of cattle, were attacked between Fort Davis and the Rio Grande by a large body of Indians, who succeeded in capturing a large part of the drove, mostly beeves. The gallant Capt. Scott could not brook this defeat, so collecting his best men, and leaving the balance of the herd with the weaker portion to guard them, they started in pursuit; and after pursuing them five miles, overtook the painted red-skinned scoundrels and opened upon them, when the row commenced. After a desperate struggle the Texas band with their Winchester rifles prevailed, and the red-skin cutthroats broke for their holes in the deep canons of the Lympia mountains—and the Texas boys returned without the loss of man or beast. Several Indians were killed and wounded.

Martial-law, or in other words martial-lawlessness, is still kept up in the South. There is less freedom in the South than in any of the British dependencies. It is only a short time since that a Governor General of Jamaica was arraigned in a British court for a capital felony in having established martial law and ordered executions under it, when the state of insurrection did not justify a suspension of the established law of the land.

Admiral Hoff, who was instructed to investigate the circumstances of the executions of American citizens in Cuba, reports to the State Department that some of them were murders in cold blood. Those murderers should be punished. The punishment should be such as to prevent the repetition of the crime. To accept mere apologies would be idle and absurd. Apologies cost nothing and are worth no more than they cost. We might have a score of murders to-day, fifty apologies to-morrow, and a hundred murders the next day. We owe Spain no indulgence or forbearance. Inexorable justice is all that she has a right to expect of us. For thirty years she has made the Gulf a bad neighborhood.

Persistent Effrontery.

A great deal is no doubt accomplished sometimes by mere positiveness, vehemence, and downright impudence and effrontery of assertion. The opinions of some persons in regard to currency redemption have, it seems to us, been to a considerable extent influenced by such means. The Radical organs habitually denounce the proposition to redeem the five-twenty bonds, like other pecuniary obligations, with the legally-established currency of the country, as "a rascally policy," "unqualified villainy," "absolute knavery," "an attempt to repudiate the national debt." No matter what strong arguments, what conclusive reasons, may be offered in favor of the justness and the rectitude of the plan of paying the bonds in currency, all arguments and reasons are met by the Radicals with their thunder-storm of fierce and scurrilous epithets and only with that. This ruffianly and bullying treatment of a great national question, affecting deeply the interests and the welfare of the whole people of the country, has not, as we have said, been without effect. The continual reiteration of audacious assertions and denunciations have temporarily biased some minds that should be above bias from such causes.

In the interest of the bondholders, Mr. Schenck, of Ohio, a few months ago, brought forward a bill in Congress, generally known as the public credit bill, and it became a law. It provided that the principal of the five-twenties should be paid in gold or its equivalent. Not only was the bare enactment of that law an acknowledgment that the bonds were not payable in gold by the law under which they were purchased by their holders, but Schenck's law contains, in terms, a full and undeniable recognition of the fact that the bonds might, according to the expressed conditions of the contract between the bondholders and the Government, be paid in Treasury notes. It refers to them as bonds "payable in lawful money or other currency than gold and silver." This law was the work of our Radical Congress very soon after Grant's inauguration and not many months after his election. It contains, as we have said, an unequivocal concession, that, by the terms of the contract, the bondholders can be paid in currency, yet, while conceding this, it prohibits the exercise of the privilege. But this prohibitory law, this partisan enactment, is no part of the contract between the bondholders and the Government. It does not enter into or affect the contract at all. It can be repealed. It will be repealed, and the Secretary of the Treasury's outrageous action in the wanton sacrifice of the vital and vast interests of an oppressed nation will hasten the repeal and perhaps hasten some other things. Abundant and conclusive proof has been arrayed, outside of Schenck's "public credit law," that the bonds are, by the contract, undeniably payable in the national currency, but, to stop the Radical clamor, we have chosen to refer to the acknowledgment involved in that very law itself. And now let the Radical organs go on, raining, hailing, snowing, and sleeting their epithets.

By paying the bondholders in the currency demanded by the terms of their contract, the Government will practice no repudiation. By paying them in gold and silver, the Government would practice the most inexcusable and injurious repudiation. It would repudiate its faith to the people by paying an immense amount of their money to a privileged class not entitled to it. It would repudiate its promise to the holder of every greenback in the world—a promise recorded in black and white upon every greenback in the world. It would make every greenback a Government falsehood, a Government lie, a Government fraud, a Government swindle. Some of the Radical organs, whilst unable to deny that the contract with the bondholders, the law under which the bonds were negotiated, does not call for payment in gold and silver, insist upon an allegation, that, when the negotiations took place, Jay Cooke, and several other gentlemen prominent in the Radical party, said privately, in reply to applications personally and by letter, that the bonds would no doubt be paid in specie. If it had been a provision of the contract that the bonds should be paid in specie, there could of course have been no occasion for such applications. And the idea that the purchasers of bonds, men of business investing their money in public securities and having the whole law under which they invested open before them, were governed in their important transactions not by the plain terms of that law but by the private and irresponsible talk of Jay Cooke and others peculiarly interested in the most rapid possible sale of the bonds, is in the first degree and to the last degree preposterous. The editor of the New York Tribune says that he, even he, gave assurances in his columns that the bonds would be paid in specie, but surely fellows that were idiots enough to rely upon Jay Cooke's talk and Greeley's editorials instead of the law deserve no sympathy if the large profits of their bonds turn out a little less tremendous than they expected. The false assurances of Cooke and Greeley may be a good reason enough why they should make contributions to the bondholders, but no reason at all why the people should.

We have said that the payment of the bonds in specie would be a repudiation of faith to the people. We earnestly hope that there will not be any repudiation, but if there shall be, it will not be in favor of the bondholders and against the people. You may swear to that.

Direct to Paducah.

The last Legislature granted an exceedingly favorable charter for a railroad from Louisville, running down the valley of the Ohio river in the direction of Owensboro, Henderson and Paducah. This road, if built, will run through the richest agricultural portion of Kentucky, and will bring to Louisville the entire products of the rich counties of Meade, Breckinridge, Hancock, Ohio, Daviess, Henderson, Union and Crittenden. The people in the counties along the route of the proposed road seem alive to its importance, and the corporators and the friends of the enterprise have been called to meet at Owensboro, on the 11th of October, to take the necessary steps for organizing the company and putting the road under headway. Every friend of the proposed road is cordially and earnestly invited to attend the meeting at Owensboro.

The following is a list of corporators: Dr. Foss, Alanson Moorman, Henry J. Craycroft, A. F. Camp, L. M. Payne, Robt. Stonestreet, Weeden Stewart, Philip Miller, W. George Anderson, D. R. C. Hewitt, F. S. J. Ronald, G. Spratt, Lyttleton Cooke, E. D. Standiford, and George W. Anderson of Louisville and Jefferson county; H. K. Pusey, Mack Meadow, Jas. Thompson, Gus. Graham, O. C. Richardson, G. W. Anderson, Abraham Chick, and McGill Robinson, of Mead county; Richard M. Wather, Thos. J. Jolly, John B. Bruner, Peter Dent, Thos. Adkisson, Green W. Beard, S. V. R. Board, Frank Fraize, G. P. Jolly, William Withers, G. P. Duncan, Somers Dean, John Dean, Wm. J. Robertson and Thomas O. Moorman, of Breckinridge county; George W. Williams, Stephen Vowels, James W. Snider, William Sterritt, Minor E. Pate, W. S. Gibbs, and Jas. Mason, of Hancock county; John H. Barret, R. T. Glass, W. J. Marshall, P. H. King, J. C. Stapp, J. H. Priest, James Alves, Isom Johnson, Andrew Kohl, Harrison Hancock, Henry Dixon, Sr., and Harrison Powell, of Henderson county; R. A. Spalding, George N. Proctor, John Payne, Ben Compton, Hugh McElroy, Leonard Clements, S. P. Spalding, John S. Geiger, D. H. Hughes, John F. Cromwell, Gip Taylor, A. G. Robertson, J. A. Spalding, William C. Hammer, Alfred McGill, Charles Smith, J. L. Cambron, John M. Dyer, William P. Tucker, and Hugh Nunn, of Union county; John Nunn, Otho Nunn, John W. Blue, Bart Moore, Wm. Wallace, Sim. Hodge, and James Cruel, of Crittenden county, C. W. Bennett, W. P. Fowler, Blunt Hodge, Sam Piles, and Dr. Carson, of Livingston county; L. M. Flournoy, Gabe Kay, Gabe Rabb, Thomas Grundy, J. M. Bigger, John C. Noble, L. D. Husbands, John Q. A. King, and J. W. Thompson, of McCracken county; and Josiah Veach, Daniel Griffith, Ben F. Ramsay, George Mattingly, John G. McFarland, Horace Burton, and Henry Vanover, of Daviess county.

The corporators hereby extend to all the citizens of the counties through which it is proposed to construct this road, a cordial invitation to attend the meeting at Owensboro and participate in its proceedings. They would also be glad to meet such citizens of Ohio, McLean, Webster and Hopkins counties as may see fit to attend. It is earnestly hoped that every county will be fully represented. The construction of this road is a great undertaking, but it is one that can be readily and easily accomplished if the people interested will determine that it shall be and will go to work in earnest to do it.

A New Novel.

A really good book, and particularly a really good novel, is so rare now-a-days as to render the business of literary criticism in the daily journals a weary and too often a profitless occupation. Even the reviews in the periodicals are dull for want of proper sustenance. We read the Athenæum, the Saturday Review and the Spectator, we run through the Paris hebdomadals; we cast about among the German and American monthlies, and "all is barren." It may be safely averred that during an entire year not one great work of fiction has appeared in all the world. The recent stories of Freitag, Trollope, and Auerbach are merely entertaining and over average. They do not rival their own earlier brothers and sisters. In this country a first-rate novel is simply a thing unknown. The little that we have which is worth reading comes from abroad.

A young Englishman (and when we say "young" we mean it in its English sense, which is at least "forty") has been latterly sojourning in New York, where he has written a great deal for the magazines. His name is Justin McCarthy. Among other things he has contributed a novel to Harper's Magazine, entitled "My Enemy's Daughter." It is readable and the reverse of sensational; a rather melancholy, certainly a quiet story; written in graphic English and relating to scenes and people who are always more or less interesting. It deals in opera people and theatricals and Bohemian life; but it is fresh, unaffected and not without power. Mr. McCarthy knows London and the stage, and he sketches both with a free but chaste hand. The hero, Emmanuel Temple, tells the story himself. The scene is laid in a small English sea-port. Temple has a fine tenor voice, and is attached to a church choir, where he meets Christina Braun, who is the daughter of a German toymaker. Christina, besides singing in the choir, performs at a music hall, from which she is escorted at night by a carpenter, who is an accomplished bass, and who fights a battle in the cause of love and jealousy with Emmanuel Temple one night after dark. The carpenter pummels his antagonist out of all time, and when Emmanuel recovers from a tremendous knock-down blow he finds Christina bending over him. The lady is obliged to desert the choir in consequence of the scruples of people who object to a soprano in the church alternating with soprano in a tavern, and she is followed by the bass carpenter and our tenor hero. Christana's father is fond of smoking, playing the flute, and making observations "on the heavens, the beauty of life, and the divine purpose in everything." His daughter earns money and provides dinner. Emmanuel grows deeper in love with her every day, and she returns his affection. They talk of a grand lyric career upon the stage. Old Braun dies. Christana is so constantly visited by her lover that the gossips begin to talk. Her brother writes to her from Germany, offering her a home, but in such a way that she is at first easily persuaded to remain in England. But she reveals her nature. She raves of great triumphs, and is not disposed to play at love in a cottage with Temple. After a while she wearies of spooning with him and disappears, leaving a letter with the old familiar tag to it, "I shall never, never forget you."

After a vain and dreary search for her in Germany, Temple comes back to seek his fortune in London. By very hard work he supports himself, struggles on as a teacher of music and singing. He lodges on the Surrey side of the Thames with a Mrs. Lyndon. Her daughter Lilla is a bright, attractive creature. She is no angel, has no scruples whatever on the score of deceiving duns and rate collectors, and yet there is something exceedingly winning about her. She and her mother find it very hard to keep the wolf from the door, but Lilla laughs at the tricks and expedients by which mamma and herself escape while the hound is on the watch for them at the very threshold. "You would not contemplate poverty of this sort," says Mr. McCarthy, "without an impression that in its meanness and its cynicism it bordered on vice, and yet its endurance, its frankness, its cheerful determination, were dashed with a flavor of a kind of virtue."

Lilla had a rich uncle, Mr. Lyndon, who tried to make her settle down as a governess, "but she always quitted her place abruptly, and came back to her mother reveling and rejoicing in her freedom, which she celebrated by laying out part of the balance of her salary in a fowl, or oysters, or a lobster, or something nice for supper." Her mother was a creature of the Mrs. Nickleby type, who believed her daughter to be a fragile thing without appetite, while the girl was a perfect glutton at pastry and lobster salads. Between Temple and Lilla a Bohemian friendship is struck up—no Lisette affair, but an honest intimacy and companionship. Lilla wanted money, and would gladly accept anybody who could make her comfortable. Temple has yet his grand passion, and no other property worth mentioning. Lilla speaks of Temple to her uncle, who is a patron of the opera, and who gives little dinners to the performers at the Star and Garter, and the uncle enters his name in a memorandum book. During a provincial tour, undertaken in the way of business, Temple comes across a strange vagabond, who turns out to be the father of Lilla Lyndon. When he goes back to town he hears of nothing but the success at the opera of Madam Reichestein. Of course this lady is none other than Christina Braun; and, thinking she was serving Temple, Lilla Lyndon, who is introduced to Christina by her uncle, tells Christina that she (Lilla) is engaged to him. Then we have Temple, after a while, meeting Christina, and even singing with her on the stage; but she has married an Italian revolutionist, and Temple begins to perceive that her chief love is for her own aggrandizement. Very touching and graceful indeed is Mr. McCarthy's analysis of the struggles in the mind of this woman; very touching, too, the gradual revelation of the truth to Temple, to whom consolation at length comes in the form of another Lilla Lyndon, the daughter of his "enemy," who is not an unrelenting foe at the last. One by one the subjects of interest in life are quietly removed from the hero, but the love of this young girl is left him. Her trials and her trust, the hopes and patience of Temple, intervals of pathetic comedy played by the father of the first Lilla, an adapted version of the Orsini conspiracy, are the main features of the rest of the novel.

Such is the plot. As will be seen it admits of a great deal of worldly wisdom, wit, humor, and knowledge of artist life. Its love passages are particularly natural and touching; for of all the situations in which the heart is most sensibly moved that is the most distressing where its ordeal is disenchantment. The Pall Mall Gazette complains of the sombre character—the minor key-note—of "My Enemy's Daughter." It gives no "vision of the nursery," nor any "bridesmaids and wedding wine." But it does give us a graphic sketch of life in London, and that is enough.

The Last Treasury Order.

A Washington dispatch of last Friday says:

> Several clerks in the Treasury to-day rather than be catechised as to their birth, age, relations, Representative in Congress, etc., refused to obey the recent official order exacting such information and tendered their resignation. The female clerks were highly indignant, and refused to tell their age, who got them appointed, etc.

We need not wonder that the order created, as it is said to have done, much excitement in the Treasury. It was impertinent, insolent and offensive. The questions put to the male and female clerks could not possibly have anything to do with their qualifications for their places or their fidelity in their discharge of their duties. The only purpose can have been to obtain the means of gratifying political or personal malice. Some administrations that lived before Grant's were guilty of very petty things, but certainly no administration prior to the last 4th of March was ever capable of making such an order as we have here recorded. Radicalism's greatest talent is in the invention of new meannesses. Its talent in that line may fairly be called genius. What are we to expect from the administration of the Treasury Department when we find the Secretary turning his attention to such things?

CITY ITEMS.

Educational.

Mrs. Eva P. Roby has opened a studio in Room No. 4, Weisiger Hall, for the purpose of giving lessons in French, elocution and the common and higher English branches. She is a fine scholar, and has a happy faculty for imparting knowledge to her pupils. She is deserving and should be patronized.

☞ Many desirable places have been sold at auction, but nothing in this city equal to that of Mr. Sues', which he will sell this evening. Pearson & Meddis.

Louisville Medical College, Corner Fifth and Green Streets.

The lectures to-day at this institution will be delivered by Professors Octerlony and Burch and Dr. S. Brandeis. We refer our readers to the advertisement, which will be found in another column.

☞ The attention of druggists is called to the auction sale by S. T. Moore & Co. See auction column.

☞ Whose is the handsomest residence and lot on Fourth street? Sues', of course, and it will be sold at auction this evening. Go to the sale.

☞ We would call the attention of boot and shoe buyers to the large sale of boots and shoes advertised by Messrs. S. G. Henry & Co. They have one of the largest stocks of boots and shoes to be found in the city. In their sales this week they will offer 1,000 lots of very superior goods, some partially damaged by railroad collision.

Sixth-Ward School.

The improvements on the ground purchased by the Board of School Trustees will be sold at public auction on Wednesday afternoon, Sept. 22, 1869, at 4 o'clock, on the premises, situated on the south side of Gray street, between First and Second streets. The improvements consist of two two-story brick houses. The sale is positive and peremptory, as the School Board must erect a school-house this fall. Terms at sale. The improvements must be removed in 10 days after the sale. By order of the Building Committee.

SHERMAN P. WHALEY, Auct.

☞ The especial attention of those desiring a splendid and well located family dwelling is called to Morris, Southwick & Co.'s sale, Thursday, Sept. 23, at 5 o'clock.

☞ The terms on which J. Sues will sell his elegant residence at auction this evening are exceedingly liberal.

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SHERMAN P. WHALEY, Auct.

☞ The best Photographs ever made in this or any other city, are now being made in every variety and size, by J. C. Elrod, in his old gallery, No. 126 Main street.

☞ Cemicide slays bed-bugs on a new plan.

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SHERMAN P. WHALEY, Auct.

GREEN GROVE, ALA., Aug. 19, 1869.

W. H. Walker, Esq:

DEAR SIR: My son, of the firm of Owen Jamar & Co., has suffered for the last two years with dyspepsia, constipation and general debility. A few months since he commenced using your Tonic Bitters, and they have regulated his system, cured his dyspepsia, and his general health is improving fast. We point you to recommending them to the public for their great medicinal qualities. Yours, &c., THOS. JAMAR.

CITY ITEMS.

TAKE AS A PREVENTIVE.

The Reasons of its Superiority Over All Other Chill Remedies.

Wintersmith's Tonic Sirup or Improved Chill Cure is not only an ante-periodic, but acts upon the liver also, so that in cases where persons are bilious, as indicated by sallow complexions, loss of appetite, &c., generally followed by chills and fever, or in higher latitudes or in more exposed situations by continued or intermitting fever, the use of this tonic for a few days will entirely remove these symptoms, and show evidence of its efficacy by restoring the normal clearness of the complexion, and in an increased appetite and a restored healthy action of the secretory organs. This is really the great advantage this tonic possesses over the so-called tonics now in use, the best of which are but anti-periodics, and whilst they may break the chill, they do not remove the cause of the disease, but leave the system in as bad or in a worse condition than when first taken. The use of this medicine is therefore indicated in cases where persons are exposed to miasmatic influences, and is as valuable in warding off attacks of bilious and other fevers as in curing chills and fevers. By the use of chloride or carbolic acid in the sleeping chambers, and a proper use of Wintersmith's Tonic Sirup as indicated by the symptoms, a person may live and enjoy good health in the most malarious districts.

What an Eminent Chemist Says.

Read the testimonial of Dr. J. P. Barnum, the eminent chemist and proprietor of the well-known Louisville Chemical Works:

LOUISVILLE CHEMICAL WORKS, July 28, 1869.

Dr. Wintersmith:

DEAR SIR: I am acquainted with your formula and method of preparing your Tonic Sirup or Improved Chill Cure. It gives me pleasure to state that it contains no arsenic, but is strictly a vegetable preparation, and has, in my opinion, more than ordinary merit as a domestic remedy for malarious diseases. I have recommended it in several cases of chills and fever of long standing, some of them for years, and it has been in every case a perfect success.

J. P. BARNUM, M. D.

Home Testimony.

Read the certificate of R. A. Gresham, of the Louisville Transfer Company:

I have taken nearly all the alterative medicines in the market. I have found nothing to do me half so much good as Wintersmith's Iodized Sarsaparilla and Stillingia. R. A. GRESHAM, Louisville Transfer Company.

☞ Wintersmith's Tonic Sirup or Improved Chill Cure is meeting with extraordinary success. It never fails when properly taken to cure the most obstinate case of fever and ague. For sale by all druggists.

LOCAL NOTICES.

☞ If you want to save the time, trouble and expense attending the building a good residence, go to the sale this evening and buy at your own price that magnificent house of J. Sues. Pearson & Meddis.

Good News to the Ladies.

Mrs. S. S. Green, formerly Miss Sallie Scott, has returned to this city to resume her business, dress-making, in partnership with Mrs. M. C. Leahy. Her skill in cutting and fitting is well known to the ladies of Louisville, from whom they would solicit a share of public patronage. They will be happy to see all who may favor them with a call at their establishment, on Fourth street, below Jefferson. The ladies have just returned from New York, being supplied with the latest styles. All orders punctually attended to.

MRS. M. LEAHY,
MRS. S. S. GREEN.

s19 d7*

For Sale for One Dollar.

The ticket that will draw the $5,000 house and lot in Golladay's 27th drawing at Weisiger Hall, Sept. 27th. Tickets for sale at W. Scott Glore's, corner Third and Jefferson. Six tickets for $5. se17 dtf

☞ We will sell J. Sues' Fourth-street residence this evening, promptly at 5 o'clock. Pearson & Meddis.

Money Loaned on Collateral Security.

Ladies and gentlemen wanting to borrow money for a few days or weeks will consult their own interests by a call at this office. Gold and silver watches, diamonds, &c., and other valuables taken as security. Business fair, equitable, and satisfactory, by C. HAGAN, 214 Third street. sep1 d1m

Testimony of a Physician.

NEWBURG, IND.

I have been selling Wintersmith's Worm Candy or Santonin Lozenges, and those using it have so far reported it as being superior to anything of the kind ever used by them. I cheerfully prescribe it as a very convenient and satisfactory way of using Santonin.

J. E. TILMAN, M. D.

au15-dtf

To the Public.

EVANSVILLE, IND., June 14, 1868.

I cheerfully recommend Dr. R. A. Armistead's Tonic Syrup as a reliable compound for ague, chills, and fever, and the only one (out of the thousand preparations before the public) which effects a cure without leaving the patient in a bloated or diseased condition. I speak thus plainly from a knowledge of the remedial virtues of the preparation in my practice, as well as from the fact that the discoverer is a physician of high professional attainments and experience.

JOHN MAGENISS, M. D.,
Formerly Surgeon United States Army.

For sale by all druggists.

R. A. ROBINSON & CO.,
Wholesale Agents for Louisville.

au8 d3awtf

WINTERSMITH'S WORM CANDY, —OR— Santonin Lozenges.

Wintersmith's Worm Candy or Santonin Lozenges can be depended on as a certain and effectual worm-destroyer. It is not a secret nostrum, but is recommended and prescribed by our most eminent physicians. For sale by all druggists. jy25 di

Burnett's Oriental Tooth Wash.

An elixir for preserving and beautifying the teeth and gums.

MARRIED.

GILLISS—LIGHT—On the 21st inst., at St. Paul's Church, by Rev. E. T. Perkins, W. Irvine Gilliss, of Sioux City, Iowa, to Miss Rachel A. Light, daughter of the late D. B. Light, of this city. ☞ Washington (D. C.) Chronicle please copy.

DIED.

KEOUGH—At the residence of her uncle, James O'Connor, on the 20th inst., of typhoid fever, Miss Ella Keough, in the 18th year of her age. The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from St. John's Church, corner of Clay and Walnut, on the 22d inst., at 9½ A. M. se21 d2

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.

This splendid hair dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the hair soft and beautiful, black or brown. Sold by druggists and perfumers, and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, 16 Bond street, New York. fel deodly

The Wonders accomplished through the agency of genuine Cod Liver Oil in Scrofula, Bronchitis, Chronic Cough, Asthma, and even in Consumption, almost surpass belief. In John C. Baker & Co.'s "Pure Medicinal Cod Liver Oil" (each bottle of which is accompanied by medical guarantees of the highest order) the public have the best brand of the preparation known to the scientific world. JOHN C. BAKER & CO., No. 718 Market street, Philadelphia. ☞ For sale by all druggists. jel dlyrew Wa&s

Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

Notice to Shippers.

NO freight will be received by the Louisville and Nashville Railroad on Wednesday, Sept. 22.

A. BROADDUS, Agent.

"Old Times Come Back Once More."

REALIZING this fact, I have the pleasure of announcing to my old friends that I have permanently returned to Louisville (where I have continued during my absence), and shall now again personally superintend my old store, so well known as

The People's Clothing and Furnishing Goods Establishment,

and which I have restocked with a new, large, and varied assortment of goods for men's wear, embracing everything required to complete a

Man's or a Boy's Outfit.

My prices, as heretofore, will be reasonable, my goods reliable, and I trust by close attention to the wishes of my customers to deserve and receive a fair share of public patronage.

MARK STRAUS,
Corner Market and First sts., Louisville.

☞ New Goods from New York constantly received. se13 deod&weow1

ST. JAMES HOTEL,
Fourth St., Cincinnati, O.,

LOCATED on the most fashionable thoroughfare, near all places of business and amusements, post-office, Merchants' Exchange, banks, &c. The hotel has recently been thoroughly refitted at a great expense, refurnished, remodeled, and repainted, and in the West. Prices reduced to $2 50 per day.

H. P. ELIAS, Proprietor.

FORTUNE TELLER.

ALL persons who are desirous to know what is before them should not fail to call on

MADAM ELIZABETH VEIT,
21 New Albany, Ind.

Residence on Upper Fifth, between Main and Water streets...

COOKE & SEWELL,
Artistic Tailors and Dealers in Gents' Furnishing Goods,
330 WEST MAIN STREET.

HAVE just received an entirely new stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings and Furnishing Goods...

Smith's Organs.

W... 70 Main st...

MEETINGS.

Notice.

Louisville and Jeffersonville Bridge Co.

THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Louisville and Jeffersonville Bridge Company will be held at the office of the Company... on the first Tuesday of October, 1869, for the election of seven directors to serve the ensuing year. The transfer books will be closed from the 4th to the 5th of October, both days inclusive.

sel dtoc5 W. KANNEY, Secy.

Notice.

THE stockholders of the Louisville Association for the Improvement of the Speed of Horses are respectfully requested to meet at the club-room... at 5 o'clock P. M. A full attendance is earnestly requested, as business of importance will be brought before the meeting. se21 dtd J. B. PARKS, President.

Notice.

THE stockholders of the People's Bank of Kentucky are hereby notified that the annual meeting for the election of directors and general business will be held at the bank... on Monday, the 4th day of October next... se1 dtOct4 JAMES H. NORRIS, Cashier.

REMOVAL.

REMOVAL.

CIGAR MANUFACTORY!

C. KIRCH has removed his Cigar Manufactory from No. 65 to No. 71 Sixth street, in the Spurrier House building. He is now enabled, in his enlarged manufactory, to fill all orders promptly. se19 d1m

REMOVAL.

THE De Soto Mutual Life Insurance Company has removed from its old office, to the southwest corner of Main and Fourth streets. The stockholders and friends of the company are invited to call. se18 d6

REMOVAL.

WILLIAM KENDRICK, JEWELER,

HAS REMOVED TO HIS

NEW STORE,

114 MAIN STREET, SOUTH SIDE,

se5 d1m Between Third & Fourth.

Removed.

MRS. DR. BRITEN has removed to No. 9 Jefferson st., between Brook and First, where she will continue the practice of medicine, and attend to all complaints. se4 d1m

FIRM CHANGES.

Dissolution.

H. C. McDOWELL having retired from the firm of C. H. Hewitt & Co., on 21st August, the business in the future will be conducted by myself under the firm name of C. H. Hewitt & Co. Debts due to and due by C. H. Hewitt & Co. will be settled by the new firm. C. H. HEWITT, se23 d6 64 Main street.

THE GREAT AMERICAN

Wood Cooking Stove

TRIUMPHANT

Over All Opposition

1st Premium awarded at Ky. State Fair, September, 1869.

This Stove has been pronounced by all who have examined it the most complete and desirable Stove in the market. Operation guaranteed perfect in every respect.

☞ Send for Price List and Circular.

BRIDGEFORD & CO.,
se13 dim&wlm LOUISVILLE, KY.

WINTERSMITH'S REMEDIES.

Best Medicines of the Age.

Wintersmith's Tonic Sirup.
Wintersmith's Tonic Sirup.
Wintersmith's Tonic Sirup.
Wintersmith's Tonic Sirup.

Wintersmith's Extract Buchu.
Wintersmith's Extract Buchu.
Wintersmith's Extract Buchu.
Wintersmith's Extract Buchu.

Wintersmith's Worm Candy.
Wintersmith's Worm Candy.
Wintersmith's Worm Candy.
Wintersmith's Worm Candy.

Wintersmith's Iodized Sarsaparilla.
Wintersmith's Iodized Sarsaparilla.
Wintersmith's Iodized Sarsaparilla.
Wintersmith's Iodized Sarsaparilla.

For sale by J. A. McAFEE,
se17 d6 Corner Eighth and Jefferson.

Louisville Lock Factory.

Manufacturers of Locks, Bell Hangers, and Dealers in Hardware, &c.,
(JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO),
81 Sixth street, between Market and Jefferson sts.
au11 W&Fr&Sun

To the People of the South and West. Fever and Ague, or Chills, CAN BE CURED WITH *Perry Davis' Pain Killer.*
se13 d&w3

JAMES T. HELM, M. D.

OFFICE, Northwest corner of Second and Jefferson streets. Residence, No. 207 Second street, between Gray and Broadway. se22 dtf

***FOR SALE AT COST,* And Positively Cost.**

Having more business than I can attend to, I offer my entire stock, consisting in **WATCHES, JEWELRY, CLOCKS, &c., AT COST.**

...

W. L. SOTH, Teacher of Piano-Forte, Organ, & Violin.

...

H. F. GIVEN, COTTON AND TOBACCO FACTOR, General Commission Merchant,
No. 11 Union street, NEW ORLEANS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Flour! Flour!! Flour!!!

10,000 BBLS fresh-ground Flour, of all various grades... for sale... T. L. JEFFERSON & BRO., Northwest corner Main and Seventh sts.

Columbus Nursery.

OLD AND RELIABLE—First class Apple and other fruit trees, small fruits, evergreens, ornamental trees, vines, shrubs, &c., best stock in the West, in large quantities; fine assortment; low prices; reasonable; satisfaction guaranteed; correspondence solicited.

E. G. HANFORD, Columbus, O. se3 Wed&Sat3m

Great Inducements to Subscribers.

LET those who want a first-class Ladies' Magazine and a first-class Weekly Paper send at once for a sample copy of

THE LADY'S FRIEND,
AND THE SATURDAY EVENING POST,

and see the unequaled inducements offered. $2 50 a year for each; $4 for both. Four copies for $6, with a large and splendid premium engraving. Five copies (and one gratis) $8. Sample copies of both will be sent (postpaid) for 10 cents.

DEACON & PETERSON,
se21 d&w2 319 Walnut st., Philadelphia, Pa.

Settlement Notice.

THE creditors of Wm. D. Cotter, dec'd, are requested to present their claims properly proven to my attorney, Oliver H. Stratton, 149 West Jefferson street, for settlement; and all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment without delay to my said attorney.

se21 d3 MARTHA J. COTTER, Administ'x.

Pure Machine Oil.

WE have for sale and shall keep a supply of unadulterated and lubricating oil of heavy quality. When you try it you will be pleased with it for all kinds of machinery.

se17 d6 SMITH, STURGEON & CO.

Notice of Executrix.

THE undersigned hereby notifies all those who hold any claims against J. N. Schubert, dec'd, or those who are indebted to said estate, to call within 30 days from this date and settle.

Mrs. S. J. SCHUBERT, Executrix,
113 East Jefferson, bet. Floyd and Preston.
September 16, 1869. se18 d3

Wanted,

At R. W. JENKINS' stables, corner of First and Green streets, 50 good young horses and mares, also 100 work mules. The highest market prices paid. se18 d6

Notice.

LOUISVILLE BRIDGE COMPANY,
LOUISVILLE, KY., July 28, 1869.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—Be it known that, for the purpose of erecting the superstructure of the bridge over the Ohio river at Louisville, at the head of the Falls, a temporary trestle will be erected over the channel of the Indiana chute, so that vessels will not be able to go through the chute. Authority for constructing said bridge has been given to the Louisville Bridge Co. under the act of Congress of July 14, 1862. Accordingly all boats, rafts, &c., navigating the Ohio river are required to regulate the use of said chute so as not to interfere with the construction of said bridge erected and legalized under the provisions of this act.

J. B. HAMILTON,
au1 d6 President Louisville Bridge Co.

Executive Committee,

GERMAN OPERA HOUSE,
LOUISVILLE, August 23, 1869.

A CALL of twenty per cent. on the capital stock subscribed is hereby demanded of the subscribers to the above Hall payable from this date till the 15th of September, 1869, which may be paid at either of the following banks, who will give proper receipts for the same:

German Insurance Company,
German Security Bank,
German Savings Bank—John Smith & Co.;
Western Insurance and Banking Company,
Masonic Savings Bank,
German Bank and Insurance Company.

JULIUS DOHN, President.
G. BAYERSAKE, Treasurer. au24 dtf

Mules for Sale.

30 Work Mules for sale at Goshen, Oldham county, Ky. aug1 dtf. E. WATERS.

Notice of Executrix.

THE undersigned hereby notifies all those who hold any claims against Jacob Ruby, deceased, or those who are indebted to the same, to call within 30 days from this date and settle.

LOUISE RUBY, Executrix,
448 Market street, bet. Eleventh and Twelfth.
se18 d3w

Sugar.

450 HHDS. New Orleans, from fair to prime, in store and for sale by E. BUSTARD,
jel1 71 West Main st., bet. 2d and 3d.

Copper Whisky.

300 BBLS. Copper Whisky, from 4 to 11 years old, in store and for sale by E. BUSTARD, No. 71 Main street, mh8 d6 Bet. Second and Third.

Sugar, Coffee, and Molasses.

200 HHDS. Fair to Choice New Orleans Sugars.
300 bbls. Prime to Strictly Choice Demarara do
500 bbls. Crushed Sugar,
250 bbls. Granulated Sugar,
250 bbls. Powdered Sugar,
150 bbls. A Sugar,
150 bbls. B Sugar,
150 bbls. Extra C Sugar,
2,000 bags Common to Choice Rio Coffee,
200 mats Choice Old Java Coffee,
300 bbls. New Orleans Molasses.
In store and for sale at very low rates.

NEWCOMB, BUCHANAN & CO.,
ap10 dtf 34 Fourth street.

GRATES AND MANTLES.

We are now prepared to furnish Grates of all kinds, Plain and Enameled. Sole manufacturers of the celebrated

WALLACE GRATE

We shall be glad to see all who want Grates or Mantles.

Over 5,000 of the Wallace Grates in use. We refer to all who use them.

☞ Send for price list.

☞ Old stand.

J. S. LITHGOW & CO.,
Third and Main.
se3 d30

J. V. Escott & Son,

Manufacturers, Direct Importers & Dealers
Offer at Wholesale and Retail

60,000 bolts French, English and American **Paper Hangings.**
2,500 boxes French and American **Window Glass.**
5,000 Looking Glass and Picture **Frames.**
50,000 feet Picture Frame **Moldings.**
200 Silver and Wooden **Show Cases.**
25 cases **Looking Glass Plates.**

A full line of PHOTOGRAPHIC AND ARTISTS' MATERIALS, CHROMOS, ENGRAVINGS, &c.

Are prepared to make to order every description of Pier and Mantel Mirrors, Cornices, Silver Show Cases, &c.

Agents for French Plate Glass.

J. V. ESCOTT & SON,
au24 dtf Louisville, Ky.

CHARLES F. RAUCHFUSS' Cheap Lace Store,

163½ Fourth street.

Corsets, with 6 whalebones, only $1;
Corsets, with whalebones, only $1;
Hemstitched Linen Handkerchiefs 20 to 25c;
Misses' Hemstitched Linen " 15c;
Tidies at 25 to 50c;
Darned Reviere;
Chemisettes;
New Styles Linen Collars and Cuffs;
New patterns of Stamped Aprons.

Also, to close out, a large lot
Remnants of Embroideries and Ribbons at very low prices.
se19 tf

C. CAMPBELL, *MERCHANT TAILOR,*
NO. 88 THIRD STREET,

BETWEEN MAIN AND MARKET, is just receiving a new supply of Fall and Winter Goods... se22 d2

Foreign Wines & Liquors.

COGNAC Brandy, Holland Gin, Sherry Wine, Port Wine, Claret Wine, &c.... for sale by W. T. WALKER & CO., se17 38 Main st., bet. Third and Fourth.

Bourbon Whiskies.

1,000 ...

Champagne Wine,

100 CASES ...

Bitters! Bitters!

100 ...

JNO. STORTS. JNO. HANCOCK.

DAVIS, STORTS, & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO W. R. DIX.

Kentucky Planing Mill.

Door, Blind, & Sash Manufacturers, & Dealers in All Kinds of Building Lumber, Rough & Dressed,

Ninth Street, near Broadway, Louisville, Ky.

A. C. McNEILL, Huntingdon, Tenn. M. M. WRIGHT, Louisville, Ky.

McNEILL, WRIGHT & SANDERS, Cotton Factors & Commission Merchants,

AND DEALERS IN

Flour, Bagging, Rope, Iron Ties, Etc.,

31 Main street, between Second and Third, LOUISVILLE, KY.

Liberal Advances Made on Consignments.

G. BAURMANN & Co

Importers and Dealers in Foreign and Domestic

HARDWARE

CUTLERY, GUNS, RIFLES, NAILS,

No. 289 Main Street,

Between Seventh and Eighth, LOUISVILLE, KY.

E. BURDEN & SONS' HORSESHOES, S. E. PUTNAM & CO. AND NORWAY GROWN IRON FORGED HORSE NAILS. ALSO, AGENTS FOR MALLORY, WHEELER & CO.'S DOOR AND PADLOCKS.

COMMISSION HOUSE.

GRIFFITH, BALLARD & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Produce Dealers,

No. 99 Main street, between Third and Fourth,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

☞ Personal attention given to sale of all kinds COUNTRY PRODUCE. ja8 deod6m

DRY GOODS.

Fall and Winter Dry Goods

WE are constantly receiving fresh additions of FALL AND WINTER DRY GOODS, FANCY GOODS, VARIETIES, and NOTIONS, making our stock very large and complete, all of which we offer very low, and to which we invite the attention of the trade.

T. & R. SLAVIN & CAIN,
se13 d3 Opposite Louisville Hotel.

THE TRADE ARE INVITED TO EXAMINE THE NEW FALL STYLES OF

G. M. RICHMOND & SONS' PRINTS,

Now coming forward in choice staple and fancy patterns.

THESE GOODS, so favorably known for the past twenty-one years, are invariably printed on the best sixty-four square cloths, in fast colors only, and buyers may feel assured of always finding these prints as heretofore, "uniform in quality." Good and Improve the high standard already held by these prints.

RETAILERS and CONSUMERS when buying should ask to see the "RICHMOND PRINTS." Special care given to orders. For sale to JOBBERS only by the

RICHMOND MFG. CO.,

188 CHURCH ST., NEW YORK.
au15 eod3m

Trimmings.

A LARGE assortment of Trimming Ribbons, Velvet Ribbons, Fringes, Silk Dress Buttons, Fancy Braids, Ruffling and Frillings.

Received and for sale by JOS. T. TOMPKINS & CO., se19 76 and 78 Sixth street.

Corsets.

200 DOZEN Dd Corsets, 50 dozen fine French Corsets, 25 dozen glove-fitting Corsets. Received and for sale by JOS. T. TOMPKINS & CO., se19 76 and 78 Sixth street.

Cassimeres.

50 PIECES Fancy Cassimeres, 20 pieces black Doeskin Cassimeres. Received and for sale by JOS. T. TOMPKINS & CO., se19 76 and 78 Sixth street.

Sundries.

DEXTER Knitting Cotton, French and Linen Floss, Linen and Cotton Tapes and Bobbins, Linen and Cotton Shoe Strings, Cords, &c., &c. Received and for sale by JOS. T. TOMPKINS & CO., se19 76 and 78 Sixth street.

PROPOSALS.

Notice to Builders and Contractors.

SEALED proposals will be received by the undersigned, at the office of D. McKenzie, Secretary Board of Trustees, corner of Walnut and Center streets, until 12 o'clock M. on Saturday, Sept. 25, for the building of a school-house in the Sixth Ward, on Gray street, between First and Second.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of C. J. Clarke, architect, in the Louisville Hotel block, Fourth street, between Green and Walnut. The committee reserves the right to reject any or all the proposals.

Persons who have heretofore made proposals for the above work pursuant to the notice of July 26, can withdraw and renew the same if they desire. Their proposals will be found at the office of the Secretary of the Board.

GEORGE A. SCOTT,
T. TUCKER,
A. DUVALL, Sr.,
se18 dtd Building Com. Board L. P. Schools.

Proposals for Forage and Wood.

OFFICE OF DEPOT QUARTERMASTER,
JEFFERSONVILLE, IND., Sept. 14, 1869.

SEALED PROPOSALS, in duplicate, will be received at this office until Monday, October 18, 1869, at 12 o'clock M., for supplying such quantities of Oats, Hay, Straw and Wood as may be required at this Depot for the six months ending on April 13, 1870.

The oats to be free from dirt, chaff, or other foreign matter, of No. 1 quality, and of the crop of 1869, to be put up in good strong sacks—bidder furnishing sacks.

The hay to be of the best quality of timothy, and well baled.

The straw to be of the best quality of oat, and well baled.

The wood to be of the best quality of merchantable hard wood, to be cut into four feet long, split to convenient size, and free from limbs and branches.

Separate bids must be made for each article. Parties to whom the contract is awarded must deliver the article at such places at this Depot as the officer in charge may direct.

Proposals to be addressed to the undersigned, and indorsed on the envelope the article bid for.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

By order of the Quartermaster General U. S. A.

J. A. POTTER,
Bvt. Brig. Gen. Q. M. U. S. A.,
se15 d12 Depot Quartermaster.

HARBISON & GATHRIGHT,

Main St., Louisville,

MAKERS OF

Saddles, Harness, and Saddlery Hardware.

We call the special attention of the trade to GATHRIGHT'S PATENT MORGAN SIDE TREE AND SADDLE.

Warranted superior to every respect. For sale by ALL FIRST-CLASS Saddlers.

Great Distribution by the Metropolitan Gift Company.

Cash Gifts to the amount of $500,000...

EDUCATIONAL.

EVENING INSTRUCTION!

FOR the benefit of those of both sexes who are engaged during the day, a limited number of pupils will be received in the common and higher English branches and languages at the studio of Mrs. E. P. Roby, at Weisiger Hall, between the hours of 7 and 10 P. M. Application should be made immediately. Terms reasonable. se22 d2

FRENCH.

ALL those who desire to form classes of their friends, or desire private instruction in the French language by the new and thoroughly practical method, as taught by Mrs. E. P. Roby, are desired to call immediately at her studio, room No. 4 Weisiger Hall. Terms reasonable. se22 d2

PACKER COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,

BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.

A. CRITTENDEN, Ph. D. ...Principal.

THE school year will open on the 15th of September. In the Boarding Department, under the care of Miss E. P. Eaton, pupils will find ample accommodations and a genuine home. Music and French teachers are employed exclusively for boarding pupils. For circulars apply as above to Miss E. P. Smith or to Prof. Eaton. au24 dtf

School Notice.

NOBLE BUTLER will open his school, Walnut street, between Fourth and Fifth, Monday, September 6. Fee for term of twenty weeks, $50, payable one-half at the beginning, and one-half at the middle of the term.

RENSSELAER POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE, Troy, N. Y.—Very thorough instruction in Civil and Mining Engineering, Chemistry, Metallurgy, and Natural Science. Graduates obtain desirable positions. Reopens Sept. 15th. For Annual Register, giving information, address Prof. CHAS. DROWNE, Director. au24 d2

The Louisville Female College,

SECOND to no institution of its class, will commence its 8th annual session on Monday, Sept. 6, 1869, with a full corps of Professors and teachers. Chartered with college powers and privileges, and furnished with a well-selected library, and a choice cabinet of minerals, young ladies enjoy an opportunity in acquiring an accomplished and thorough education. The daughters of all Protestant ministers of the city and those of the Louisville Conference are admitted free.

Young ladies residing above First street or below Twelfth street in this city, who enter the collegiate department of the Louisville Female College, will be furnished school tickets on street cars free of charge.

jy15 eod3m S. PRETTYMAN, A. M., Pres't.

Mt. Vernon Institute.

ENGLISH AND FRENCH HOME SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,

No. 46 Mt. Vernon Place, Baltimore.

MRS. MARY J. JONES, Principal, assisted by a corps of competent teachers...

THIS school is situated in the most elevated and healthy part of the city... For circulars apply to... Louisville; Gen. Preston, Gen. W. Preston, Lexington, Ky.; Judge Graves, Versailles, Ky.; Goodward, Baldwin & Co., Baltimore; Peck, Cooke & Bryant, Louisville. jy25 deod3m

Loretto Academy,

MARION COUNTY, KY.

THIS Academy for young ladies will resume classes on Monday, September 6, 1869. Pupils received immediately on application. Address MOTHER SUPERIOR, Loretto, Marion county, Ky.

LOUISVILLE FEMALE SEMINARY.

NINETEENTH Annual Session will commence on the first Monday of September... in the family of the Principal... For further particulars call at No. 3 Chestnut st. au31 d2m Mrs. J. A. FISK.

CECILIAN COLLEGE,

NEAR ELIZABETHTOWN, KY.

EXCLUSIVELY MALE.

WILL COMMENCE ON THE

First Monday in September, 1869.

TERMS FOR TWENTY WEEKS (IN ADVANCE): Board and Tuition, including washing, fuel, lights... $150

☞ For particulars, apply for catalogue. Address R. A. CECIL & BROS., au11 d2w Elizabethtown, Ky.

German-English Academy

FOR BOYS AND GIRLS,

Cor. Second and Gray Sts

THE exercises of this institution will take place on MONDAY, September 6. Children may be admitted from the age of six years... For particulars apply to the Principal, W. N. HAILMAN, A. M., Principal. au23 dtf

URSULINE FEMALE ACADEMY,

SITUATED on the corner of Chestnut and Shelby streets. The building is large, the rooms well ventilated, with a large play-ground... Letters of inquiry to be addressed to Rev. P. Lambert, Louisville, or to MOTHER MARTINA FICKLAR, Sup.

John P. Young's SAW MILL AND LUMBER YARD,

Fulton, above Campbell Street, LOUISVILLE, KY.

HAS on hand, and is prepared to saw to order, at the shortest notice, all kinds of building and framing lumber...

Louis Tripp's Piano and Music Store!

REMOVED TO

Johnson's New Building, 118 Main St.

HILL'S GOLD PEN MANUFACTORY

...

PIANOS.

KURTZ & ...

PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Courier-Journal.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 22, 1869.

ROUND-ABOUT.

I.

A Prayer Market.

The New York Times has had translated the proceedings of the court in the late extraordinary trial in France of a merchant and an interdicted priest, charged with trafficking in masses to an enormous extent. The result of the investigation has been the conviction of the culprits, and their being sentenced to fine and imprisonment commensurate with their crime. The plan of operations of the two showed great tact and cunning, and they made it pay them handsomely. The trial has created a profound feeling in France.

II.

The Magazines for October.

Among the good things in "Putnam" are, "Old Boston and St. Botolph," by Mrs. Nathaniel Hawthorne, "Princess Belgiojoso in Italy," by H. T. Tuckerman. The best article, however, in the number is Mr. Putnam's "leaves from a publisher's letter-book," which is full of new literary anecdotes of distinguished literary men. The "Atlantic" has some clever lines by Whittier on Garibaldi, a rather good poem by Bayard Taylor, and a sketch of an excursion, by Mrs. Agassiz. The "Galaxy" and "Harper" keep well up to their standard, and are not at all behind the others in their contents.

III.

Science in Great Britain.

Professor Thompson has written an important letter, giving the result of his observations in mid-ocean, and his examination of Atlantic ooze; Archdeacon Freeman has written an interesting paper on "Man vs. the Animals;" the Rev. F. O. Morris on the "Difficulties of Darwinism," and Dr. McCann one on the same subject, to which the eminent Dr. Huxley has replied. Sir John Lubbock is also out in a paper on the "Physical Condition of Man." All of these contributions on scientific subjects are exceedingly interesting, but are entirely too long to reproduce, so we must content ourselves with the mere mention of them.

IV.

Baie Mrs. Stowe's Calumny.

The letter of Lord Lindsay to the London Times, accompanied by a letter from Lady Byron written in 1818, giving an account of her separation from her husband and confirmed by one of her ladyship's most intimate friends, effectually clears the memory of Byron and consigns Mrs. Stowe to an eternity of contempt and her detested slander to oblivion. This last link of evidence of course closes the discussion, and it is to be hoped forever. Mrs. Stowe, in gratifying a beastly, prurient taste, has only succeeded in bringing down upon her the execration of all right-thinking people. "The slow, unmoving finger of scorn" will point to her as the embodiment of baffled malice, as a literary outlaw (a scotched snake would better describe her.) She will bear watching for the future. The venom is not all out of her yet.

V.

Sambo vs. Oxford.

The aristocratic miscreants who were at the bottom of the late humiliation put upon the best blood of New England, are about to be met by the favorite ally of the Pilgrim sons. When they were sorely pressed during the late difficulty Massachusetts made up her quota with negro troops, who "fought nobly" and sustained the honor of the Bay State during several emergencies. Now that the Pilgrim sons are in another predicament the colored brother is again to be called upon to do what they couldn't. A "Northern gentleman of means" (a carpet-bag planter on the Sea Islands), thinks he has among his colored brethren several who could beat the Oxford crew without regard to "race, color, or previous condition." Let the gentlemen from Africa then come up to the rescue for the second time and teach those insolent Britons that as they turned the scales of victory during the late war so will they now turn it again. Let Massachusetts' quota as of yore be made up from the late down-trodden. New England expects every nigger to do his duty. The bells and cannon cannot be used again effectively as excuses.

VI.

A Seaside Carnival.

A pleasant little description of the [illegible] of the regatta week at Ryde is given [illegible] Alcion of the 18th. Every nook and corner of the Isle of Wight is more or less enchanting, but to the charms of sea and land Ryde adds a piquant seasoning of other interests—flirtations, gossip, beauty, scandal, yacht races, distinguished foreigners, native swells, cloudless skies, bewitching maidens, and shoals of blissful youngsters. All these [illegible] be seen and enjoyed on any fine afternoon during the season that one chooses to spend [illegible] the pier, and some cockney, who has exchanged the bricks of Babylon for those delights this year, waxes eloquent. He must [illegible] been put in comfortable apartments [illegible] the Soleut, flecked with dainty [illegible] sails, or with an outlook of fair woodlands; at least, he must have found congenial companionship there, good cooks, and [illegible] wines, for hearty enjoyment lurks in his every paragraph. Ill-tempered people there [illegible] who go to such places determined to find [illegible], and an avenging Providence not unfrequently furnishes them with the text. They [illegible] at places called Sea View, where there [illegible] view at all; are swindled by hackmen; [illegible] by landladies; unsought by the kindly [illegible] who might enliven less surly visitors, [illegible] go away the worse in body and mind for [illegible] weeks of perpetual grumbling. People of [illegible] cheerful dispositions and less exacting [illegible], however, may find in this lovely town [illegible] attractions of the country and seaside [illegible] combined, every phase of English life, and a [illegible] thousand ways of loitering away the precious [illegible] of idleness won by the year's labor.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

[illegible] STEVENS, of Pennsylvania, and Miss [illegible] of Wilkesbarre, in that State, [illegible] married a few days ago.

[illegible] Edinburgh Review is to be edited by [illegible] Kingsley, who is to receive five thousand dollars a year for his services.

[illegible] THOMAS GRAHAM, D. C. L., F. R. S., Master of the English Mint, and one of the most [illegible] chemists of the age, died in London [illegible] days ago.

[illegible] ADAMS, a descendant of President [illegible], was found dead in his bed in Boston [illegible] mornings since. He was the business [illegible] of an insurance company.

[illegible] JAMES PARTON having come out in favor of Mrs. Stowe's Byron slander, the Boston [illegible] styles him "the Sancho Panza of a [illegible] Quixotte." Which is very good [illegible].

[illegible] NORTHROP, of Yale College, who was [illegible] by the Montgomery Mail to be a [illegible] who subsequently turned out to be a [illegible] man, declines the Presidency of the [illegible] University at Tuscaloosa.

[illegible] JUSTICE PERLEY, of New Hampshire, having passed his 70th year, retires [illegible] the bench in obedience to a law of the [illegible] which doesn't believe that a man is fit [illegible] Chief Justice when he gets to be that [illegible].

[illegible] feet of three great travelers are now [illegible] the soil of the American continent, [illegible] Arthur is wandering in Canada, President Grant in Pennsylvania, and Vice President Colfax in California. They all find what [illegible] in search of—the fossiliferous huzzahs of the mob at every station.

[illegible] SCHURZ went to Niagara Falls the [illegible] day, went to Table rock, handed his watch, and money to a boy, and then [illegible] proceeded to go over the falls. That [illegible] last of him. He was not the Carl [illegible] whose name we often see in the newspapers. But perhaps it had better have [illegible].

[illegible] authorities of the city of Mexico have [illegible] another plot to overthrow President Juarez, the prime mover of which was [illegible] to be Negrete, who had been concealed [illegible] city for a month or more. A specie [illegible] to Vera Cruz, containing several million dollars, was to have been seized, and [illegible] money used to aid Negrete in establishing [illegible] government. The conspirator was still [illegible] at latest accounts.

[illegible] Rochester Democrat (Radical) tells us [illegible] General Robert Lowry, candidate for [illegible] General of Mississippi on the Dent [illegible], received his title by a commission issued at Richmond." It is a rather singular [illegible] that General James Longstreet, [illegible] Grant's Surveyor of the port of [illegible] Orleans, received his title by a commission issued at the same place.

[illegible] Nashville Union and American announces that the Hon. John C. Burch has [illegible] an interest in its business and will [illegible] in future to its editorial staff. [illegible] is an able and accomplished [illegible] had experience both as a writer and [illegible]. He has been Speaker of the Tennessee Senate, a Colonel in the Confederate [illegible] and a successful lawyer.

[illegible] C. W. CHARLTON has become the editor of the Knoxville Whig. The Whig has [illegible] been a religious paper in the strict sense [illegible] term, and yet has always been edited [illegible] minister of the Gospel, or by a man who [illegible] that title. It was first edited, for many years, by Parson Brownlow, then by Parson Pearne, and now it is to be edited by Parson Charlton. Some decent infidel would make it a much more pious and useful paper than it has ever yet been.

THE Hon. Marcus G. Beresford, D. D., Archbishop of Armagh, the great grand-son of the first Earl of Tyrone, died in Dublin last Thursday, aged 63 years. A New York paper tells us that the Archbishop was a graduate of Trinity College, Cambridge, in 1821. He was immediately ordained and appointed a rector in the diocese of Kilmore, in Ireland. He gradually rose to be Vicar-General of Kilmore, then Archdeacon of Ardagh, and finally Bishop of Kilmore in 1854. In 1862 he was translated to Armagh and became the 107th Archbishop of that See. He was the patron of 56 livings or rectorships, and his income exceeded $50,000. He lived just long enough to see the English Church disestablished in Ireland.

DANIEL WEBSTER was a philosopher long before he dreamed of being a statesman. At the age of twenty he wrote thus to his brother Ezekiel: "I have now by me two cents in lawful Federal currency; next week I will send them, if they be all; they will buy a pipe; with a pipe you can smoke; smoking inspires wisdom; wisdom is allied to fortitude; from fortitude it is but one step to stoicism; and stoicism never pants for this world's goods; so perhaps my two cents, by this process, may put you quite at ease about cash." To each of us as have but a single nickel in our pockets these words are valuable. They would be, at least, if a nickel would buy a pipe and the tobacco with which to fill it.

QUEEN VICTORIA, accompanied by Princess Louise and Princess Beatrice, and attended by Lady Churchill and Colonel H. E. Ponsonby, arrived at Invertrossachs House, Scotland, on the 3d inst., on a visit to the Trossachs district. The Edinburgh Scotsman says: "The Queen was dressed in black, and, together with the Princesses, was very plainly attired. Her Majesty was looking extremely well, and did not seem to be the least fatigued with her journey. The simplicity of her costume and the good-natured smile with which she acknowledged the cheers of the crowd were the means of calling forth many laudatory remarks from the spectators, who seemed to be much pleased with the unostentatious manner in which her Majesty traveled."

OF Lady Palmerston, to whose death last Sunday we have already referred, the Boston Advertiser says: "She was a lady of considerable notoriety for many years. A daughter of the first Viscount Melbourne, and sister of that Viscount Melbourne who was Prime Minister for most of the time from 1834 to 1841, she was married to Earl Cowper, but between her and Lord Palmerston relations existed that were supposed to be the reverse of Platonic. She became a widow, and Lord Palmerston married her when he was in his fifty-sixth year, the lady being of the same age, almost thirty years since. Their relations do not appear to have affected their social standing, and not only was Lord Palmerston always a man of considerable popularity, but in the last ten years of his life he was almost a dictator in British politics. This shows that our British brethren take a very charitable view of the infirmities of genius, when genius is represented by men of rank and position."

WHILE at one of the watering places last summer a Staten Island belle succeeded in capturing a live English Lord. The Home Journal of last week contained an official announcement of the engagement. The New York Sun of a later date has the following: "Yesterday the gentlemen friends of Lord Hubert Ainsley, of London, entertained him at a dinner in honor of his engagement to a beautiful Staten Island belle and heiress, which has just been announced. His Lordship arrived in this country in July, and, while sojourning at one of the places of fashionable resort, fell in love, proposed and was accepted by the beautiful girl who is his *fiancee*. The dinner was given at the residence of Mr. Jared Oliver, in Twenty-third street. It was entirely a 'stag' party, but during the dinner young Ainsley announced that it was his intention to give a *dejeuner* at an early day to both ladies and gentlemen. Wine flowed like water, and wit accordingly sparkled at the festive board. The party broke up at about 6 o'clock, and the hacks about the Fifth Avenue Hotel were in uncommon demand. The nuptials are to be celebrated in grand style in November, and, we are assured, "will throw into the shade any wedding ever solemnized in New York." The prospective bride is having her trousseau made in this city from patterns sent from Paris, and at some future time it will be fully described in the Sun. This wedding will probably take place in Grace Church, and the subsequent reception at Delmonico's.

WINCHESTER.

A Great Debate—Retrospective and Otherwise.

[Correspondence of the Courier-Journal.]

WINCHESTER, KY., Sept. 20.

The great ecclesiastical battle is over. As after Waterloo, "the pale moon is riding in the quiet heavens," and the hush has become general. For five hours of every one of six days the Baptist church has been thronged, and Elder John A. Brooks and Rev. J. W. Fitch, the former the head of the Christian Church, the latter the head of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, in Winchester, have kept up one of the hottest debates known to church history, and have in the meantime come as near calling each other "you're another" as ardent religionists ever could be expected to come to that grand culminating point. The members of the two churches have expressed the deepest interest throughout, and as there is to be no decision, the friends of Brother Brooks unanimously agree that he is victor, while the friends of Brother Fitch just as unanimously agree that Methodism has triumphed in Winchester in the person of Brother Fitch. At times during the debate there was even a stamping of feet after the manner of applause, and now and then a fervent "amen" would come up from the depths of some good soul. Scarce a sentence passed the lips of either divine that was not taken up and turned inside out and over and across in the way of criticism by a good portion of the audience, and even the two innocent reporters came in for a share of public opinion. The gentleman of the press from Cincinnati was believed to be in league with Mr. Fitch, as he was seen to pass that gentleman a note one afternoon, and the representative of the press from Louisville was voted entirely too young for the business. But the debate is over now, and everybody is willing to wait for it in book form. The passage of carriages and saddle-horses has ceased, and the tireless church bell has stifled its portentous clangor. No more tall gentlemen from the country go riding by with long strings of spider-web floating out from their hat rims—interminable streamers from the forest trees on the way to town; no more pedestrians go stumping over the rocky roads; no more of anything pertaining to the debate is visible outside. A funeral bell was tolling yesterday—some one had gone out over the narrow way which had been the subject of the great discussion; some one perhaps now knows which was right and which was wrong.

MATERIAL WITNESS.

HUDSON.

The Ex-"Railway King" in His Old Days.

The following letter from George Hudson, once the "Railway King" of England, to Mr. Hugh Taylor, of Hexham, is published in the Newcastle Chronicle:

CALAIS, August 10, 1869.

MY DEAR MR. TAYLOR—As the subscription which you kindly originated is now closed, it becomes my duty as well as my pleasure to express my thanks to you, and through you, to the numerous friends who have so handsomely contributed towards it. I can hardly tell how I can, in adequate terms, express my gratitude for their recognition of my services in the promotion of public works. I assure you that I am deeply thankful to you and the other gentlemen who have been associated with you for furthering the subscription for my annuity; and to the large number of friends in Newcastle and Sunderland, as well as in other places, who have so handsomely responded to your appeal, and have thus secured for my remaining days a comfortable competency. I shall ever reflect with pride and satisfaction on my connection with your district. The knowledge that I was enabled to assist in giving to the town of Newcastle its High Level Bridge, to Sunderland its docks, and by a system of combination of our railroads to restore the productiveness of many which were not so, and extending the system of railway to Scotland, is a great pleasure and fully compensates me for any suffering I may have endured. I cannot conclude my letter without publicly expressing my deep obligations to Mr. Elliot, who, during all my misfortunes has been to me a most kind and considerate friend, and who also so warmly assisted you in the promotion of the subscription. Allow me again, my dear Mr. Taylor, to express to you my warmest thanks for all your kindness, which can never be effaced from my recollection. I am yours, very truly,

GEORGE HUDSON.

SUGAR.

Its Prospects in Louisiana.

[From the N. O. Times.]

Persons recently from the coast give rather unfavorable accounts of the appearance and prospects of the cane crop. They represent that the crop is very backward, especially the rattoons, and that the grinding will be unusually late, which exposes the cane to all the contingencies of the uncertain weather of our autumns and early winters. This condition of the cane is ascribed to the lack of diligent and thorough culture, under our present system of labor. The late spring and summer demanded more than even the usual tillage to promote the growth and vigor of the stalks. It is impossible for the planters to exercise the power and control over their laborers in their present condition of dependence upon negro labor. They are compelled to submit to the loose system now prevalent on the plantations, to overlook many serious delinquencies, to make any crop at all. But it is obvious that, without competition, they cannot make a full crop either of sugar or cotton on our fertile lands. Hence the great necessity for the introduction of a new and better system of labor, or indeed of any labor which will supply that great need of all successful production—competition. At present the negroes have everything their own way, and the planters have to succumb and do the best they can. The whole world, including the negroes themselves, are interested in changing this condition of our agriculture.

THE IMPRACTICABLE.

A Picturesque Description of His Peculiarities.

[From the Hancock (Ky.) Messenger.]

We delight in the old-fashioned sturdy unflinching Democrat. He is the sovereign who has controlled with such singular success the destinies of this great country during the whole of her fortunate existence—the last decade being excepted from the happy era. Familiar with the traditions of his party, he draws from them its cardinal principles, and advocates those that are still pertinent, heartily and fearlessly. Such doctrines as have accomplished their mission or are no longer fitted for modern uses, he lays aside as the ancient jewels of the party to be paraded rarely even as curious ornaments and kept until political revolution shall develop other uses for them. Strong in his devotion to truth, the embodiment of which he sees in his political theory, he revolts at compromise, regarding it as a sacrifice of principle on an unholy altar, the incense from which but clouds the political atmosphere until the sacrificers may stumble on destruction. This consistent, "unterrified," determined, earnest Democrat, is a man "after our own heart."

But occasionally gross exaggerations of this excellent individual are seen, and the object of their creation is not altogether obvious. If every party needed (and possibly they do), a certain number of bulls to butt at locomotives, their eminent utility is conceded. Locomotives, however, may be stopped more effectually and certainly more safely in other ways; as Radicalism may be checked more surely and speedily by other means than those the impracticable Democrat is continually devoted to. If he could only stop, after six or seven years' retrogression, in search of comrades, open his eyes to the fact that many have deserted, and push forward with the new recruits he finds around him increasing as they go, he could avoid many a rough campaign. In fact, if to-day the Democracy depended solely on "his-long Democrats" her star would soon be in hopeless eclipse, and those among the "wool-dyed" who demand the pedigree of every applicant for admission to the party do that much towards insuring its subjection. The Democracy is no longer a monarch enthroned, dispensing favors where she will, and ostracising whom she will; but a missionary making proselytes, and too many are yet unwilling to recognize the fact.

Indeed, the impracticable Democrat, of our own State at least, overlooks some other facts equally patent. He seems to forget the Kentucky alone cannot cope with the Radical party, and is the same man who shouted triumphantly after the last Gubernatorial election "the country's safe—Stevenson's elected!" He never feels sure he is right unless he differs with the Republicans totally and in the minutest details, and to him truth itself, if first reached by his enemy, seems hateful. Now this plan of firing away at the enemy whenever and wherever he appears is easy and attractive, but not always judicious. This sort of a Democrat is not unlike his opposite, the pioneer Radical, in his total abandonment to his side of the negro question. In everything relating to Cuffee he sees a "stepping stone" to negro equality, and even forgetting that the "negro testimony" question is purely judicial, he is ready to "read out" of the party anybody who refuses to see, as he does, its absolute identity with negro suffrage. In fact, those who differ with him, even minutely, in any regard are political apes who deserve to be hung, but, by a merciful concession on his part, may only be "drummed out" of the party. This individual in Tennessee would support Gov. Harris for Senator with a certainty of defeat, rather than Andy Johnson with the assurance of victory. He only goes half way in learning to "labor and to wait." In short, he mistakes prejudices for principles, ignores facts, struggles for impossibilities, revels in political platitudes, has a remedy for every political evil—generally the same for all—foretells political results with the most absolute confidence, and, whether correctly or not, is always ready to exclaim, "I told you so!"

His firmness of purpose and unyielding devotion to his party, however, are to be admired, and a few of his kind may possibly do well in its ranks as faithful sentinels, but it is to be hoped that he is neither growing "more so" nor "more numerous," for too great a "mucness" of him might be fatal to Democracy.

CUBA.

The Settlement of the Question is Declined by Fish—Quesada Fortifying.

[From the Special Telegram to the Cin. Commercial.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—The Sun has the following:

"We learn from Washington that General Sickles has recently telegraphed from Madrid the latest proposition in relation to Cuba which the government of Prim and Serrano has communicated to him, to be transmitted to Mr. Secretary Fish. The Spanish rulers substantially, though not in explicit terms, accept the United States Government as the mediator between Spain and the revolutionary authorities of Cuba, and propose to settle the revolution upon the following basis:

"1. The revolted Cubans to lay down their arms.

"2. The Spanish Government to disarm and disband the volunteers, leaving the Spanish regulars as the only troops on the island.

"3. A universal amnesty to be proclaimed, all exiles to have the right to return, political prisoners to be set free, confiscated estates to be restored to their former owners, and all persons deprived of any civil rights for political reasons to be invested with them once more.

"4. An election to be held in Cuba for deputies to the Spanish Cortes.

"5. The Spanish Executive Government to pledge itself to support, in the Cortes, whatever settlement of the Cuban question the deputies from Cuba may desire. If they want independence, the Government will favor that, if they should decide in favor of a separate administration, with a Government appointed by Spain, a Legislature chosen in Cuba, and a responsible Ministry, the system now practiced in the British Colonies, the Government will bind itself to use its whole influence in the Cortes in favor of adopting that system.

"Secretary Fish, it is reported, has decisively refused the offer."

The Cuban Junta has information that Las Tunas is the seat of the Republicans of Cuba. The Spaniards, after their recent fight, evacuated the city, and Quesada occupied it, and is fortifying it. Cespedes, with his Cabinet, and the Cuban Congress are there. The Spanish garrison has arrived in Havana.

A Havana correspondent says: "Scarcely had the Spanish abandoned the city, by passing out on the Holguin road, on the north, when General Quesada and his small army moved from the Mercader Hill, a mile and a quarter from the town, on the east, and marched into the city, on the Bayamo road.

"The Spaniards, about eighteen hundred soldiers and fifteen hundred citizens of Las Tunas, marched slowly, for they had the retarding burden of hundreds of sick soldiers. Their artillery, forty pieces, was their safety, and secured them from attack.

"Quesada's triumph was complete without another bloody struggle. He, it appears, is all but too careful of the lives of his men. Had he been a heartless commander, Puerto Principe would have been captured long ago. Nothing has prevented its fall except that the Spaniards whenever it was threatened, sent hundreds of Cuban women and children to the front, at points where attacks were threatened.

"There are few particulars of the occupation. What we know here is that there is such despondency among Spaniards here as has never before been witnessed.

"A commission of citizens from Las Tunas, consisting of seven persons, arrived here with Colonel Boniche. They went to Cardinas to see De Rodas and ask him for reinforcements for that department.

"They have no use for them now."

BRAVADO.

A Suicide's Letter.

A correspondent of the Warrensburg, Mo. Standard states that a man named M. P. Chapman committed suicide in the northern part of Grover township, on the 16th inst., by shooting himself. It seems that Chapman had killed a man in Illinois last month, after which he visited a sister in Lafayette county. Learning that officers were hunting for him, he fled to the place where he killed himself rather than be arrested. The following is a copy of a letter written before his death, which was found fastened to his clothing:

DEAR BROTHER AND SISTER: I seat myself to drop you a few lines for the last. I don't want you to grieve after me, for I will be better off than to have them d—n—h— after me to take me. I had sooner die a thousand times rather than let them catch me alive. Tell mother and Sarah and Aary and Liza and Newt all good-bye for me. I don't want them to grieve after me. Tell all of the folks to take it easy, for that is the way I am doing. I would like to see you all again, but there is no chance without letting them take me, and I can't see it in that way, for it is only death anyhow, and they shan't have it to boast over. I have got a little too much sand about me for to let them stretch my neck and have it to boast over. Well, Joe, I want you to come and get me and bury me in the same clothes I have on; don't change nothing.

MAHLON P. CHAPMAN.

I shot him on the 16th day of August, '69. Nobody knew anything about it but me, and I did not know it myself fifteen minutes before I done it, but I would do it again. Good-bye to all.

September the 6th, 1869.

Well, Joe, I want you to come and get me as soon as you get this. I want you all to boast of it.

M. P. CHAPMAN.

I feel bully this morning.

BURIED ALIVE.

A Horrible Case in France.

A terrible story, reported from Agen, and attested both by a doctor and by the Directeur des Pompes Funebres, shows that fears of premature burial in France are not unfounded, in consequence of the law commanding interment within twenty-four hours after death. A young lady of Agen died about a year ago, and was buried in the cemetery of Sainte Foi. A few days since her mother also expired, having before her death expressed a wish to repose in the same coffin with her daughter. A large coffin was accordingly constructed to contain the two corpses, and the body of the young lady was exhumed. It was then discovered that the winding sheet had been torn open, and the right hand, which was discovered from the [illegible], was deeply marked with bites. On the lid of the coffin were some marks made with the [illegible] which lay on her breast, and the whole circumstances of the case left no doubt that the unfortunate young lady had been a victim to the horrors of premature burial. Intense excitement prevails in the neighborhood, and an official inquiry is to be made on the subject.

The Southern Typographical Unions are each to send a boy to Gen. Lee's College to be thoroughly educated, but to work one hour every day at the printer's art. This plan, if carried out, will manufacture a few printers of superior education, if not ability.

Monetary and Commercial.

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE COURIER-JOURNAL,
TUESDAY EVENING, Sept. 21, 1869.

What we heard of the market to-day during our round among the capitalists assured us of a slight improvement in currency. Depositors are slowly increasing their balances, and the banks are accommodating with more ease than formerly. We give to-day as the prices used in discounting 9 and 12 per cent., and in some cases 15 per cent. is paid.

In regard to money matters in New York the Herald of the 17th says:

The scarcity of small notes is greatly felt in the city, owing to the dissemination of the lower denominations throughout the Southern States. The speculators lay much stress upon the fact of this scarcity, which is also attributable to the calling in for cancellation of notes which have been dangerously counterfeited. Treasurer Spinner has written to Senator [illegible] [illegible] is hastening to replace the currency thus withdrawn, and a special dispatch from Washington to-day says that Secretary Boutwell and Superintendent McCartee [illegible] [illegible] in consultation [illegible] as soon as possible [illegible] the 1st of October, the department can furnish $500,000 a day of one, two, and ten dollar notes, and this amount will be increased soon after to half a million dollars daily. This, it is expected, will relieve the money market to a considerable extent. The market for paper is still without animation, and prime notes are hardly done less than ten to twelve per cent. discount. The merchants complain loudly of the inability to sell at old rates, but capitalists and lenders have their eyes fixed on [illegible] market, and still prefer the employment of their funds on call.

The World, of the same date, says the bull element of the street is completely demoralized, and every one to-day was apparently trying to save something from the wreck. The Stock Exchange presented a scene of animation and excitement such as has not been witnessed for many months. The bears [illegible] out the day, and were [illegible] in the afternoon that some stock firms were in trouble. They fought the market throughout the day, and on every rally returned boldly to the attack, thus demoralizing the bulls until their ranks were broken and the Stock Exchange brought to the verge of a panic. The present situation was foreshadowed in the Herald of [illegible] [illegible] a change of policy on the part of Mr. Boutwell. The Secretary [illegible] [illegible] made the occasion for the present fall in values in Wall street. It was freely reported on the street to-day that he would yield to the pressure brought to bear on him for a change, and the political affiliations between the Secretary and the parties circulating these reports, who are on the short side of all the markets, undoubtedly assisted in producing the general depression today. These parties are already large sellers of greenbacks, if the Secretary changes his platform, and they will also put into execution the projected Wall street dodge of advertising to buy greenbacks at a premium. By this new method they hope to create a run on the banks for greenbacks, which would cause a general and wide-spread panic, whereby they might smash Wall street generally. The whole situation, therefore, seems to turn on the action of the Secretary.

The Journal of Commerce pays the following high compliment to Mr. Secretary Boutwell:

We have no disposition to sneer at Mr. Boutwell for his visit to this financial center nor for his interviews with the magnates of Wall street and vicinity. Nor do we think it proper to assume that this journey and consultation has any political significance. Mr. Grinnell, as a courteous gentleman of the [illegible], entertained his chief sumptuously, and this was but due respect to the head of his Department. If Secretary Boutwell heard no more counsel here than he received no worse advice than is likely to come from the majority of those with whom he held intercourse as reported, he will not be led far astray by evil counsels. We have an impression that the Secretary is a "born financier" in the best sense of that term, and will do what is right in his own eyes [illegible] [illegible] anybody. If he be honest [illegible] do, then, better than his predecessor, since an earnest heretic in finance will work less mischief than a man without principle, who drifts without purpose or is carried hither and thither by strong outside, selfish influences he seeks not to resist.

EXCHANGE—The market shows a slight decrease in the amount of Eastern exchange. The banks have not been out selling, and on the whole prices are a little firmer, say buying at 1-10 discount and selling at par.

GOLD—Has been trying to advance—opening at 137⅛, and at 3 p. m. reaching 137¾. It has been coming in very freely and bought on fair terms.

	Buying.	Selling.
Gold	135½	137¼
Silver halves and quarters	130	
Silver dimes	127	

All issues of Government bonds have been depressed, and so have declined. Small activity in them only is discernable here.

We quote buying and selling figures:

Five-twenties, 1862	[illegible]
Five-twenties, 1864	[illegible]
Five-twenties, 1865	[illegible]
Five-twenties, 1865	[illegible]
Five-twenties, new issue	[illegible]
Five-twenties, 1867	[illegible]
Five-twenties, 1868	[illegible]
Ten-forties	[illegible]
Cy 6s	[illegible]

The following closing quotations indicate the course of prices for the past three days:

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Adv.	Dec.
Coupons, '81	121	121	120¾		¼
" '62	121¼	121	121⅛		[illegible]
" '64	120	120	[illegible]		[illegible]
" '65	120¼	[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]
New issue	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]
"	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]
Coupons, '68	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]
10-40s coupons	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]
Cy 6s	109	108	[illegible]		1

LOCAL STOCKS AND BONDS.—A general dullness has been prevailing in the market of local securities. It is true that sales are now and then occurring, but they are small and of no moment. To-day some few sales were made in city 6 per cents. A little inquiry exists for Nashville stocks.

Messrs. MORTON, GALT & CO., Bankers, 150 Main street, quote as follows:

STOCKS.

National Bank, first	[illegible]	[illegible]
National Bank, second	[illegible]	[illegible]
National Bank, Planters	[illegible]	[illegible]
National Bank, City	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bank of Kentucky	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bank of Louisville	[illegible]	[illegible]
Merchants' Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]
Commercial Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]
Northern Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]
Citizens' Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]
People's Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mechanics' bank	[illegible]	[illegible]
West'n Fin'cial Corp'tion bank (new)	[illegible]	[illegible]
Falls City Tobacco bank	[illegible]	[illegible]
Masonic bank	[illegible]	[illegible]
Security bank	[illegible]	[illegible]
Louisville Insurance Company bank	[illegible]	[illegible]
Farmers' bank	[illegible]	[illegible]
Western Insurance Company bank	[illegible]	[illegible]
German Insurance Company bank	[illegible]	[illegible]
Gas Company stock	[illegible]	[illegible]
L & F. R. R. (preferred)	[illegible]	[illegible]
L & F. R. R. (common)	[illegible]	[illegible]
Jeff., Mad., & Ind. R. R.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Louisville & Nashville R. R.	[illegible]	[illegible]

BONDS.

City for improvements	74	@ 75
City for bounty	74	@ 75
City for school purposes	75	@ 76
City for Jeff. Railroad	80	@ 81
City for L. and N. Railroad, M. S.	80	@ 81
City for L. and N. Railroad, L. B.	[illegible]	[illegible]
City for wharf, new	[illegible]	[illegible]
City for wharf, old	[illegible]	[illegible]
City for water-works, old	[illegible]	[illegible]
City for water-works, new	[illegible]	[illegible]
Water-works bonds	[illegible]	[illegible]
Canal bonds, first issue	[illegible]	[illegible]
" " second issue	74	@ 75
" " third issue	74	@ 77
" " fourth issue	73	@ 75
Kentucky State bonds, old	99	@100
" " " new	[illegible]	[illegible]
Jeffersonville Railroad bonds, old	93	@ 94
" " " new	—	@ 80*
L. & F. R. R. bonds (G branch)	—	@ 85*
L. & N. R. R. bonds (M. S.)	96	@ 98
" " " (L. B. br.)	91	@ 92
" " " (M. br.)	94	@ 96
" " " con'd mort.	—	@ 90
City for Elizabethtown & Paducah RR	—	@ 85*
Ohio River Bridge Company	—	@100*

Bonds marked * are sold with interest added.

COMMERCIAL.

The merchandise movement continues upon a scale of unprecedented magnitude, and to-day another freight blockade was announced at the Louisville and Nashville Railroad depot. More cars is now the great need of the road. We are glad to know they will be furnished at the earliest possible day. Business in all departments continues active, and prices are fully maintained.

We noticed a shipment of broom-corn from Arkansas yesterday to Messrs. George W. Wicks & Co., the first we have heard of from that State. It was of good quality, long and fine, and its cultivation promises to be profitable in that State.

RICE—The New Orleans Commercial Bulletin says:

The rice crop of Louisiana last season amounted, according to the returns published by Mr. Bouchereau of the product of the various parishes, to 68,915 casks of the average weight of 200 pounds. Of this crop the Parish of Plaquemines alone produced 28,652 casks. Until very recently the prospect for a largely increased yield over what was grown last season was very promising, but we regret to learn from the account we read in the "Empire Parish" that the crop in the Parish of Plaquemines, and which was being harvested, has sustained very serious damage from the great gale of the 6th instant. The wind blew with such force as to drive the salt water from the Gulf over the rice fields and cover them to a depth of two or more feet. Where the rice had been cut, but still lying on the ground, the damage sustained was very great, and that which was stacked was submerged, rendering it necessary for the stacks to be torn down and the rice spread out to dry. Much rice which was uncut and on the ground and some of that in stacks was entirely washed away with the receding tide. Where the rice was uncut the losses will be comparatively light.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

For the last twenty-four hours by the Frankfort, Nashville, Jeffersonville, and New Albany railroads, and by the river. (Furnished by the Board of Trade):

Articles.	Imports.	Exports.
Apples, green, bbls	[illegible]	5
Butter, pkgs	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bacon, casks	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bacon, tcs	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bagging, pcs	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bale Rope, coils	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cement, bbls	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cheese, pkgs	[illegible]	[illegible]
Candles, bxs	[illegible]	[illegible]
Coffee, bgs	[illegible]	[illegible]
Corn, bu	[illegible]	[illegible]
Coal, bush	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cotton, bales	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fruit, fresh, pkgs	[illegible]	[illegible]
Feathers, bags	[illegible]	[illegible]
Eggs, bxs and bbls	[illegible]	[illegible]
Flour, bbls	[illegible]	[illegible]
Furniture, pkgs	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hides, bdls	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hay, bales	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hogs, head	[illegible]	[illegible]
Horses, head	[illegible]	[illegible]
Iron, pig, tons	[illegible]	[illegible]
Iron & castings, bdls and pcs	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lard, tcs	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lard, kegs	[illegible]	[illegible]
Malt, sks	[illegible]	[illegible]
Merchandise, pkgs	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mules, head	[illegible]	[illegible]
Nails, kegs	[illegible]	[illegible]
Oats, sacks	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Potatoes, bbls	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pork, mess, bbls	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Sugar, hhds	[illegible]	[illegible]
Soap, bxs and bbls	[illegible]	[illegible]
Salt, bbls	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Shingles, no	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tobacco, hhds	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tobacco, boxes	[illegible]	[illegible]
Whisky, bbls	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wheat, sacks	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wool, sacks	[illegible]	[illegible]
Woodenware, pkgs	[illegible]	[illegible]

Daily Review of the Markets.

[illegible]

ALE AND BEER—Prices are quotably unchanged. We quote Cream ale and Lager beer at $10 per barrel, and smaller packages in proportion.

APPLES—Prices are steady and receipts are liberal. We quote at [illegible] common on arrival [illegible] from store; [illegible]

BAGS—[illegible] ported at [illegible] quotations. [illegible] Burlap [illegible] Gunny bags at [illegible]

BEESWAX—[illegible]

BATTING—We quote Cannelton No. 1 and [illegible] Maysville [illegible] at [illegible]

BUTTER—Is in active demand, and we note [illegible] and 50 [illegible] the New York [illegible] Country butter is firm and [illegible] on arrival [illegible] choice [illegible] at [illegible] and New York tub [illegible] is held at [illegible]

COTTON YARNS—Stocks are fair and a good demand is reported. We quote No. 500 at [illegible]; No. 600 at [illegible]; No. 700 at [illegible] per dozen pound yarns at [illegible]. Carpet chain is selling at [illegible] for white, and [illegible] for colored, and candlewick [illegible]

CANDLES—Are in good demand and prices are well maintained. We quote at [illegible] for full weight; star and [illegible] Tallow candles are steady at [illegible]

CEMENT—Is in good request, with sales to-day at [illegible]

CORNMEAL—[illegible] for bolted meal.

CHEESE—The market is active, and we note sales of 150 boxes factory at [illegible]. We quote factory at [illegible]; Western Reserve [illegible]; Kentucky Cream at [illegible]

COAL—Price of Pittsburg is firm at [illegible] per load of 25 bushels, to the city.

DRIED FRUIT—Light receipts are reported. We quote at [illegible] per pound.

EGGS—Prices are firm at [illegible] per dozen on arrival.

FLAXSEED—Is steady, and dealers are paying [illegible] per bush., on arrival.

FEATHERS—Prices are firmer with an improved demand. Dealers are paying [illegible] for prime lots, with occasional sales of choice at [illegible]

FISH—Prices are well maintained. We quote:

[illegible market table]

GINSENG—Is in demand at 70@75c per lb.

HAY—Receipts are equal to the demand and prices are unchanged. We note sales of [illegible] tons at $18 per ton. We quote good to prime on wharf at [illegible] round and dry [illegible]. Prices from store [illegible]

HIDES—We quote [illegible] dry salted at [illegible] wool on) [illegible]

IRON COTTON TIES—[illegible] sales of 340 bdls at [illegible]

IRON AND STEEL—[illegible] a good demand.

[illegible]

LEATHER—Stocks are large and an active trade is still reported. Prices are firm. We quote:

[illegible leather price table]

LIME—Is in good supply at [illegible] per bbl., with sales of [illegible] bbls at quotations.

MANUFACTURED TOBACCO—The market is very active and dealers find it difficult to supply the demand. Factories are running to their utmost capacity and still orders are accumulating. Prices are steady but are regarded too low and an advance may be anticipated. We quote:

[illegible tobacco price table]

NAILS—Prices are quotably unchanged. We quote 10d and 4d at $4 40@4 65; horse-shoe nails at [illegible] according to brands.

OILS—A good demand is reported, particularly for coal oil, and prices are firm. We quote prime lard oil at [illegible]; No. 1 at $1 40; linseed oil at $1 05@1 10; coal oil [illegible] for No. 1, and [illegible]

ONIONS—Are in good request, and prices have advanced, with sales at $3@3 50 per bbl.

OAKUM—Is unchanged. We quote at $5 75 per bale.

POTATOES—Are in good request, and prices are steady. Sales are made at [illegible] per bbl., loose, and [illegible] per bbl. in shipping order.

PIG IRON—Is in good demand. We quote:

Hanging Rock, No. 1 foundry, per ton	[illegible]
Hanging Rock, No. 2 foundry, per ton	[illegible]
Mill iron, per ton	[illegible]
C. B. Car-wheel iron, per ton	[illegible]
Tennessee iron, C. B., per ton	[illegible]
Alabama and Georgia, C. B., per ton	[illegible]

RICE—We quote Carolina at 9¼@10c, and Louisiana at 9@9½c per lb.

SOAP—Manufacturers and jobbers report a good demand at full prices. We continue to quote German No. 1 at [illegible]; No. 2 at [illegible]; rosin at 6½c, and palm at [illegible]

SALT—We quote Kanawha and Ohio river at $2 [illegible] per bbl; [illegible] bush bbls, [illegible] 280-lb bbls, [illegible]; dairy salt at [illegible] per bbl.

STRAW—Is in light request, and commands from [illegible] per ton on arrival.

STARCH—Sales of standard brands at 6⅛@7¼c.

TALLOW AND GREASE—The market is unchanged and firm. We quote tallow at 11@12c; grease 9@12c, according to quality, and receipts find ready sale.

TINNERS' STOCK—The demand continues active, and prices firm. We quote:

I. C., 10x14, C. coal	$14 50
I. X., 10x14	[illegible]
I. C., 14x20	[illegible]
I. X., 14x20	[illegible]
Block tin	[illegible]
Lead	[illegible]
Solder	[illegible]

WOOL—We quote unwashed clothing at 31@34c; unwashed combing at 35@40c; tub-washed at 48@55c.

WHITE LEAD—Is firm, and we quote pure at 13¼c; low grades at 8@12c per lb.

WHISKY—The demand for raw is moderate and prices range from $1 10@1 11 per gallon, tax paid. Rectified is steady at $1 06@1 30. We quote new copper at $1 [illegible] 65, free, one year old $2 10@2 30, two-year old $2 25@3 40 per gallon, all free.

Louisville Flour and Grain Market.

FLOUR—The market is exhibiting no new features, and the local and shipping demand is fair. There is a scarcity of low grades; of the higher grades the market is fairly supplied. Some sales of superfine were made to-day at $4 75 for low grades. We note sales of 500 bbls assorted at quotations; 200 bbls fancy at $6 25; 300 do No. 1 at $7; some sales of flour, including fancy, was sold to-day at $7. We quote:

Fine	$4 25@4 50
Superfine	5 00@5 25
Extra	5 25@5 75
Extra family	5 75@6 25
A No. 1	6 50@7 00
Fancy	7 50@8 25
Rye Flour	6 50@6 75

WHEAT—The market is quotably unchanged, and telegraphic advices are not calculated to increase the investments of operators. Receipts are light, and prices about the same as have ruled for several days, ranging from $1 10@1 [illegible] on arrival for red and white. We note sales to-day of 800 bushels red at $1 20 to miller.

CORN—Is in fair demand, but sales are chiefly to the local trade. Dealers are paying from [illegible] for ear and shelled in bulk on arrival, and sales are made at [illegible] advance from store. Prime white, sacks included, is held at $1 08@1 09.

OATS—Are in good request, and receipts are below the requirements of the trade; 43@53c is paid on arrival, and sales are made at 55c from store. Sales of 300 bushels at 55c from store.

RYE—Is in good request at 85c on arrival for prime. We have no sales to report, but holders are asking $1 05 from store.

BARLEY—Prices steady at $1 15@1 35 for various grades.

MALT—Is in fair demand, and prices are steady. We quote No. 1 fall at $1 60@1 80; Nos. 1 and 2 spring at $1 50@1 65; Canada malt at $1 90; corn malt at $1 10@1 15.

Louisville Bagging and Bale Rope Market.

BAGGING—The market continues to exhibit increased firmness, and prices are fully maintained, dealers contending for outside figures. Stocks are down to a point which is creating no little anxiety, and doubts are entertained in regard to the sufficiency of the supply; at any rate there is a fear that prices will continue to rule high is a foregone conclusion, and those who have not purchased will have to submit. The advance from the lowest point of prices has been equal to about 20 per cent. Sales to-day include 770 pcs [illegible] to dealers at [illegible], and [illegible] to dealers to [illegible] on orders. We quote:

[illegible bagging price table]

ROPE—We note sales of [illegible] to dealers at [illegible] [illegible]

Louisville Provision Market.

The market opened to-day with a fair demand and a firm feeling. A slight decline is [illegible] reported, and sales of 40 casks clear sides at [illegible] shoulders at [illegible]. We note sales of [illegible] [illegible] Lard is [illegible] [illegible] dealers [illegible]

Louisville Grocery Market.

NEW ORLEANS SUGAR.—A good demand prevails for Louisiana sugar, and prices are firm. Sales to-day reported amount to 12 hhds and 27 bbls various grades, except choice, at quotations. We quote:

Choice	15 @15½
Prime	14½@15¼
Fully fair	14 @14½
Fair	13½@14¼
Common	12 @13½

REFINED SUGARS—Are in active request, with full stocks of the various grades. Sales to-day reported amount to 134 bbls. We quote:

Hard standard	
A	18 @18½
B	17 @17¾
Extra C	16¾@17¼
C	16¼@16¾
Yellow	15¼@15½

CUBA AND DEMARARA—Dealers report fair sales of Porto Rico, Havana and Demarara, with sales to-day of 12 hhds and 25 bbls at quotations. Demarara at [illegible], and white Havana at 15¼@16c.

COFFEE—Stocks are ample to meet the requirements of the trade, and an active demand is reported. We note sales of 127 bags Rio at our figures. We quote:

Coffee, Rio, choice	[illegible]
" " prime	24½@25¼
" " fair	23 @24
" " common	22 @23
Java	34 @37
Laguayra	25½@26

MOLASSES—The market is quiet and unchanged. We continue to quote N. O. Molasses at 75 to 90c for prime to choice; sirups are in request and prices range from 85 to $1 40 for common to choice good qualities.

Louisville Leaf Tobacco Market.

The market opened more buoyant to-day, and prices are fully maintained. The sales to-day at the six auction warehouses amounted to 137 hhds, with rejection of bids on 15 hhds.

The PICKETT HOUSE sold 39 hhds—A hhds Breckinridge county redried leaf at [illegible] [illegible]

The LOUISVILLE HOUSE sold 29 hhds: 2 hhds medium shippers from Warren at $10 75, 10 75; Lossamon leaf from Crittenden at $9 55; 1 lugs from Breckinridge at $8 40; 6 common to fair leaf from Breckinridge at $9 75, 9 90, 9 95, 10, 10, 11 25; 7 common to medium leaf from Grayson at $8 65, 8 65, 9, 10, 10 25, 10 25; 3 common leaf from Green at $9 10, 9 [illegible]; 5 medium shippers from Clarksville at $10 50, 10, 10 75, 10, 10; 2 good lugs at $8 50, 9 60; 2 steaming leaf from Daviess at $10, 10 75.

The NINTH STREET HOUSE sold 22 hhds: 2 scraps at $4 65, [illegible] [illegible] at $7 75, 8, 8 50; 5 shipping leaf from Barren at $ 90; 4 from $10 50 to $11 [illegible]; 4 leaf from Warren from $8 20 to 10; 2 low leaf from Breckinridge at $8 10, 9 10; 1 heavy cutting leaf from Trimble at $14 50.

The FARMERS' HOUSE sold 15 hhds: 2 hhds lugs Adair and Barren county at $8 [illegible]; 1 hhd Daviess county [illegible] at $9 [illegible]; 1 hhd medium stamped county at $10; 1 hhd low leaf Warren at $9 20; 2 hhds medium Barren at $9 50, 10; 1 hhd shipper at $12 75; 6 hhds Hart county at $10, 65, 22 50, 20, 10, 22; 1 hhd medium leaf Green county at $9 50.

The PLANTERS' HOUSE sold 5 hhds: 4 hhds Hart county from fillers and medium leaf at $9 80 to 13; 1 hhd Greene county lugs at $7 80.

The BOONE HOUSE sold 25 hhds: 2 hhds Taylor county lug and leaf at $7 60, 10; 1 hhds Breckinridge county lug and leaf [illegible] [illegible] 2 hhds Hart county leaf at $10, 10; 4 hhds Metcalfe county at $10 75, 10 50, 10 25, 9 50; 5 hhds Missouri lugs at $7 50, 10, 7 80, 7 25; 1 hhd Green $9 55.

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OF THE

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Of St. Louis, Mo.

No. 144½ West Main Street, Louisville, Ky.

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Travel in the United States, British Provinces or Europe, unrestricted.

None but really extra hazardous occupations charged extra premium.

A loan of one-third the premium allowed, if desired, at six per cent.

Thirty days' grace allowed on payment of premium.

The high rate of interest to be obtained in the West will result greatly to the advantage of policy-holders in Western companies.

A portion of the company's funds will be invested in Kentucky, under the advice and supervision of this branch office.

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Louisville, Sept. 11, 1869. sell dtf

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GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,

OFFICE, No. 120 West Main street, over Kitts & Werne's Jewelry Store.

German Security Bank, of Louisville. Cash capital (all paid up), [illegible]

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Risks taken on their merits. aul5 W&F3m

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New Coal Office.

I HAVE the pleasure of announcing to my friends and the public that I have again commenced the Coal business, on my own account, at No. 88, west side of Third street, between Main and Market sts., where I shall keep Pittsburg, Youghiogheny, and other coals, and be pleased to see my friends and old customers. aul1 dtm K. W. HUGHES.

ANTHRACITE COAL.

WE are now receiving a supply of the best quality of Anthracite Coal, which we offer for sale in quantities to suit purchasers. This coal is guaranteed to burn in ordinary grates, ranges, stoves, and furnaces. It gives out an intense heat, burns freely, and will last from 2½ to 3 times as long, a saves storage-room, labor, and attention. When once lighted a fire may be kept up all season without rekindling. For cooking purposes it cannot be equaled.

O'NEILL & CO.,
49 Fourth st.
ly12 dtm

DENTISTRY.

DENTISTRY.

The Colton Dental Association, No. 174 Fifth street, between Green and Walnut, west side, originated the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas for the painless extraction of teeth, and, as an institution, have administered it to over 40,000 persons without an accident. Perform all operations in surgical, operative, and mechanical dentistry. Call and examine specimens.

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McClelland's Rose-Pearl

Is a preparation from the fiber of cotton. It is pronounced by dentists, who know how to use it, and by chemists, to be the very best material for a base for artificial teeth ever known.

Instructions imparted to dentists and practical cases of teeth made for the public at the Dental Cabinet of DR. J. A. McCLELLAND,
151 Third st., Louisville.
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$2 50 PER DAY.

Malt and Hops!

I WOULD respectfully call the attention of brewers and distillers to my stock of choice barley, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Kentucky Malt House, Market street [illegible]

PIANOS.

LARGE arrivals from Chickering & Sons, [illegible] [illegible] and other [illegible] [illegible]

sel4 dtf [illegible] Main st., [illegible]

Musical Instruments, Strings, &c.

THE largest stock in the [illegible] [illegible]

D. P. FAULDS, [illegible]

sel4 dtf [illegible] Main st., bet. 2d and 3d.

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HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU IS pleasant in taste and odor, free from all injurious properties, and immediate in its action.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU GIVES health and vigor to the frame and bloom to the pallid cheek. Debility is accompanied by many alarming symptoms, and if no treatment is submitted to, Consumption, Insanity, or Epileptic Fits ensue.

FOR NON-RETENTION OR INCONTINENCE of Urine, Irritation, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Bladder or Kidneys, Diseases of the Prostate Glands, Stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel or Brick-dust Deposits, and all Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, or Dropsical Swellings,

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ENFEEBLED AND DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS, of both sexes, use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. It will give brisk and energetic feelings and enable you to sleep well.

TAKE NO MORE UNPLEASANT AND UNSAFE remedies for unpleasant and dangerous diseases. Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU AND IMPROVED ROSE WASH.

THE GLORY OF MAN IS STRENGTH; THEREFORE the nervous and debilitated should immediately use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

MANHOOD AND YOUTHFUL VIGOR ARE REGAINED by HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

SHATTERED CONSTITUTIONS RESTORED BY HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU AND IMPROVED ROSE WASH cures secret and delicate disorders, in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience, and no exposure. It is pleasant in taste and odor, immediate in its action, and free from all injurious properties.

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Is a certain cure for diseases of the

BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, DROPSY, ORGANIC WEAKNESS, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, GENERAL DEBILITY,

And all diseases of the

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Whether existing in

Male or Female,

From whatever cause originating, and no matter of

How Long Standing.

Diseases of these organs require the use of a diuretic. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources, and the

Health and Happiness

and that of posterity, depend upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu,

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Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

sp13 dlm&W[illegible]

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Business Cards will be inserted in this column at the rate of $1 50 per line per month.

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ARCHITECTURAL IRON WORK, manufactured by [illegible], Fourteenth, between Grayson and Walnut sts. ja26 dtf

AINSLIE, COCHRAN & CO.—Louisville Foundry and Machine Shop & E. corner Main and Tenth streets.

COOPER, W., Portrait Painter at Hegan's, 130 Main street.

DESHLER, H. W., Manufacturer and proprietor of [illegible] Lightning Rod for the Southern States, 225 West Jefferson st., Louisville, Ky. my24 dtf

DORN, BARKHOUSE & CO.—[illegible] [illegible]

JONAS, B. D.—Tobacco Manufacturer, No. [illegible] West Market street, Louisville, Ky.

JOYCE & MAHONE, Marble Works, No. [illegible] north side Jefferson st., bet. Third & Fourth.

JAMES & CO., THOS. (successors to [illegible]) James & Co.) [illegible] Manufacturers, [illegible] Office, 105 Sixth st., bet. Market and Jefferson.

LOUISVILLE CHEMICAL WORKS—[illegible] [illegible]

LOUISVILLE SALT HOUSE, [illegible] [illegible]

LANDAVID—[illegible] Works, 472 and 474 [illegible]

LONG & BRO.—Manufacturers of Patent and Split-bottom Chairs, 174 and 176 E. Market st.

MERCER & CO., Stencil Cutters, 120 Third st., Louisville, Ky. sel dtm

MERRITT, T. J. & BRO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stereoscopic, Gilt, and Rosewood Frames, Albums, Chemicals, Apparatus, Instruments, Cases, Card Board, &c. Material of every description for the photographic trade. No. 98 West Jefferson street, between Third and Fourth, Louisville, Ky. aul6 dtly

McELFATRICK, J. B., Architect, No. 100 Main street, below Fourth, Louisville, Ky.

MOUNT, W. J., Manufacturer and Dealer in Saddlery, &c., 70 Jefferson st., Louisville, Ky.

MORTON, JOHN P. & CO.—Publishers, Booksellers, Stationers, Book and Job Printers, 156 West Main street.

SUMMER RESORTS.

Crab Orchard Springs.

ALL those seeking health, comfort, or pleasure would do well to visit this mansion of the [illegible], which is now open for the reception of visitors, [illegible] [illegible] This favorite place of resort is situated on the Louisville and Knoxville Railroad, with daily trains to and from the former place, within 3 and 4 hours [illegible] [illegible] the base of the mountains, possessing an altitude of [illegible] feet above the level of Louisville, where you have the pure mountain air, together with the finest mineral waters in the West, among which is the

GREAT AMERICAN SPRING,

which is superior to any on this continent, and some five other springs, in which is combined carbonates of iron, manganese and magnesia, sulphate magnesia, lime, potash, and soda, chloride sodium, besides silica and bromine, which for the cure of diseases of the stomach, liver, bowels, kidneys, and all uterine diseases, also for general debility and Scrofula diseases, is unequaled.

The proprietor will use his well-known indefatigable energy for the general comfort of all those who may visit this celebrated watering place.

For further particulars and circulars, containing an analysis of the various springs, taken from the second report of the geological survey of Kentucky by David Dale Owen, [illegible]

[illegible] JONES,
Crab Orchard Springs, Ky.
my26 dtf

LAWYERS.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE. R. T. DURRETT.

BRAMLETTE & DURRETT,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,

Office at 225½ east side Fifth street, between Market and Jefferson streets.

LOUISVILLE..........KENTUCKY,

WILL practice in all the Courts, both State and Federal, in this city, and give special attention to cases in the Court of Appeals. sel dtf

Henderson Land Sale!

Postponement of Drawing to Dec. 28.

Correspondence Between Mr. Wm. McClain and the Commissioners.

Messrs. Banks and others, Commissioners appointed by act of Kentucky Legislature:

GENTLEMEN—I regret that I am compelled to ask at your hands a postponement of the drawing of prizes in the Henderson County (Ky.) Land Sale. Although a great number of tickets have been sold, a sufficient number have not been disposed of to justify me in a sale of my property without loss to me, unless I had the whole of the tickets, which I do not intend to do. If you will allow me until the 28th day of December, 1869, I feel confident of the disposal of the tickets by that time.

I am, gentlemen, very respectfully,

WILLIAM McCLAIN.

HENDERSON, KY., Aug. 24, 1869.

Reply of the Commissioners.

The undersigned, commissioners to manage the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

P. BANKS,
WM. K. HOLLOWAY,
BO. Y. GLASS,
W. S. ELAM,
GRANT GREEN,
Commiss'rs.

HENDERSON, KY., Aug. 24, 1869.
au25 d&wtDec28

J. MORGAN COLEMAN, President. HARRY COLEMAN, Vice President.

Kentucky Rolling Mill Co.

NO. 891 MAIN STREET.

LOUISVILLE IRON TIRE.

Iron, Nails, Steel, Horse Shoes, &c.

jy11 eodlm

GALT HOUSE

Louisville, Ky.

JILSON P. JOHNSON,

MANAGER.

sel dlm

Farmers' & Drovers' Bank

No. 89 Third st., east side, bet. Main & Market.

I. L. O'BANNON, President. R. S. VEECH, Cashier.

IS now open and prepared to do a general Banking business. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. aul3 dawtf

Mantels and Grates

PLAIN and enameled, with the Wallace Patent Grate complete. Grates set in any style. Having had some 2[illegible] years experience in grate setting, we feel sure of giving satisfaction. Call and examine our stock of Iron, Marble, and Slate Mantels. We have them as cheap as any other house in the Western country.

WALLACE & CO.,
No. 111 Third st., bet. Market and Jefferson.
sel dlm

A. CHRISTIAN,

Manufactory of Christian's Patent Spring Beds, Perambulators, Carriages, Cabs, Rocking-horses, Propellers, Sleighs, &c. Warerooms, 44 Maiden Lane. Corner Willett st., Manufactory, [illegible] and [illegible] Hewitt street, New York. sel dlm

H. McCLARAN & CO.,

CLAY STREET

Planing Mill,

Nos. 10, 12, & 14 Clay st., near River, LOUISVILLE, KY.

Manufacturers of Doors, Blinds, Sash, Frames, Base Moldings, Packing Boxes, &c. Dressing, ripping, scroll sawing done to order. We have the [illegible] [illegible] manufactory of Packing and Tobacco Boxes. All orders entrusted to him will receive prompt attention. jy8 eodlm H. McCLARAN & CO.

WM. J. FULTON,

(Formerly with Clarke & Fulton),

DEALER IN

HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES,

Shafts, Bows, Poles,

Buggy and Wagon Wheels, Buggy Bodies, &c.,

NO. 230 MAIN ST.,

Bet. Eighth and Ninth, LOUISVILLE, KY.

Send for price list. jy31 eodlm

To Shoe Dealers!

THE Louisville Shoe Factory, for the manufacture of ladies', misses' and children's fine shoes, is in successful operation. Send for samples or price list. [illegible] [illegible] Market and Third, second floor. sel dlm

TAYLOR & BROTHER,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 45 Walnut street,

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

[illegible]

ALBERTON MILLS.

KENTUCKY and Alberton [illegible] [illegible]

DELAWARE MANUFACTURING Co.

[illegible] [illegible]

JOHN J. MORERA,

Merchant Tailor,

No. [illegible] West Main, second house above [illegible]

DOCTOR HUNTER

TREATS SUCCESSFULLY ALL PRIVATE AND Nervous diseases, Affections of the Throat, Skin, or Bones; syphilis in all its forms, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, and all urinary diseases, and the effects of mercury are completely eradicated; Spermatorrhea or Seminal weakness, resulting from self-abuse or other causes, and which produces some of the following effects, as blotches, bodily weakness, indigestion, constipation, aversion to society, unmanliness, dread of future events, loss of memory, indolence, nocturnal emissions, and finally so prostrating the sexual system as to render marriage unsatisfactory, and therefore imprudent, are permanently cured. Persons afflicted with these or any other delicate, intricate, or long-standing constitutional complaint, should give the Doctor a trial; he never fails.

Charges moderate. Cures guaranteed. Medicines forwarded to any address.

Office No. 150 Third street, Louisville, Ky.

GEO. W. CARPENTER'S

Compound Fluid Extract of Sarsaparilla.

GEO. W. CARPENTER'S

Compound Fluid Extract of Buchu.

These celebrated preparations, originally introduced by Geo. W. Carpenter, more than thirty years since, have been so long extensively used by physicians and others throughout the country, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

GEO. W. CARPENTER, HENSZEY & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists,
jy8 dlm 737 Market street, Philadelphia.

CONFIDENTIAL.

YOUNG MEN who have injured themselves by certain secret habits, which unfit them for business, pleasure, or the duties of married life; also middle-aged and old men who, from the follies of youth or other causes, feel a debility in advance of their years, before placing themselves under the treatment of any one, should read "THE SECRET FRIEND." Married ladies will learn something of importance by perusing "THE SECRET FRIEND." Sent to any address, in a sealed envelope, on receipt of 25 cents. Address DR. CHAS. A. STUART & CO. Boston, Mass. my4 dawly

Dr. G. W. Lancaster,

104 1-2 [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

FEMALE PILLS—A positive remedy for all obstructions [illegible] [illegible] Circular sent to any one on receipt of three cent stamps. sel dtf

Galen's Head Dispensary.

Office No. 70½ Jefferson street, between Second and Third streets,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

ESTABLISHED in 1843, and chartered by the Legislature of Kentucky, 1851, "for the treatment of all diseases of the urinary and generative organs of both sexes, including spermatorrhea, or seminal weakness, from early errors, gonorrhea, gleet, stricture, syphilis, &c." [illegible]

A Medical Pamphlet, containing full instructions and numerous prescriptions on all the diseases of the [illegible] [illegible], &c., [illegible] [illegible]

The Consulting Surgeon of this celebrated Dispensary, and Author of the above work, may be consulted personally or by letter on all the diseases of which it treats. Patients at a distance can be treated by mail [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] a statement of the case.

Communications private, and all business strictly confidential.

Read the above work before consulting medical aid elsewhere, and thus avoid quackery. Address

GALEN'S HEAD DISPENSARY,
Louisville, Ky.

jal4 d

RAILROADS.

LOUISVILLE AND CINCINNATI

Short Line R. R.

NO CHANGE OF CARS—TIME 5 HOURS.

FARE, $3.50!

No Extra Charge for Handling Baggage.

Omnibuses Transfer to and from Cincinnati and Covington Free.

Time to Cincinnati 10 Hours Quicker than via. Madison.

This is the Only Railroad Running 3 Trains Daily to Cincinnati.

[illegible train schedule]

[illegible] daily except Sunday. [illegible] [illegible]

aul5 dtf [illegible] Gen'l Supt.

Louisville and Nashville

AND

MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE

RAILROAD LINE.

[illegible]

ON and after JUNE 20, 1869, trains will run as follows:

[illegible train schedule]

TRAIN No. 2 connects at Humboldt with trains for New Orleans and all points South, and at Nashville for Chattanooga and all points Southeast.

TRAIN No. 8 connects at Humboldt with trains for Mobile, New Orleans, and all points Southeast. Does not run to Nashville.

TRAIN No. 12 connects at Nashville with trains [illegible] [illegible]

Sleeping Cars on train No. 1 run through to Memphis, and on train No. 2 through to Nashville.

Sleeping Cars on train No. 3 run through to Humboldt and New Orleans without change.

Knoxville Branch train leaves Louisville at 7:00 a. m., connecting at Lebanon with stages for Crab Orchard, and Mt. Vernon, connecting by stage to all important points in Southeastern Kentucky.

Richmond Accommodation train leaves Stanford at 7 P. M., on arrival of train from Louisville.

Bardstown Accommodation train leaves Louisville at 5:30 P. M. This train connects at Bardstown Junction with stages for Fairfield, Bloomfield, and Chaplin.

Trains No. 2 and 12 run daily; all other trains daily except Sunday.

my1 ALBERT FINK, Gen'l Supt.

Louisville & Indianapolis R. R. Line

J. M. & I. R. R.

PASSENGERS taking this route arrive in Indianapolis eleven hours in advance of those taking [illegible] [illegible]

Trains leave [illegible] depot, Jeffersonville, opposite Louisville, as follows:

[illegible] Chicago Express, 5:30 a. m.; New York [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

Baggage checked through to all principal points. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Through car will leave at [illegible] [illegible]

Tickets for sale at the Galt House, Louisville, Walker's Hotel, and at the office, cor. Third and Main sts.

HORACE SCOTT, General Supt.

May 8, 1869—jel3 dtf

Aikin & Drummond

(Successors to Peabody, Aikin & Co.)

LOUISVILLE, KY.

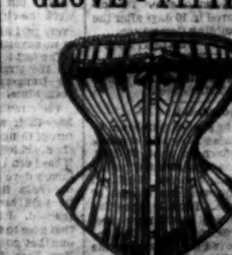
Sole manufacturers of the Great Western Sugar Mills and Scoville's Improved Evaporators, Baxter Cider Mills, &c. Liberal discount to dealers. Steam Engines, Mill Work, and Castings of all descriptions.

sel eodlm

THOMSON'S

PATENT

"GLOVE - FITTING"



The Most Popular Corset ever introduced into the American Market.

The strongest proof of the excellence and popularity of this Corset is found in the numerous imitations [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] we call special attention to our stamp, which is [illegible] [illegible]

TRADE MARK. THOMSON'S PATENT IMPROVED GLOVE-FITTING.

THOMSON, LANGDON & CO.,
[illegible] Broadway, N. Y.
Sole Importers and Patentees for the United States. [illegible]

German Bank

AND INSURANCE COMPANY,

Of Louisville, Ky.,

Southwest Corner Seventh and Main.

DEPOSIT, SAVINGS, EXCHANGE, BANK, AND FIRE INSURANCE CO.

CAPITAL, $200,000.

[illegible]

H. RUSCHHAUPT,

Dealer in [illegible] [illegible]

Gentlemen and Amateurs' [illegible] [illegible]

Courier-Journal.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 22, 1869.

THE NEWS.

Gold closed yesterday at 138.

Governor Wm. A. Pile, of Arizona, is on his way to Washington.

Gen. Grant has signified his intention of returning to Washington to-day.

The Congregational church in West Concord, N. H., undergoing repairs, was burned yesterday morning. Loss $10,000.

Mr. Koopmanschap, now in New York city, has contracted with the Texas Land Committee for the introduction of 5,000 Chinese laborers.

The Athletic and Keystone Base Ball Clubs, of Philadelphia, played a game on Monday for the benefit of the Avondale sufferers which realized $800.

Election returns from Santa Fe, New Mexico, are nearly all in. Chavez, Republican, is elected delegate to Congress by from 2,500 to 3,000 majority.

A report was current in New York yesterday that the Government repudiates Sickles' action as exceeding his instructions, and pledges itself to censure him.

Indications are that the National Musical Convention which is to convene in Music Hall in Boston to-day, will be attended by large delegations representing every part of the country.

The Arizona Miner publishes a long list of Indian outrages. They have recently killed a number of settlers, burned ranches and carried off cattle in the country between Granite, Washington and Prescott.

Three negroes were swallowed up by the terrible conflagration now raging in the Dismal Swamp. They were employed in getting lumber, and the fire consumed them while asleep in a hut, and burned them to a crisp.

A fire in Richmond, Va., destroyed several large buildings, including Gatry & Co.'s hardware store and the store of Kinsey Davis. The fire department proved very inefficient. Loss not ascertained, but over $30,000.

Arrangements are being made for transferring the Mississippi Valley Telegraph Line to the Western Union, it being now conceded that the former company will accept the Union's offer of $100,000. The original cost of constructing the Mississippi Valley line was $180,000.

A correspondent telegraphing from London says that the governments of England and France have, after diplomatic consultation, come to the conclusion that the status quo of governmental and executive relations existing between Turkey and Egypt must be maintained.

The strike among the miners at Port Henry, N. J., still continues. Frequent attacks are made upon the workmen employed upon the Erie railroad bed. Several men have been severely beaten for working against the orders of the mob. Danger to life and property is imminent.

The first appointment made by Gov. Walker, of Virginia, was Capt. Wm. E. Cameron, editor of the Petersburg Index, as his secretary. Capt. Cameron was an officer in the Confederate army, and one of the first and most determined supporters of the Walker Republican ticket in the late campaign.

A Havana letter says Henry S. Koopers, a British subject, and for many years connected with the New York Herald Bureau in Havana, was arrested Wednesday night and confined in the city prison, and Lot Moro or Los Cabannos. The cause of his arrest is unknown but supposed to have some relation with his connection with the Herald.

The New York Journal of Commerce learns from a gentleman who is in a position to know what is going on among the Cuban revolutionists, that Gen. Cespedes, President of the Cuban Republic, has taken the field in person as commander of all the forces, and Gen. Jordan, who recently held that position, is made chief of Cespede's staff.

The coroner's jury in the case of the accident at Athens, Pa., on Monday, censures C. Means, conductor of the way train, for disobedience of orders, and John Rabis, train dispatcher at Towanda, for running a fast train a few minutes after a slow one. Rabis ignored that Means has been arrested, but the officers of the road are very reticent in giving details.

A dispatch from St. Paul, Minn., says that after two dry and pleasant days, a heavy thunder storm occurred Sunday night, putting the grain in shock back to its former wet condition. The river is again rising, and is now sixteen feet above low water mark, a stage unprecedented at this season within the memory of the oldest inhabitants. The booms of Martin & Co. and Keene & Co., at Anoka, have been carried out and millions of feet of logs swept into the stream.

The following information has been received from Jones county, N. C., which joins Lenoir, where the arrests of eighteen members of the Kuklux were recently made. A few evenings since, Mr. David Green, a respectable citizen of Jones county, while crossing Chinquepin creek, seven miles from Trento and less than a mile from his residence, on his way home, was fired at by a party of men concealed in the undergrowth. Eleven buckshot took effect, seven in his left side and two in his head. He was taken up shortly after he was shot and carried into a house near by, where, at last accounts, he was dying. As Green was a Democrat it is supposed that members of the Loyal League attempted his assassination.

CITY FEATURES.

Golladay's Next Drawing.

The next of Mr. J. R. Golladay's series of popular drawings will come off at Weisiger Hall, in this city, on Monday evening next, 27th inst. The principal prize will be the excellent and valuable residence on the east side of Thirteenth street, first house beyond Chestnut, and there will be a number of other and quite valuable prizes. Tickets can be had at Scott Glore's, and Mr. Golladay will, at 8 o'clock this evening, at the Louisville Hotel, commence the selling of pools. Golladay's drawings are perfectly fair and honest, and the proceeds are to be devoted to the production of a paper for the benefit of the blind.

Louisville and Nashville Railroad—Notice to Shippers.

No freight will be received by the Louisville and Nashville Railroad on Wednesday, Sept. 22.

A. BROADDUS, Agent.

[From the "Quincy Evening Journal."]

☞ We understand that Bob Latham has closed his connection with the Quincy Mills, in this city, and will remove to Chicago about the first of September and take charge of an extensive flouring mill there. Bob has been connected for a long time with the flouring mills of Quincy, and his reputation as a number one miller is not excelled by any one connected with that branch of the trade here, and the reputation of the "brand" of any establishment that may secure his services will not suffer thereby.

Messrs. Smith & Bryan, of the Broadway Mills, have secured the services of Mr. Latham, and propose to furnish to the trade or to families in Louisville as good (if not better) flour, as can be had in this or any other city.

☞ Fourth-street residences are the most popular of all others, and one of the handsomest on the street is that of J. Sues, to be sold this evening by Pearson & Meddis.

☞ Don't fail to attend Buckel & Shaffer's auction sale of 12 building lots, situated on Bank and Lytle streets, between Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth, and opposite the Sisters of the Good Shepherd, this (Wednesday) afternoon at three o'clock.

Louisville Medical College—Lectures To-day, at 10 A. M. Prof. Octerlony; at 11 A. M. Prof. Burch; at 4 P. M. Dr. Brandeis.

☞ The beautiful residence of J. Sues, on Fourth street, between Breckinridge and Kentucky, will be sold this evening.

☞ See advertisement of plow-smiths wanted, in another column.

☞ Messrs. Morris, Southwick & Co. sell at auction, Thursday afternoon, September 23, 1869, that elegant and centrally-located residence, No. 92 Walnut street, between Third and Fourth. See advertisement in auction column for full particulars.

☞ If you want a splendid residence at your own price, go to the sale this evening and buy the beautiful house of Mr. J. Sues.

Sixth-Ward School.

The improvements on the ground purchased by the Board of School Trustees will be sold at public auction on Wednesday afternoon, Sept. 22, 1869, at 4 o'clock, on the premises, situated on the south side of Gray street, between First and Second streets. The improvements consist of two two-story brick houses. The sale is positive and peremptory, as the School Board must erect a school-house this fall. Terms at sale. The improvements must be removed in 10 days after the sale. By order of the Building Committee.

SHERMAN P. WHALEY, Auct.

Varnishing and Upholstering.

Furniture of all kinds varnished and upholstered at H. E. Zook's, 186 Third street.

Sixth-Ward School.

The improvements on the ground purchased by the Board of School Trustees will be sold at public auction on Wednesday afternoon, Sept. 22, 1869, at 4 o'clock, on the premises, situated on the south side of Gray street, between First and Second streets. The improvements consist of two two-story brick houses. The sale is positive and peremptory, as the School Board must erect a school-house this fall. Terms at sale. The improvements must be removed in 10 days after the sale. By order of the Building Committee.

SHERMAN P. WHALEY, Auct.

☞ J. McQuillan, No. 90 Third street, between Market and Jefferson, manufacturer of light rockaways, barouches, buggies, with and without tops. Great inducements to cash purchasers. Also on hand, a few second-hand buggies and rockaways, which will be sold low for cash.

N. B. It will be remembered that J. McQuillan was awarded the premium on buggies over J. Enders & Co., certificate, at the present meeting of the State Agricultural Society.

Sixth-Ward School.

The improvements on the ground purchased by the Board of School Trustees will be sold at public auction on Wednesday afternoon, Sept. 22, 1869, at 4 o'clock, on the premises, situated on the south side of Gray street, between First and Second streets. The improvements consist of two two-story brick houses. The sale is positive and peremptory, as the School Board must erect a school-house this fall. Terms at sale. The improvements must be removed in 10 days after the sale. By order of the Building Committee.

SHERMAN P. WHALEY, Auct.

Show-cases—Silver and Wooden.

We offer to the fall trade a very superior article of metal and wooden cases. Fitch & Lindsey, manufacturers, 75 Fourth street, near Main.

To Country Merchants and Druggists.

We call the especial attention of the country merchants and druggists now in the city purchasing their fall stocks to the advertisements of Dr. Wintersmith's valuable proprietary medicines. They possess a great deal more than ordinary merit, and have proven to be very popular wherever sold, superseding any preparations of similar kind they come in competition with. No stock of medicines is complete without them. For sale by all our wholesale druggists.

THE GREAT CARAVAN.

The Grand Procession To-day.

The Forests and Jungles of the Orient in our Midst.

On this day a monstrous and unique cavalcade will pass through our city. One would imagine the King of Dahomey or of Siam was paying Mayor Bunce an official visit, to see this procession. The following are the distinguished personages of the cavalcade:

THE ONE-HORNED

Rhinoceros Unicornus Niger, from the forests and swamps of Caffreland, a near relative to the Roundheads of ancient times, who set up a stone idol called Plymouth Rock, against which all persons addicted to unseemly levity were ground to dust. The points in which he resembles his ancestors of the Protectorate is in being thick-skinned and abstemious, never having but one "horn" on board.

HIS NIBS OF THE PREHENSILE NOSE.

Next a monster elephant, larger, probably, than any other animal on the continent. His age is incalculable. He is probably the identical elephant that Confucius thought of as a type of immensity. The Theban Colossus set up by Francis I., in the capital of France, was doubtless modeled after him. A baby elephant, eighteen months old, accompanies him.

FELINE MATERNITY.

A lioness and her babies, two little cubs seven weeks old, are of the party. They spin around like a top in quest of their tails, purr like little kittens, show their teeth and play with their mother's moustaches, and are altogether most delightful infants.

A LAUGHING HYENA.

That jovial individual, whose resonant guffaw awakens the night's stillness of the forests of Barbary is of the party. He is an exceedingly unprepossessing individual, though possessing an open countenance. He is one of those uncanny creatures who would breakfast off his own father rather than go hungry.

A TROOP OF CAMELS

is also of the party, and adds picturesqueness to the procession. They are richly caparisoned, and if one could shut his eyes to outside sights and sounds, he would imagine that the annual procession to the Holy Shrine at Mecca was passing before him. Ten of these "ships of the desert" and a pair of elephants, all richly caparisoned, draw the Oriental Music Car, containing Wither's Cornet Band.

THE OTHER VISITORS

from another continent are made up of an almost endless train of bears, tigers, lions, yaks, cougars, panthers, and all the rare beasts and birds of the earth—cassowaries, ostriches, macaws and all the ornithological wonders of Australian forests, besides troops of apes and monkeys. All this procession is what? you ask. It is the Great Caravan of Geo. F. Bailey & Co., which exhibits here this week, connected with which is one of the finest companies of equestrians and acrobatic performers on the continent. It will fill two great apartments under one canvas, and represents a capital of over one million of dollars. As a special attraction, they have with them the only specimen of the hippopotamus in this country, and one of but three or four specimens in the universe outside of African rivers. This is the largest of all amphibious animals, being second only in size to the Asiatic elephant, and none should fail to see it.

At New Albany and Jeffersonville yesterday and the day previous immense crowds were in attendance at each performance, and we hear but one opinion expressed from every quarter, to-wit, that Bailey's Menagerie and Circus is the "best and biggest thing on wheels" in the United States.

The following will be the route of the procession this morning: From the lot down Walnut to Second, thence to Main; down Main to Sixth; out Sixth to Market; up Market to Third; out Third to Jefferson; down Jefferson to Sixth; out Sixth to Chestnut; up Chestnut to First, thence to Walnut and thence to the lot.

Remember it will exhibit on the lot, corner of East and Walnut streets, every afternoon and evening this week and no longer.

A SAD AFFAIR.

An Unsuccessful Attempt to Obtain Subjects From St. Louis Cemetery.

THE PARTIES ARE ARRESTED.

Three bodies were taken from their graves in St. Louis cemetery about midnight, between Monday and Tuesday, and carried a quarter of a mile from the place of disinterment. The parties were arrested in the act by the sexton and an assistant, brought to town and put in jail. The facts as elicited at the trial in the Police Court yesterday morning were substantially as follows:

About half past twelve or one o'clock the sexton, Mr. Hart, was aroused by the barking and restlessness of his dog. Getting up he found the dog running back and forth from the house to the gate in great distress. On going out the animal started toward the grave-yard. Suspecting what was the matter, he returned and waked up his assistants, and, arming themselves, the party started for the grave-yard proper. On the way they noticed a grave with some of the dirt removed and the headboard misplaced. Reaching the fence they found a horse attached to a small spring wagon in which lay two bodies, one in a sack and the other lying in the bright moonlight perfectly nude. It was the body of a girl. There was no one near, and Mr. Hart and his companions hid themselves in the fence corner to await developments. Presently they heard some persons approaching and looking down the ravine saw two men bearing on their shoulders a third body. When they arrived at the wagon the sexton and his assistant rushed on them, pistols in hands, and being unarmed the men surrendered. The bodies were carried back into the cemetery and the parties brought to the city and given over to the police authorities. Some officers of the police force returned with the sexton examined the locality, and found that the graves of three persons buried the day before had been opened and the bodies exhumed. These were the same which were found in the wagon. One was a girl about sixteen years of age, named Mary Velquers, of a French family. Her father was in court yesterday morning, and could scarcely give his evidence for the grief which overcame him. Another was a young woman about nineteen years of age, named Alice Atwell, who was buried from the hospital. The third was the body of an old lady about seventy-five years of age. They were all reburied at once by Mr. Hart and the officers.

The two parties whose names are Rothwell and Berryhere were arraigned in the City Court yesterday morning and required to give bond in $400 each, to answer any indictment which the grand jury may find against them. A felony warrant was then taken out by officer Green, charging them with rifling the dead bodies of their clothing. This proceeding brought the friends of the deceased persons in o court which might have been spared by avoiding this useless suit.

We are conscious of the difficulties which beset the surgeons in their efforts to supply a sufficient number of subjects for dissection, and we wish, in the interest of science, that we could ignore this unfortunate occurrence. But it is quite impossible. The proceedings before the City Court yesterday and the publications made in the afternoon papers created universal discussion. We can only say that a prudent justice would enjoin upon the public very great moderation.

"SIGNS."

A Few Timely Suggestions to Our Business Men.

As a general thing sign-boards indicate the business of a city. Where you find them dingy and illy-hung, and "few and far between," you say to yourself "this doesn't look prosperous." Well, advertisements are sign-boards.

The St. Louis Republican is full of them, ergo, St. Louis is prosperous. Ditto with the Chicago Tribune, which comes to us overflowing with announcements. Louisville seems to be the exception that proves the rule. Business is uncommon flush here. This month is said to be the most fruitful our merchants have ever known. Last week the city was crowded with strangers from every part of the country. Yet there was little or no advertising done.

The fact is curious. It ought to be suggestive. To the stranger it is not of propitious augury, for strangers look at advertising columns for business hints.

The circular system and drumming system may have their advantages; but they must, in the nature of things, be limited, for they are addressed to classes chiefly. The newspaper goes everywhere. It has been built up at a cost of years of labor and money devoted to its perfection. When the trader seeks its assistance in reaching the public he pays according to the number of readers reached. It is more expensive to publish a paper that goes to a large audience than it is to publish one that goes to a small audience. Hence the New York Herald charges double as much for advertising as the lesser New York papers.

Advertisers do not always understand this. They think sometimes, without reflecting, that the price of advertising should be uniform. One might as well expect uniformity between the prices charged by leading hotels and private boarding-houses.

It costs $5,000 a week, cash, to run the Courier-Journal. This enables us to make a paper which circulates over a dozen States. We could publish a paper for $1,000 a week, but it would not be read out of Louisville, nor by one-half or one-third of the people in Louisville. As it is we afford a universal medium of communication, and, though our advertising rates are necessarily higher than they would be if we were spending less, they are not so high as the rates in St. Louis, Chicago and Cincinnati.

The balance of the present season will see Louisville crowded with people. The Southern country has money to spend. The Commercial Convention will bring great numbers of them here. A better opportunity for Louisville could not be gained, and we hope for the sake of our commerce, as well as for our own sake, that it will not go unimproved.

Counterfeiting.

Capt. J. P. Roberts, Deputy U. S. Marshal, arrived from Laurel county yesterday with a man named James Dempsey, who is accused of being a counterfeiter. Dempsey appeared in London, Ky., last Thursday afternoon, and bought some whisky from the bar-keeper giving him three fifty cent currency notes which were afterwards found to be counterfeit. Dempsey became drunk and laid down in the street. The Deputy Marshal then arrested him on suspicion and found twenty-four twenty-five cent currency notes and a number of ten cent silver coins, all counterfeit, on his person. The man lives in Whitley county, and is said to have a bad reputation. He will be tried before the U. S. Court.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

No arrivals at the hotels yesterday.

For additional local matter, see first page.

The camels and elephants swim the river this morning at six o'clock.

All but six spans of the great railroad bridge over the falls is completed.

Bill Hall, colored, J. Smythe and M. J. Price were bailed out of jail yesterday.

The man arrested on suspicion of being the Stanford murderer has been discharged.

The horse and buggy to be raffled at the Odd Fellows' fair will be on the streets to-day. It is a fine turnout.

Thanks to Mrs. Deally and Mrs. Duffy, of the Odd Fellows' fair, for an excellent supper sent to the Courier-Journal last night.

The other railroad bridge talked of over the Ohio will, if built, probably be located near Sand Island.

The thermometer of Cook, Goodman & Co. stood at 80 at twelve, 89 at two, and 86 at four o'clock yesterday.

J. Davis, arrested here sometime ago for horse stealing in Oldham county, was taken to Lagrange for trial yesterday.

John B. Gough will deliver two lectures in this city during the coming season, for the Young Men's Christian Association.

B. Mickey, who has been in jail here for safe keeping, was taken to Lagrange for trial yesterday. He is charged with murder.

The resolution introduced in the School Board Monday night proposed asking the Council to appropriate money for *renting* not *erecting* school houses.

The premium cooking range presented to the Ladies' Fair at Odd Fellows' Hall by J. S. Lithgow & Co. will be raffled for this evening. Take a chance.

Hon. Clinton Griffith, member elect from Daviess county to the next Legislature, passed through the city to his home in Owensboro from a visit to the East.

A grand reunion of all officers and soldiers who served at any time in the cavalry service of the United States is to take place in Louisville on the 15th of October.

The alarm of fire from station-box 56 yesterday afternoon was occasioned by a fire in a house on Chestnut street, between Seventh and Eighth streets. Damage slight.

A negro woman and a negro boy got into a fight on Jefferson street yesterday. She came near cutting his head open with a hatchet, when the officers came along and arrested them.

We publish this morning a card from Capt. E. D. Kennedy. It is not very plain. It is a little [illegible]. There seems to be some mystery about the Captain. What is he driving after? Who is the guilty party? We want light!

A new lodge of the Knights of Pythias will be organized at the corner of Eleventh and Green streets this evening. Those who have entered their names, and all others wishing to become members, are requested to be present.

Bishop McCloskey has placed at the disposal of the "Sisters of the Poor" a fine house at the corner of Tenth and Magazine streets, and they will arrive in Louisville to-morrow by the morning train from Cincinnati to take possession.

The residence of Jack Chinn, on Chestnut street, below Eighteenth street, was broken into last week and rifled of a number of valuable articles. There was no one at home at the time, and the burglary was not discovered till the return of the family yesterday.

Lucy Smith, the colored girl accused of perjury, was arraigned before Justices Clement and Matlack yesterday. The prosecution neglected to produce evidence that she was sworn in the case in which the perjury is said to have been committed, and so she was discharged on a technicality.

Our dispatches this morning do not relieve the suspense of the Republican officials in Kentucky. The agony is by no means over yet. The "ultras" and the "moderados" cannot mix, and the "ultras" are determined they shall not mix. Speed, Needham & Co. are to walk the plank, and when they are disposed of we can say without much fear of overstraining, "good evening, Republicanism in Kentucky."

A damage suit, in which the plaintiff gained $37, created no little excitement in Justice Stephens' Court on Monday. It seems that some time ago Harvey Smith, well known here during the war as the "Old Quartermaster," and now an overseer at the dam, maltreated a little boy there named Samuel Black, and pushed him into the river. The boy's father, who works on the dam, brought suit, which terminated as above.

There is, perhaps, not in the whole of Goldsmith's Animated Nature, a more peculiar animal than a gray horse that takes it in his head to make a fool of himself. Yesterday one of them, hitched to a spring wagon, concluded to tumble down on Third street, which he proceeded to do, and lay there for some time under the impression that he was dead, and did not know any better, until the harness was peeled off of him and his owner gave him a kick in the ribs, when, suddenly convinced that he was still alive, he sprung to his feet as well and hearty as he ever was in his life. On being hitched up again, he walked off with the cheerfulness of his best days.

WIFE MURDER.

Its Operation in Laurel County.

A man named Wm. Chapman, who lives near London, Laurel county, Kentucky, killed his wife last Thursday. The facts as we have them from Mr. N. B. Jones, who arrived from there yesterday, are about as follows: A son of the murdered woman stated on the trial that his father and mother had been quarrelling that morning. That the father got on his horse to go to town on some business. His wife said something to him when he got down from his horse again, came into the house, slapped and kicked her, and then dragged her into an adjoining room. He then returned, and getting on his horse, started off. His daughter, who had not returned from the milking, called to him to come back that her mother was dying. His only answer was "ugh," and he rode off. He was tried before the County Judge and held in $5,000 bail to answer. He is a poor man who is represented as always quarrelling with his wife or she with him. The affair created a great deal of excitement in the community.

The Commercial Convention.

The undersigned, a committee to inquire of the citizens what hospitality they can extend to delegates and honorary members of the Commercial Convention, request that prompt answers will be made by every citizen who is willing to tender one or more rooms and to entertain one or more strangers during the three or four days' session of the Convention. Information can be given to any member of the committee. It is the purpose of the committee to prepare, on or before the 5th of October, a list of persons who are coming, and then to assign either acquaintances or some acceptable person to all of the parties who tender their rooms.

Robert Atwood, 111 West Main street.
Thomas L. Jefferson, 1 West Main street.
Thomas J. Martin, Jr., 23½ West Main street.
C. D. Jacob, 23½ West Main street.
G. D. Marshall, Gas Bank.
S. F. Chipley, Main street, between Fourth and Bullitt.
John Zanone, 41 Fifth street.
A. T. Pope, 164 West Jefferson.
Geo. W. Caruth, Fifth street, between Main and Market.
M. Woods Ferguson, Postoffice.

Kentucky School of Medicine.

Dr. Clinton W. Kelly, Professor of Anatomy in this institution, will deliver his introductory lecture this morning. Subject—"The Heart."

Dr. Kelly has recently returned from Europe, where he studied under the supervision of the most distinguished teachers in Berlin, Heidelburg, and Paris, the recognized centers of the old world. Before visiting Europe Professor Kelly graduated at the McGill Medical College, in Canada, at which institution he was fortunate enough to receive all the prizes upon the first and final examinations, a feat, the accomplishment of which was without a parallel in the history of medical teaching in those possessions. Dr. Kelly is a native of this State, and his extensive circle of relatives and acquaintances will contemplate with just pride the additional honors that will accrue to him from his connection with this well-known and time-honored medical school. The medical profession and medical students are invited to be present at the lecture to-day, at 10½ o'clock, in the north wing of Weisiger Block, on Fourth street, between Green and Walnut.

The Regatta.

Very general interest is manifested in the boat races that will take place in front of this city on Friday. Among the entries are the names of Hamill, Wolfe, historical in boating circles, and the more modern champions and aspirants, Haley and Mulholland. The citizens have taken the matter in hand, and fine sport is anticipated. It is but lately that Louisville has shown an interest in boating, and the coming races will give increased impetus to that manly exercise. There was a meeting of the different boat clubs last evening, and the premiums were arranged and the prizes agreed upon. Friday morning a full programme for the day will be published. In the meantime it is hoped our public-spirited citizens will contribute to the prizes. Books are opened at German & Bros., Fred Wolfe's, 37 Market street, and Charley Kreamer's, on Fourth street.

Desperate Assault.

Last night about eight o'clock, a man by the name of Jacob Ohr, who keeps a green grocery and butcher store on the south side of Green, between Preston and Jackson, became offended at a man (whose name we do not know, but who sells wash-blue about town, and occupies a room in Mr. Philip Tomppert, Jr.'s, house) because of his spitting out of the window, and went to his room, where he beat him unmercifully over the head with an iron instrument, inflicting three severe wounds, and afterward dragged him down several staircases, badly bruising him in the side. The wounded man was attended by Drs. Kellar, Lavielle and Gilpin, and afterward taken to the hospital. Ohr was arrested, but subsequently released on giving bail at the Clay-street station-house.

Grand Base Ball Match Game.

The members of the Kentucky, Eagle, Falls City and Atlantic clubs, of this place, together with the Buckeye Club, of Cincinnati, have determined to give a complimentary benefit to Messrs. Crooks and Meagher, of the Kentucky Club, at Cedar Hill, next Friday. They are both deserving men and excellent ball players. The game will be between picked nines of the above clubs, and, from the names of the players, we judge the game will be the best and most exciting played here this season.

Marshal's Sales.

The following is a list of the sales made by the Marshal of the Chancery Court on Monday:

East 25 feet of lot 12, in square No. 5, Henderson's subdivision of Bullitt's addition, $[illegible].

Thirty feet on the east side of Sixth street, at $[illegible] per foot.

Thirty feet on the east side of Sixth street, at $67 per foot.

Another Menagerie and Circus.

It will be seen by the advertisement that Gardner & Kenyon's Mammoth Menagerie and James Robinson's Champion Circus will be in this city on the 18th, 19th, and 20th of October. The young folks have a rich treat in store for them.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK STOCK AND MONEY MARKET.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21—P. M.

Money active at 7 per cent gold, with commissions for turning over stocks [illegible]. Sterling heavy at [illegible]. Gold firm; opened at 137½, touched 137¼, and closed at 137½@138. [illegible] Governments are dull.

[illegible]

State bonds dull.

[illegible]

Stocks have been feverish all day, being alternately weak and strong. [illegible] The general market closed feverish and unsettled.

The following were the closing 5:00 prices:

[illegible]

Mining shares—Smith & Parmalee $40.

Sub-treasury balance .... $[illegible]

NEW YORK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21—P. M.

COTTON—Heavy and fully ½c lower; sales 1,500 bales at 29½c for middling uplands.

FLOUR—[illegible]

WHISKY—A shade firmer; sales [illegible] bbls Western at $1.18½ [illegible].

GRAIN—[illegible]

GROCERIES—Rice firm at [illegible]. Coffee steady. Sugar firm [illegible]. Molasses quiet.

PETROLEUM—Steady at 19½c for crude, and 33¼c for refined.

HOPS—Quiet.

OILS—Linseed quiet and steady.

PROVISIONS—[illegible]

BUTTER—[illegible]

CHEESE—[illegible]

FREIGHTS—To Liverpool drooping; shipments of 35,000 bush wheat [illegible].

LATEST—P. M.

FLOUR—Closed a shade lower, with a moderate export demand.

GRAIN—Wheat firm, with a moderate demand for home use and export. Rye quiet and firm [illegible]. Corn dull and heavy [illegible].

PROVISIONS—Pork quiet [illegible]. Cut meats and bacon quiet and steady. Lard dull at [illegible].

HOGS—Quiet and unchanged.

NEW YORK DRY GOODS MARKET.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.

Trade is lively and prices generally of staple goods steady. French Merinoes [illegible]. Cotton goods are a little irregular and weak. [illegible]

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, Sept. 21—P. M.

EXCHANGE—Eastern 1/10@1/5 off buying and par selling.

FLOUR—Quiet and easy at $4 75@7 for spring extras.

GRAIN—[illegible]

HIGHWINES—In better demand and ½c lower; early sales at $1 07, closing with more sellers than buyers at $1 06.

GROCERIES—Sugars firm at 13½@16c for common to prime Cuba.

PROVISIONS—Inactive; mess pork [illegible]. Lard [illegible].

CATTLE—Very dull at $4 50@6 50 for common to good cows, [illegible].

HOGS—[illegible]

FREIGHTS—Steady and quiet at [illegible] for wheat and [illegible] for corn to Buffalo.

RECEIPTS—[illegible]

SHIPMENTS—[illegible]

CINCINNATI MARKET.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 21—P. M.

FLOUR—Very dull, but prices are not lower; family $6 25.

GRAIN—Wheat dull, lower and unsettled; [illegible]. Rye firm at $1 05. Barley unchanged.

WHISKY—In fair demand at $1 07.

TOBACCO—[illegible]

PROVISIONS—[illegible]

BUTTER—In good supply and prices are drooping; fresh 32@35c.

EGGS—16@17c and dull.

GROCERIES—[illegible]

CATTLE—Best steady at $5 50@6.

SHEEP—[illegible]

HOGS—[illegible]

GOLD—137 buying and 138¼ selling.

EXCHANGE—Steady at 1-10 discount buying.

ST. LOUIS MARKET.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 21—P. M.

TOBACCO—Stiff, but unchanged.

COTTON—Nominal at 30c.

FLOUR—Quiet and prices in favor of buyers; superfine [illegible]; extra [illegible]; double extra [illegible]; triple extra [illegible].

GRAIN—[illegible]

WHISKY—Steady and firm at $1 09.

GROCERIES—Quiet and unchanged.

PROVISIONS—Mess pork dull and retail lots sold at $33. Bacon excited, higher and active; [illegible]. Lard dull at [illegible].

CATTLE—Steady and unchanged at [illegible].

HOGS—Scarce and in demand at [illegible].

RECEIPTS—Flour, 5,400 bbls; wheat, 62,300 bush; corn 5,000 bush; oats, 4,300 bush; barley, 5,800 bush; rye, 300 bush; hogs, 200 head.

MEMPHIS MARKET.

MEMPHIS, Sept. 21.

COTTON—Dull; middlings nominally 30c. Receipts 157 bales; exports 72 bales.

FLOUR—Quiet and prices unchanged.

GRAIN—Wheat scarce and unchanged. Corn, none in market; selling at $1 to arrive. Oats [illegible].

HAY—[illegible]

BRAN—[illegible]

PROVISIONS—Pork $34 50. Lard 20¼@21¼c. Bacon firm; shoulders 16¼c, sides 19¼c.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 21—P. M.

COTTON—Still declining; middling 30c. Sales 1,[illegible] bales; receipts 1,079 bales.

GRAIN—Oats lower at 58c.

PROVISIONS—Bacon higher at 17¼@20¾c.

GROCERIES—Sugar firm; prime 13¼c.

Other articles unchanged.

GOLD—138¼.

EXCHANGE—Sterling 1[illegible], and New York sight drafts at ¼ discount.

PITTSBURG OIL MARKET.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 21—P. M.

The crude petroleum market is inactive, but prices are firm; sales 20,000 bbls, seller [illegible]. [illegible]

NASHVILLE MARKET.

NASHVILLE, Sept. 21.

GRAIN—Wheat, red $1 15, amber $1 20, white $1 30. Corn $1 [illegible]. Oats 50c. Rye $1 [illegible]. Barley $1 [illegible].

PROVISIONS—Bacon sides 19¼c; hams 20c, and lard 22c.

IN MEMORIAM.

Died on Sunday, Sept. 19th, 1869, at his residence in the city of New York, M. Bamberger, Esq., in his fifty-eighth year.

He has been called to render up his spirit to Him who gave, who createth and who destroyeth. Truly a good man has passed away—of amiable disposition, moral and religious character, he gained the love, esteem, and respect of all who knew him. He was born in Weilersbach, Kingdom Bavaria, in the year 1811. In his twenty-fifth year, 1836, he emigrated to this country and settled in New York, who shared with him his present wife in New York, [illegible] Shortly after his marriage he removed to Wilsonville, Spencer county, Ky., where he engaged in a mercantile pursuit on a small scale and with limited means. He remained there until the spring of 1844, when he removed to the city of Louisville. Through his indefatigable efforts he rejoiced to see the constant increase of his business, which grew larger and larger from year to year that he had to remove to New York to extend it, for the purchasing, and at the hour of his sudden death his established house stands, and a great deal through his integrity and upright dealing, as one of the largest wholesale houses in the West. He was an earnest and faithful guardian of her interests. When he had money to invest he preferred to invest it where it would redound to the advancement and prosperity of the city which had witnessed the struggles of his youth, the successes of his manhood, and the prosperity of his old age.

His hand and heart were always open, and liberally did he assist the poor and needy. He was ever ready to aid the friendless [illegible] who needed them, and his true charitable acts were dispensed with a true paternal feeling. Peace to his memory!

W. K.

Rare Chance to Purchase a Good Business in Jeffersonville.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned, administrator of [illegible], deceased, will, in pursuance of an order of the Common Pleas Court of Clark county [illegible] [illegible]

DAVID LOTT, Adm'r.

AMUSEMENTS.

SEPTEMBER

22, 23, 24, 25.

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

On the Lot cor. East & Walnut Sts.

Bailey & Co.'s MENAGERIE And Circus!

The only establishment Exhibiting a Living

RHINOCEROS!

The only establishment that has a Monster

ELEPHANTESS!

The only menagerie that has the specimen of the Only Living

HIPPOPOTAMUS!

Ever in the United States. Also, a litter of

SUCKLING LIONS,

And a Golden Music Car, Drawn by Ten Camels and a

PAIR OF ELEPHANTS.

And presents

800 MEN & HORSES

And Circus and Menagerie constituting

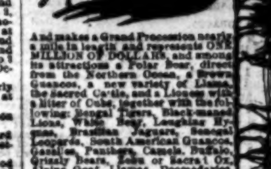
Separate Exhibitions!

For One Price of Admission, under an immense

WATER-PROOF PAVILION,

And has more Trained Horses, Trick Ponies, Acting Elephants, Cages, Curiosities, Men, Women, and Children than any Show in the World, And the only Circus that has

SIX LADY RIDERS AND **Twenty-five Male Performers** And a Troupe of **Boy Gymnasts**



And makes a Grand Procession nearly [illegible] MILLION OF DOLLARS, and among its attractions a Polar Bear, direct from the Northern Ocean, a Brown Gnu, [illegible] the Sacred Cattle, and a Lioness with a litter of Cubs, together with the following: Bengal Tigers, Black-maned Lions, Bears, Hyenas, Leopards, South American Guanacos, Gazelles, Panthers, Camels, Buffalo, Ostriches, Emus, [illegible], Deer, Axis Deer, [illegible] Hyenas, Tapirs, Quaggas, [illegible], and a full array of Exotic Birds, Monkeys, Apes, Baboons, etc., and is the

BIGGEST THING ON WHEELS Ever in Kentucky.

Admission to the whole, 50 cents; children ten years old and under, 25 cents. [illegible]

New Albany, Sept. 20. Jeffersonville, Sept. 21.

Gen'l Contractor and Business Agent.

se13-19-21-d&w

Roller Skating

THE Rink will be open Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday evenings, from 7 to 10 o'clock; Monday, Wednesday and Friday afternoon from 3 to 6 o'clock. Also every Saturday morning from 9 to 12 o'clock for the accommodation of school children. [illegible] competent teachers are now employed, whose attention will be devoted gratuitously to those wishing to learn. Hall on Seventh, between Walnut and Chestnut.

Dancing Academy

MONS. and MDME. MUELLER'S Dancing Academy at [illegible] days and Saturdays at 3 o'clock P. M., for children, and on Mondays and Thursdays, at 8 P. M., for ladies and gentlemen, commencing this week. Residence 166 Walnut street.

PUBLIC SALES.

Public Sale.

ON WEDNESDAY, Oct. 20, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., on the premises, I will sell publicly my Farm, in Boyle county, Ky., [illegible] on the Danville and Lexington pike, 3 miles from Danville and 30 from Lexington. This farm is well improved. Many of the improvements, including barn, ice-house, and smoke-house, are new. The dwelling is a desirable one and in good repair. The tract contains 165 acres of good land, well watered, and has on it a good orchard. This is a rare chance to secure a good Kentucky farm.

TERMS—One-third cash, balance in one and two years.

For further information address J. M. Dodge, Danville, Ky., or the undersigned, Louisville, Ky.

F. O. MILLER.

Assignee's Sale.

ON 27th September, 1869, I will sell at auction, in Lancaster, Ky., the stock of goods belonging to C. K. Wiel, bankrupt.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. Terms cash.

R. M. MOSBY, Assignee of C. K. Wiel in bankruptcy.

Commissioner's Sale.

IN pursuance of a decree of the Chancery Court at Columbia, I will sell on the 27th day of September next, at the court house in Columbia, to the highest bidder, the plantation [illegible] GID. J. PILLOW, Commissioner.

Sheriff's Sale.

J. B. Sargent's Executrix, plaintiff, vs. Geo. H. Rice & Co., defendants—Jefferson Common Pleas Court. Execution No. 5,077.

I WILL expose to public sale, at the court-house door, in the city of Louisville, Jefferson county, Ky.,

ON MONDAY, OCT. 4, 1869,

A lot of ground on [illegible] Levied upon as the property of Geo. H. Rice, Sr., to satisfy execution [illegible]. Sale to take place between the hours of 10 and 2 o'clock.

J. M. MARTIN, S. J. C.

Louisville, Sept. 18, 1869.

Important Sale of Machinery.

THE ENTIRE STOCK OF

Machinery, Tools, and Fixtures

OF THE LATE

SPENCER REPEATING RIFLE CO.

SUFFICIENT for the manufacture of 300 guns per day, will be sold at public auction, at the ARMORY of the Co., in CHICKERING'S BUILDING, BOSTON,

ON TUESDAY, SEPT. 28.

This machinery is of the best quality and make, and consists in part of [illegible] Catalogues will be ready the 16th of September, and sent by mail on application to JOHN W. WELLS, Agent [illegible].

SAMUEL HATCH & CO., Auctioneers, Boston.

Chancery Sale of Valuable Cotton Mills and Land in Lawrence County, Tenn.

PURSUANT to a decree of the Chancery Court of [illegible]

AMUSEMENTS.

Louisville Opera House.

BARNEY G. BAYNE .... Manager.

Second Week of the Popular Artistes Mrs. Mary Mitchell Albaugh and Mr. J. W. Albaugh.

Wednesday Evening, Sept. 22, '69,

Will be performed the popular Ledger drama,

The Hidden Hand.

Capitola .... Mrs. Mary Mitchell Albaugh.

☞ To conclude with the comedy of "The Day After the Wedding." Col. Freelove, Mr. J. W. Albaugh; Lady Freelove, Mrs. Mary Mitchell Albaugh.

☞ In rehearsal, Brougham's "Lottery of Life," and the new comedy, "Foes and Cousins, or Taking the Oath," and "Our Mutual Friend."

Gardner & Kenyon's MAMMOTH MENAGERIE,

COMBINED WITH

James Robinson's CHAMPION CIRCUS,

Will perform together on the old Show Ground

On the 18th, 19th, and 20th October.

☞ Full particulars of these splendid exhibitions will be given in future advertisements.

At WEISIGER HALL.

AN EVENING OF SACRED SONG

With Philip Phillips, of New York.

Thursday Evening, Sept. 30, 1869.

Tickets 50 cents—to be had at D. P. Faulds' music store, Robert Aitken's, 133 Third st., W. P. Jones, [illegible] & Co.'s, and at the door.

☞ D. P. & W. W. Smith's unrivaled American organ will be used.

Net proceeds devoted to Christian purposes. Programmes and books containing the words and music can be obtained at the door.

WM. JAMES, Chairman.

A CHANCE

IN A SPLENDID

Horse, Buggy, & Harness

Valued at $1,500,

For Five Dollars.

Prize to be drawn on

WEDNESDAY NIGHT, SEPT. 22, '69,

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE

Widows' Home and Orphans' College.

Tickets for sale at the Odd-Fellows' Hall, on Jefferson, near Fifth street; by R. S. Ballington, 74 West Main street; Scott Glore, corner Third and Jefferson streets; J. Robinson, corner Third and Main sts., and at the Courier-Journal office.

ODD-FELLOWS' FAIR.

THE managers of the Fair for the benefit of the Widows' Home and Orphans' College will continue the Fair for three days more—

Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday.

There will be raffled on Wednesday night that splendid

Cooking Range

Donated by Messrs. J. S. Lithgow & Co., which took the premium at the late State fair;

A WHEELER & WILSON SEWING-MACHINE,

A Horse, Buggy, and Harness, valued at Fifteen Hundred Dollars,

Together with other splendid articles too numerous to mention.

Tickets for the Horse, Buggy, and Harness for sale at [illegible] on Second street, and at Box No. 6 in the hall. The Fair will positively close on Wednesday night; so enjoy yourselves while you may and at the same time help a worthy charitable purpose. Come one, come all.

Admission to Fair .... 25 cents.
Admission to Ball-room .... 50 cents.

Dancing commences at 10½ o'clock P. M. A good band is in attendance every night.

J. F. HUBER, Chairman of Committee.

se21 d3

Weisiger Hall!

Tuesday, Wednesday, and Friday, Sept. 28 and 29, and Oct. 1.

Professor Fahn's world-renowned and wonderful

Tyrolean Alpine Concert Troupe.

THE troupe will appear in the romantic dress of the Tyrol, [illegible] before the principal crowned heads of Europe, from whence they have lately arrived, and have been received with the greatest success in New York, Boston, Cincinnati, and Cleveland.

To commence at 8 o'clock; doors open at 7.

Admission—Parquette, 50 cts; Gallery, 25c. Reserved Orchestra Seats, 75c. Tickets can be had at D. P. Faulds' music store, and at Chas. Bailer's Exchange.

DANCING!

MR. WASTELL

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Louisville that his academy will open on FRIDAY, Sept. 24, in the Odd Fellows' Hall, [illegible] Terms per quarter, $12, payable in advance. Schools and families attended. Quarter commences from time of entrance.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR CINCINNATI.

OLD RELIABLE LOUISVILLE AND CINCINNATI

U. STATES MAIL LINE STEAMERS.

FARE $3 50,

INCLUDING

Meals and State-Room.

This is the ONLY LINE running from Louisville to Cincinnati WITHOUT CHANGE.

The Passengers by this Route avoid a Two-mile Omnibus Ride and an Hour's Jostling over Rough Pavements.

Two Daily Lines.

U. States Mail Morning Line at 10 A. M.

GEN. BUELL .... C. DAVID, Master.
BEN. FRANKLIN .... SAM. MILDRETH, Master.

Landing at all intermediate points.

Evening Express Line at 3 o'clock P. M.

UNITED STATES .... B. M. WADE, Master.
GEN. LYTLE .... D. WHITTEN, Master.

Landing only at Madison.

Both lines making sure connections at Cincinnati with all the early morning trains for the Eastern cities.

Eastern passengers by this route have no change from Cincinnati to New York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore.

Save one night and from 107 to 137 miles less railroad travel than by any other route from Louisville. Tickets for sale at the Galt House and Louisville Hotel ticket offices and on board steamers to all points East. Baggage checked through.

All the above boats leave from the Company's Wharfboat, foot of Third street.

FRANK CARTER, Sup't.

For Paducah and Tennessee River.

PINE VALLEY .... ROBERTS, Master, Will leave as above on Saturday, the 25th, at 5 P. M. MOORHEAD & CO., Agents.

United States Mail and Adams Express Co.'s Packet For Owensboro, Evansville, and Henderson.

NIGHTINGALE .... MATHER, Master, Will leave as above on This Day, the 22d, at 4 P. M. MOORHEAD & CO., Agents.

For Memphis, Vicksburg, and New Orleans.

ARMADILLO .... GEO. WOLF, Master. A. Byers, Clerk. Leaves for the above and all intermediate points on This Day, the 22d, at 5 P. M., positively, from city wharf. MONTCALM & CO., Agents.

For Cairo, Memphis, and New Orleans.

R. C. GRAY .... [illegible], Master. Will leave for the above and all intermediate points on Friday, the 24th inst., at 5 P. M. MONTCALM & CO., Agents.

Regular Thursday Packet For Owensboro, Evansville, and Henderson.

CHARMER .... JOHN JAMES, Master, Will leave as above on Thursday, the 23d inst., at 5 P. M. from city wharf. MONTCALM & CO., Agents.

Merchants' Tennessee River Packet For Evansville, Paducah, Eastport, and Florence, (Running in connection with Steamer Lockwood No. 2.)

PINE VALLEY .... JOHN [illegible], Master. Will leave as above and all intermediate landings on Saturday, the 25th inst., at 5 P. M., positively, from city wharf.

For freight or passage apply on board or to MARK W. SATTERWHITE, 73 Fourth st., Agent.

Regular Express Line Passenger Packet For Cairo and St. Louis.

SHAMROCK .... W. W. GULLUM, Master. J. H. Kerr, Clerk. Will positively leave for the above and all intermediate points on Wednesday, the 22d inst., at 12 M., from city wharf. MONTCALM & CO., Agents. Giving through receipts to Memphis, New Orleans, and all points on the Missouri and Upper Mississippi rivers.

Louisville and New Orleans Packet Co.

P. W. STRADER .... A. STEIN, Master. For Cairo, Memphis, and New Orleans on Friday, the 24th, at 5 P. M. S. C. LEVI, Agent.

For White River.

Through bills of lading given to all points on White River, over the Louisville and Nashville Railroad and the Memphis and White River Packet Company. [illegible]

For Arkansas River.

Through bills of lading given to all points on Arkansas river, over the Louisville and Nashville Railroad and the Memphis and Arkansas River Packet Company. [illegible]

Notice to Shippers.

I am giving through bills of lading [illegible]

Louisville, Henderson and Cumberland Packet.

[illegible]

AUCTION SALES.

TO-DAY.

BY HAYES & McNETT.

113 Fifth street, near Jefferson.

Fine Parlor, Chamber, and Dining-room Furniture, Carpets, &c.; also fine Diamond Rings, AT AUCTION.

ON WEDNESDAY MORNING, September 22, at 10 o'clock, at our auction-room, we will sell as above, consisting in part of [illegible] one fine extra large diamond ring (worth $800), also five gold watches, &c. Terms cash.

HAYES & McNETT, Auctioneers.

BY C. J. MATTHEWS.

No. 206 Market st., bet. Sixth and Seventh. AT AUCTION.

ON THIS (WEDNESDAY) MORNING, Sept. 22, at 10 o'clock, at auction-room, [illegible] Sale positive. Terms cash.

C. J. MATTHEWS, Auctioneer.

BY WHARTON & CO.

Auction-rooms No. 109 Third street, between Main and Market.

THIS MORNING, at 10 o'clock, (Elegant oak sideboard, bureaus, parlor sets, window shades, Brussels, two and three-ply carpets, marble-top washstands, &c.

WHARTON, Auctioneer.

BY W. H. PASSMORE & CO.

Assignee's Sale of Groceries at 157 Jefferson street, bet. Fourth and Fifth.

THIS DAY (Wednesday), at 10 o'clock A. M. Sale positive. Terms cash.

J. W. SHORT, Assignee.

W. H. Passmore & Co., Auctioneers.

BY S. G. HENRY & CO.

1,000 Cases Boots and Shoes, AT AUCTION.

TWO DAYS' SALE—Wednesday and Thursday—goods damaged on railroad, commencing each day at 10 o'clock, at auction-room.

S. G. HENRY & CO., Auctioneers.

SPECIAL AND PEREMPTORY THREE DAYS' AUCTION SALES BY THOS. ANDERSON & CO.

Of Damaged and Perfect Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, Notions, &c.

ON WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, Sept. 22 and 23, [illegible] Terms cash.

THOS. ANDERSON & CO., Auctioneers.

BY S. T. MOORE & CO.,

Corner Fourth and Main sts.

ENTIRE STOCK AND FIXTURES OF A DRUG STORE

AT AUCTION.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, Sept. 22, at 10 o'clock, on the premises, corner of Hancock and Madison streets. The above stock and fixtures will be sold without reserve. A good opportunity for parties with small capital to engage in the drug business, as the location is a good one and well established. Terms made known on day of sale.

S. T. MOORE & CO., Auctioneers.

BY SHERMAN P. WHALEY.

AT AUCTION,

6th WARD SCHOOL-HOUSE

The improvements on the ground purchased for the 6th Ward City School will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder,

On Wednesday Afternoon, Sept. 22, 1869,

At 4 o'clock,

ON THE PREMISES,

Situated on the south side of Gray street, between First and Second streets.

The sale of the improvements is positive and peremptory, as the School Board must erect a school-house this fall. The improvements consist of two 2-story Brick Houses, and they must be removed in ten days after the sale. Terms at sale.

By order of the Building Committee.

SHERMAN P. WHALEY, Auctioneer.

BY S. G. HENRY & CO.

720 Cases & Cartoons Boots & Shoes

WEDNESDAY morning, Sept. 22, at 10 o'clock, At precisely 11 o'clock, For account of whom it may concern—

[illegible] cases Men's Boots and Brogans, Ladies', Children's, [illegible] Very partially damaged by collision on railroad; first class goods, recently purchased in New York and Boston, a large portion of which are in the original packages.

S. G. HENRY & CO., Auctioneers.

BY BUCKEL & SHAFFER.

12 Bank and Lytle Street Building Lots AT AUCTION.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, Sept. 22, at 3 o'clock, on the premises, we will sell 12 valuable building lots fronting on Bank street, between Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth, opposite the Sisters of the Good Shepherd; [illegible] Terms at sale.

BUCKEL & SHAFFER, Auctioneers.

BY PEARSON, MEDDIS & FERGUSON.

An Elegant Mansion, Large and Beautiful Grounds!

Handsomely Ornamented, Charmingly Located,

AT AUCTION.

ON WEDNESDAY EVENING, Sept. 22, at 5 o'clock P. M., we will sell, at public auction, the property of Mr. J. Sues, situated on the west side of Fourth, bet. Breckinridge and Kentucky sts. This is one of the best residences in the city, perfectly modern in all its appointments, containing [illegible] Terms (reasonable) at sale.

PEARSON, MEDDIS, & FERGUSON, Auctioneers.

FUTURE SALES.

BY PEARSON & MEDDIS.

THE GREAT SALE

Of the Season.

Splendid Opportunity

FOR INVESTMENT.

85

Beautiful Building Lots

—IN THE—

RAPIDLY IMPROVING

West End,

AT AUCTION.

ON THURSDAY, Sept. 23, at 3 o'clock P. M., we will sell at auction the following property:

120 by 206½ S. W. corner of Walnut and Twenty-first.
60 by 206½ N. W. corner Walnut and Twenty-second.
210 by 161 North side Madison, bet. Twenty-first and Twenty-second.
180 by 161 North side Madison, bet. Twenty-second and Twenty-third.
160 by 200 North side Grayson, bet. Twenty-second and Twenty-third.

The property above mentioned is a part of

Ferguson's West End Addition!

and comprises some of the most beautiful sites in Louisville, being from three to five blocks above grade.

390 by 150 [illegible]
210 by 195 [illegible]
530 by 195 [illegible]

[illegible]

25

Elegant Building Lots

30 by 195 [illegible]

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—TWO-STORY AND ATTIC BRICK Dwelling-house, [illegible] Fourth and Eleventh. Gas, water, &c., all complete. Possession given immediately. Apply to J. R. HULL or O. T. BULL & CO., south side Market, four doors above First.

FOR RENT—No. 91 Floyd, between Main and Market; contains 4 rooms, kitchen, and servants' room. Inquire next door, at No. 93.

FOR RENT—TWO-STORY BRICK DWELLING, containing 4 rooms—No. 281 Floyd street, between Chestnut and Gray. Apply on the premises, or to M. E. MILLER, 274 West Main st.

FOR RENT—THE SECOND AND THIRD STORIES over Moffitt & Walsh's store, Fourth st., between Main and Market. The second floor is in good order, and is very desirable for an office or for a mechanical business.

FOR RENT—OFFICE—A centrally located office. Apply at 149 Third street, between Jefferson and Green. Best offices in the city.

FOR RENT—TWO-STORY BRICK DWELLING—7 rooms, gas and water, newly painted, and in perfect repair, No. 789. Apply to Dr. COOPER, office on Jefferson street, near Fourth, No. 230.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS AND PORCH—The upper part of a two-story brick house, No. 316 Walnut, above Jackson. References required. Apply on the premises.

FOR RENT—A THREE-STORY BUSINESS HOUSE—No. 71 Third street, between Main and Market, large and commodious. Apply to LEE & HARTMAN, attorneys at law, No. 11 Court Place.

FOR RENT—STOREHOUSE—On Main, north side, between Second and Third streets, No. 48. Possession can be given as soon as wanted. Apply to W. B. GRAY, No. 44 Fourth st.

FOR RENT—A TWO-STORY BRICK DWELLING-house—No. 57 Jacob street, between Brook and Floyd, containing 11 rooms, water, and gas, with stable and carriage-house attached. The house is in good repair and well adapted for a large family. Apply to HAHN & WOLF, No. 270 Main st.

FOR RENT OR SALE—BUSINESS HOUSE—By change of business, I will rent or sell my house, situated on Market street, between Brook and Floyd. [illegible] ALFRED T. POPE.

FOR RENT—HOUSE—On Third street, between Main and Market. ALFRED T. POPE, Trustee.

FOR RENT OR SALE—BUILDING—A large four-story brick building with a dry-house, [illegible] engine, boiler, shafting, &c., all in good working order. [illegible] Address Box L., L. P. O.

FOR RENT—A TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE—On Preston st., bet. Broadway and Jacob, containing 7 rooms. Apply to PEARSON, MEDDIS & FERGUSON, 124 Main st.

FOR RENT—STOREHOUSE—The store-house, No. 116 Main st., between Third and Fourth. Apply at the Merchants' Bank of Kentucky, to J. E. LITTLEFIELD.

FOR RENT—SECOND AND THIRD FLOORS—Of the centrally located building, southeast corner Third and Market, containing large hall, suitable for a lodge room, [illegible] Apply to MARR & MAFOTHER, 118 & 120 West Main st.

FOUND.

FOUND—The place to have a perfect fitting dress made at reasonable price, at Mrs. LEERSON'S, 282 Jefferson st., bet. Seventh and Eighth.

AUCTION SALES.

ANDERSON BROS. & CO.'S

Opening

AUCTION SALE

ON

Friday Morning September 24, '69,

AT 9½ O'CLOCK,

71 Sixth street, between Main and Market.

Fine Lines of New and Desirable

DRY GOODS!

100 pieces Jeans, medium and heavy weights, in brown, red, and gold mixed, blue, and gray, and Oxford.
100 pcs Wool-filling Plaid Linseys.
50 pcs Plaid Dress Flannels, Park Mills, book-fold.
25 pcs 7-4 White Shaker Domet Flannels.
25 pcs ass'd Flannels, red, white, and fine Operas.
50 pcs fine and medium Fancy Cassimeres, fall styles.
100 pcs Brown Canton Flannel.
5 cases Bleached Muslins, 7-8 and 4-4.
25 pcs Alpacas, white, black, and colored, fresh imported goods.
50 pieces Assorted Dress Goods, Alexander and Japanese Cord Poplins, Diagonals, Wool Delaines, &c.
100 dozen Super White Merino Shirts and Drawers.
100 dozen Assorted Knit Shirts and Drawers.
100 dozen Brown Canton Flannel Drawers.
500 dozen Towels, Heavy Bath, Birdeye, and Huck.
50 dozen Napkins and Doylies.
300 Shawls, [illegible], in Washington, Waterville, &c., new styles.

Also, Irish and Table Linens, Nainsooks, Victoria Lawns, [illegible] Printed Linen Handkerchiefs, Linen Shirt Fronts, Hosiery, Buck Gloves, Kangaroo Kid Gloves, Portemonnaies, Umbrellas, Misses' Alphagas, Cutlery, &c.

Also, to arrive, 25 pieces Carpets.

Special attention of city and country buyers is called to this sale, as the goods are much better than usually found in auction houses. Terms Cash.

ANDERSON BROS. & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS.

By SMITH & WINTERS, Auct'ers,

33 West Third street.

Auction, Without Reserve.

ON THURSDAY AFTERNOON, Sept. 23, at 3 o'clock, will be sold at auction the side-wheel passenger steamer ST. CHARLES, lying at the Marine Docks, Cincinnati. Extreme length, 230 feet; beam, 30 feet; depth of hold, 6 feet [illegible] The boat has been running in the Louisville and Cincinnati Mail line during the rebuilding of the company's steamers, and is well adapted to the packet business.

Terms of sale—One-third cash; balance in 4 and 8 months, with interest with approved security.

BY C. C. SPENCER.

Magnificent Furniture, Elegant Rosewood Pianos, Fine Pictures, Bedding, and Ingrain Carpets at a Private Residence AT AUCTION.

ON THURSDAY MORNING, Sept. 23, at 10 o'clock will be sold, at a private residence, No. 134 Clay street, between Washington and Franklin, one of the finest lots of first-class furniture ever offered at a private residence in this city, consisting in part of one very superior Haines & Bro. Grand rosewood piano, parlor rosewood divans and chairs, [illegible]

C. C. SPENCER, Auctioneer.

BY MORRIS, SOUTHWICK & CO.

Elegant Walnut-st. Residence AT AUCTION, ON THE PREMISES.

THURSDAY, Sept. 23, 1869, at 3 o'clock P. M., that central and desirable family residence, No. 92 Walnut street, between Third and Fourth, with 7 rooms and hall in the main building, pantry, [illegible] Terms day of sale. More or less of the furniture can be purchased of the owner.

MORRIS, SOUTHWICK & CO., Auct'rs.

BY C. C. SPENCER.

Fine Pigeon-hole Table, sold for account of whom it may concern, and to pay charges, AT AUCTION.

ON FRIDAY MORNING, Oct. 1, at about 10 o'clock, will be sold for storage and charges. Sale positive.

J. R. GRIFFITH & CO.

C. C. SPENCER, Auctioneer.

BY MORRIS, SOUTHWICK & CO.

Excellent Third-st. Family Dwelling AT AUCTION, ON THE PREMISES.

SATURDAY, Sept. 25, 1869, at 3 o'clock P. M., that desirable family dwelling on the southeast corner of Third and York, [illegible] Terms day of sale.

MORRIS, SOUTHWICK & CO., Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE

BY OSBORNE & MEAVER.

ON THURSDAY, Sept. 23, 1869, at 4 o'clock P. M., [illegible]

OSBORNE & MEAVER, Auctioneers.

BY SHERMAN P. WHALEY.

Leasehold Property—Positive Sale for Cash. AT AUCTION.

ON THURSDAY Afternoon, Sept. [illegible] [illegible]

S. P. WHALEY.

BY [illegible]

[illegible]

WANTED.

WANTED—A GOOD [illegible] A [illegible] of BRINLY, MILES & HARDY, Main st., bet. Floyd and Preston.

WANTED—Mechanics, clerks, salesmen, porters, drivers, laborers, farm hands, boys, collectors, bookkeepers, farmers, [illegible] and others find prompt help free of charge. Reliable help at the KENTUCKY EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, corner Fourth and Jefferson sts.

WANTED—SITUATION—By a married man, to work as a hostler or to act as overseer on a plantation. He is willing to make himself generally useful. Can give good references. Address E. C. P., this office.

WANTED—A SITUATION—By a book-keeper of 15 years' experience. Address P. O. Box XLV.

WANTED—TO BUY—Several hundred barrels cider, in large and small lots, to be delivered within 10 to 15 days. Apply at Manufacturing Co., No. 20 Second street, below Main.

WANTED—MUSIC TEACHER—One capable of giving instruction in both field and brass band music. To such an one who will be recommended a permanent situation will be furnished. Address F. CALDWELL, Sup't House of Refuge.

WANTED—SITUATION—By a lady, to do plain cooking in a small family or house or dining-room work. Apply at 392 Madison street, between Clay and Shelby.

WANTED—TWO MALE TEACHERS—One to teach in Henryville, Clark county, Ind., and one to teach in the country. Proper certificates and good recommendations required. For further particulars address J. D. McCLELLAND, Henryville, Clark co., Ind.

WANTED—SITUATION—By a competent cook; no objection to assist with the washing and ironing or to do chamber work or laundry work. Can be seen at No. 385 Green street, between Brook and Floyd.

WANTED—SITUATION—By a young married man, who can give good references, as bookkeeper, shipping or entry clerk. Address J. B. F., this office.

WANTED—A CARPENTER—Apply in person to [illegible] 73 Green st.

WANTED—TO HIRE—A COLORED MAN AND GIRL—The first to do work on a country place and drive a two-horse carriage, unmarried, between twenty-seven and forty years old. The girl for [illegible] Apply to J. W. BOWLES, [illegible] tenth from the Fifth and opposite the Galt House [illegible] Certificate of character required.

WANTED—The ladies of Louisville and vicinity to bring their dresses and suits made on the shortest notice, at reasonable prices, at Mrs. Lemon's, [illegible] Green street, between Seventh and Eighth. Fitting and cutting of dresses promptly attended to. Please give us a trial, and we will guarantee satisfaction.

WANTED—BOARDING—By a gentleman, for his wife in a private family in a central part of the city. Best of references given and required. Address W. A. L., Willard Hotel.

WANTED—100 GIRLS—To do the work in families. Apply at the KENTUCKY EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, corner Fourth and Jefferson streets. A good girl at once. All respectable females with good references invited to call and obtain situations free of charge. MILLER & CO.

WANTED—SECOND-HAND FEATHERS AND FURNITURE—At southeast corner of Seventh and Market streets. J. B. DEEN.

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—DISTRICT, LOCAL AND SPECIAL AGENTS—By the World Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, to work anywhere they may wish in the State of Kentucky. Terms liberal. Address "Manager," P. O. Box 897, Louisville, Ky.

WANTED—TWO SPECIAL AGENTS—To travel through Central Kentucky and Southern Indiana in the interest of an old and well-established New York Life Insurance Co. Liberal arrangements with men who can furnish satisfactory evidence of good character and a high order of business capacity. [illegible] Address "Insurance," P. O. Drawer 198, giving name and experience and the locality.

$25 A DAY made at home—It entirely new article for Agents. Samples sent free. Address H. B. SHAW, Alfred, Me.

WANTED—CITY AND TRAVELING AGENTS for Security Life Ins. and Ann. Co. of N. Y. Call on or address J. R. GIBSON, 281 W. Main st., room No. 4.

$2,500 TO $3,000 PER YEAR—An Agent is wanted in every town in the Union to make and sell an article of daily consumption in every family. It is entirely new. Sale permanent at home. Address LOUIS COBLENTZ, Middletown, Md.

FOR SALE—CITY.

FOR SALE—DISTILLERY FIXTURES—45 tubs, [illegible] water-pipe, copper pipe, 1 steam pump, worm, 1 steam boiler, 1 horse power, &c. Apply to S. T. SUIT & CO., 652 Main st.

FOR SALE—SALOONS—2 of the best saloons in the city. SHERMAN P. WHALEY, 33 Fifth street.

FOR SALE—MOCKING BIRDS—Just from New Orleans, all good singers, for sale cheap for three or four days. Call at Jacob Shlenker's, N. W. Portland avenue, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets.

FOR SALE—PATTERNS—Patterns of every description for ladies' and children's wear, at Mrs. LEERSON'S dress making establishment, 282 Jefferson street, between Seventh and Eighth.

FOR SALE—PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY—One of the best rates and stands in the city, being No. 58 Main street. Only $60 in cash down. Apply to No. 126 Market, of J. C. ELROD, at his old gallery, No. 7.

FOR SALE—THE RETAIL SHOE TRADE—No. 11 on [illegible], between Third and Fourth. The stand is good and doing a fair business. To a person of limited capital desirous of entering business, this is a good opportunity. For terms, inquire on the premises.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—HOUSE—A large, well-arranged, and centrally located dwelling house. [illegible] Apply to HAMLETT & DUBERRY, [illegible] 29½ Fifth street, Louisville, Ky.

FOR SALE—A NO. 1 CORN MILL—With all its machinery complete; or will sell the machinery or any part thereof separately, also, one engine and boiler [illegible] Apply to [illegible] Machine Shop, Main street, near Twelfth, Louisville, Ky.

FOR SALE—WATCHES, &c.—I have on hand a large stock of all kinds of watches and chains (nearly new) which I will sell at one-half the regular price. Apply at the [illegible] WILLIAMS, 128 Third st.

FOR SALE—OR PARTNER WANTED—A distillery, new and complete; capacity from 100 to [illegible] bushels per day. Inquire at the Courier-Journal office for particulars.

FOR SALE—GROCERY—I will sell my grocery [illegible] This is a most excellent stand, and one of the best business locations in the city for a retail grocery. F. A. [illegible]

FOR SALE—TWO DWELLINGS—Situated on Fourth street, between [illegible] Apply to PEARSON, MEDDIS & FERGUSON, corner Fourth and Fifth streets, or to SNEAD & CO., Main st., between Eighth and Ninth streets.

FOR SALE—A RETAIL DRUG STORE—Apply to J. M. [illegible] & CO., corner Green and Preston.

FOR SALE—COUNTRY.

FOR SALE—FARM—I offer for sale my farm, in [illegible] on the Cincinnati and Louisville Railroad. [illegible] For further particulars apply to POLLOCK BARBOUR, in Louisville, or [illegible]

FOR SALE—LAND—I will sell to the highest bidder, at the court-house door, in Hodgenville, Larue county, Ky., [illegible] acres of timbered land, lying in Larue county, [illegible] miles east of Hodgenville, [illegible] fruit growing, tobacco, or grain. Terms—One-third cash, [illegible] W. T. WALKER.

FOR SALE—GLENWOOD—MY HOME PLACE—Desiring to give my entire attention to my farm, I offer my place for sale. It contains 137 acres of land [illegible] Apply to C. C. CARY, on the premises, or C. B. CARY, [illegible]

FOR SALE—FARM—I wish to sell my farm, on the Lexington and Louisville Railroad, within half a mile of Decker Station, containing 175 acres of [illegible] Apply to WM. E. [illegible], Decker Station, L., C. and L. R. R.

FOR SALE—AN ILLINOIS STOCK FARM—For [illegible]

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—FARM—A good farm [illegible]

FOR SALE—TOBACCO FACTORY—I wish to sell [illegible] J. M. TAYLOR.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—Families or gentlemen wishing pleasant rooms, with first-class board, can be accommodated by applying at 171 Sixth st., between Green and Walnut. Also a large number of day boarders wanted. Best of reference given and required.

BOARDING—Young men desiring board, with or without rooms, will find a pleasant home at No. [illegible] between Green and Walnut; also a few day boarders desired.

LOST.

LOST—RING—Between Floyd and Broadway and Seventh street, [illegible] The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning it to [illegible] Morton & Gale's [illegible]

LOST—A [illegible] between Cherry Station, between [illegible] A liberal reward will be paid [illegible]

STRAYED OR STOLEN.

STRAYED OR STOLEN—$5 REWARD—[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]